CalPERS Trust Level Review & Annual Program Reviews

Investment Committee September 19, 2022



Contents

Market Conditions, Performance, and Key Economic Indicators

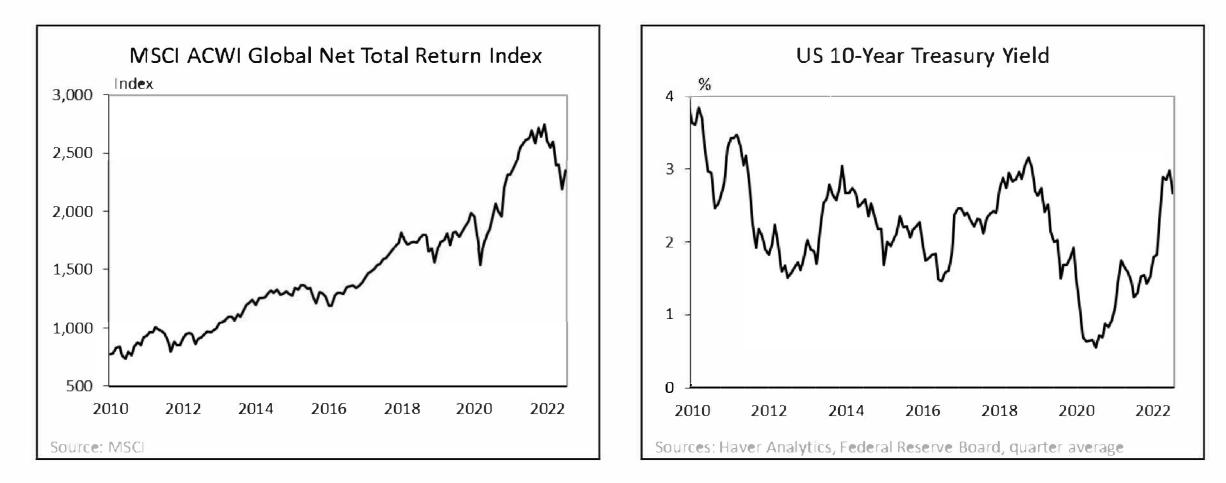
Trust Level Highlights

Portfolio Structure & Annual Program Reviews

Appendix

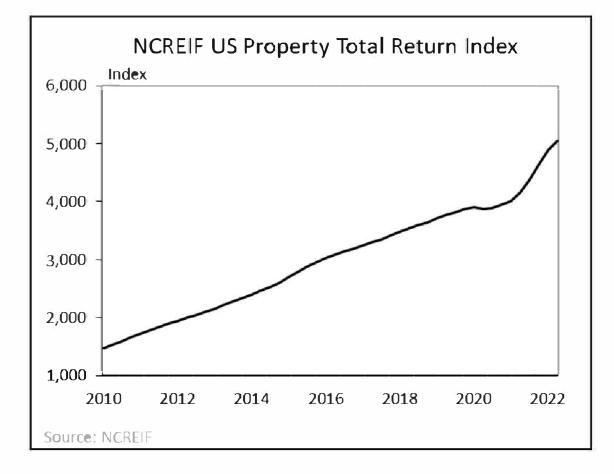


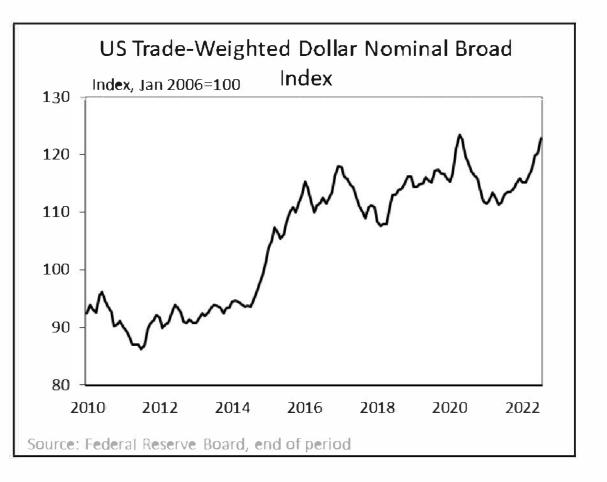
Market Performance Reversal of recent gains





Market Performance US macroeconomy relative outperformance







Economic Update and Outlook

Recent developments

- Economic activity slowing rapidly, both in the US and globally
- Inflation remains persistently high
- Policy tightening starting to have a global impact

Looking ahead

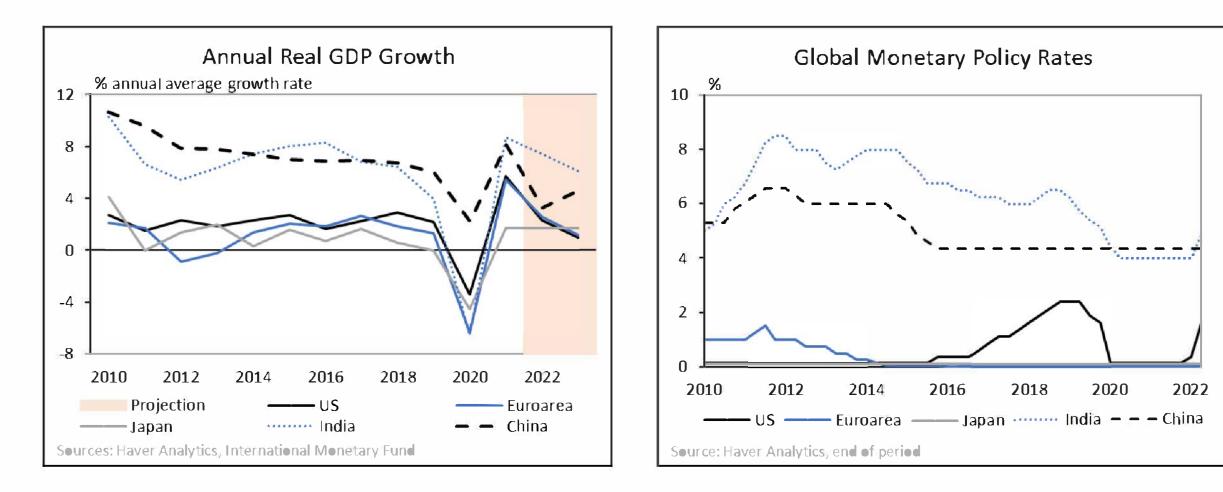
- Further policy tightening required to lean against inflation pressure
- Globally, some economies are moving towards recession
- Geopolitical tensions continue to add significant uncertainty to the outlook





Macroeconomic Indicators

Financial market prices point to a soft economic landing

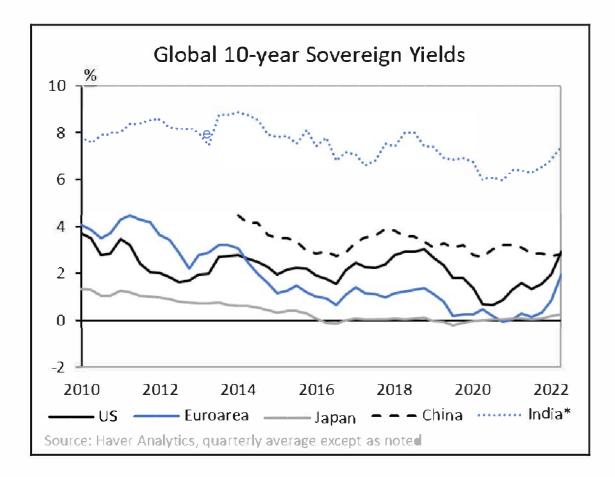




Policy rates: Fed Fund rate (upper bound), ECB refinancing rate, Japan basic balance rate, India reporrate, China 1yr prime lending rate until 2014, lending rate of 1yr or less from 2015.

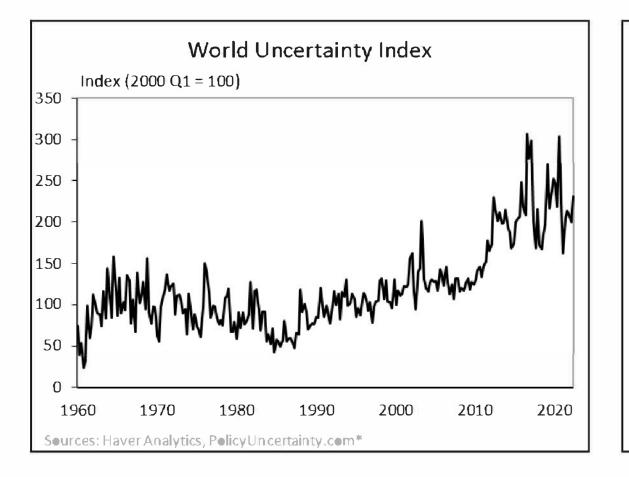
Macroeconomic Indicators Easing economic growth expected to revalue assets further

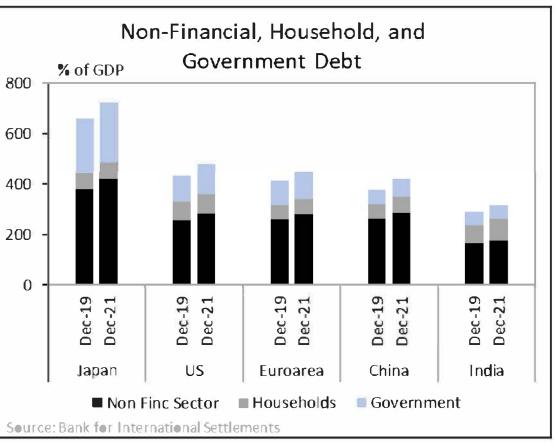
Global Price-to-Earnings Ratios P/E Ratio 30 25 20 15 10 5 0 MSCIACWI MSCIACWI MSCI Europe MSCI EM **MSCLAC** ex USA Asia Pacific 2011 2016 2010 2012 2013 2014 2015 2018 2019 2020 ■ 2021 ■ 2022 2017 Source: MSCI, values as of end June





Macroeconomic Indicators Uncertainty remains historically high

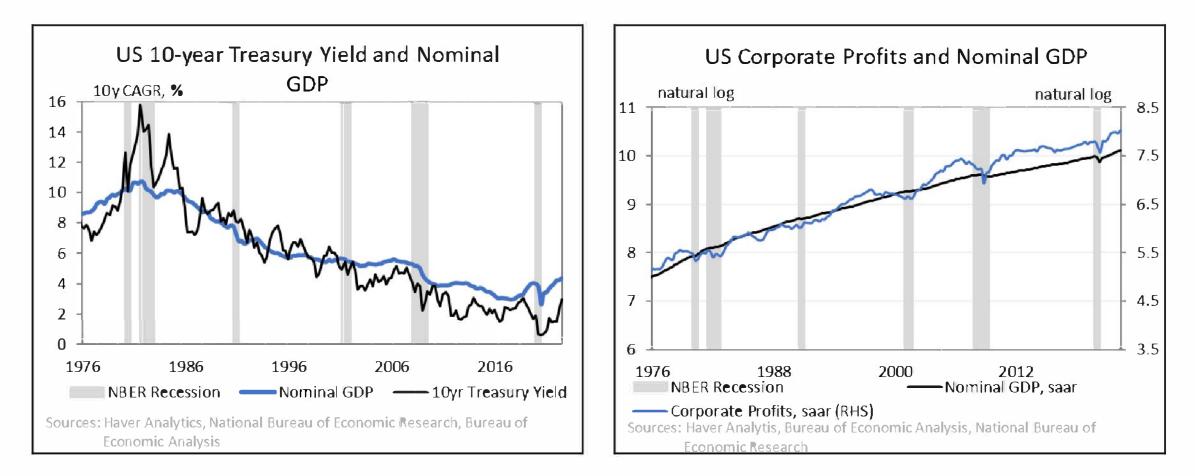






Macroeconomic Indicators

Economic growth, yields, and equity returns are related over time





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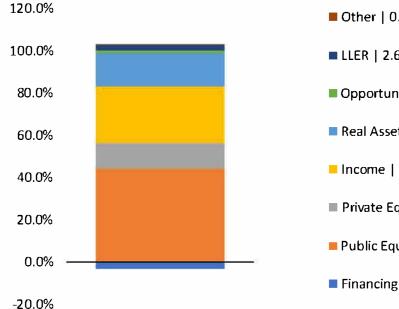
Trust Level Highlights

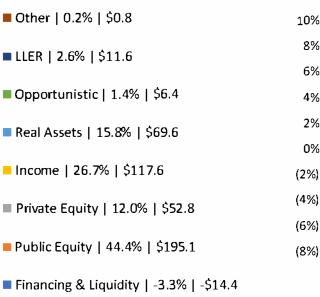
- I. Summary
- II. Strategic Asset Allocation
- III. Implementation & Value Add

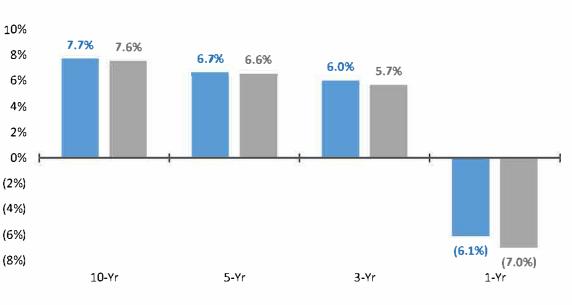


Total Fund Snapshot (as of June 30, 2022)

Asset Allocation (\$Bil)







Performance

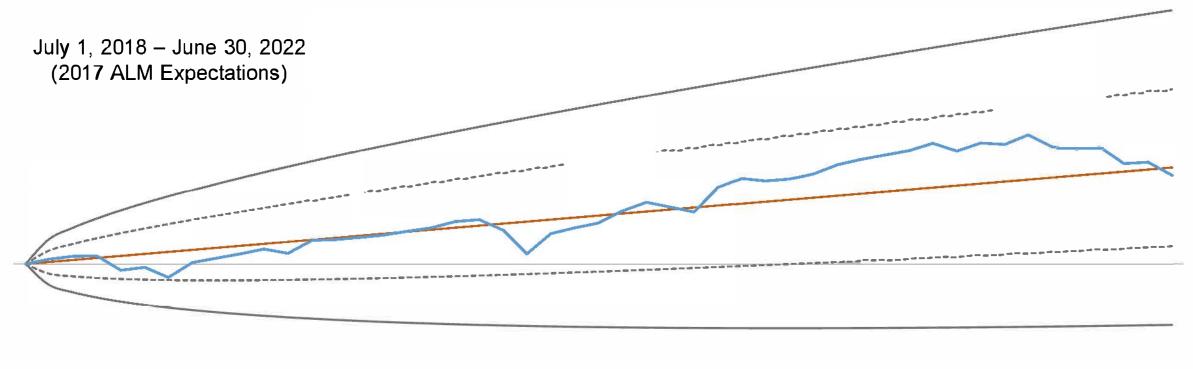
Total PERF Benchmark

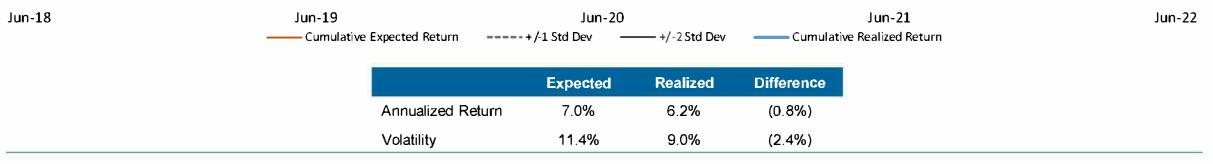




Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized. Realized risk measures are calculated using monthly returns.

Total Fund Return vs. 2017 SAA Expectations (as of June 30, 2022)

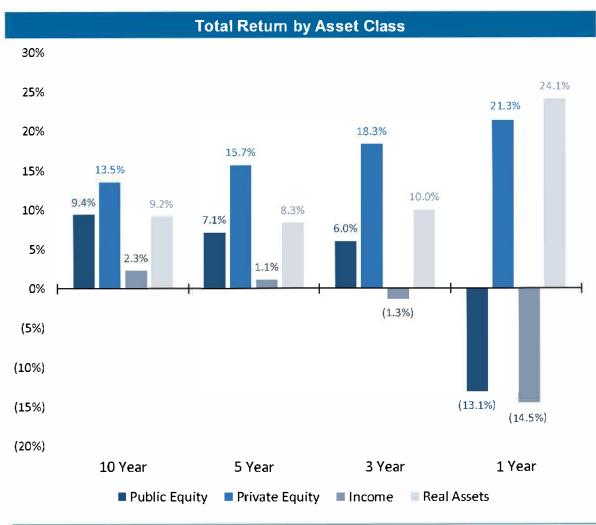




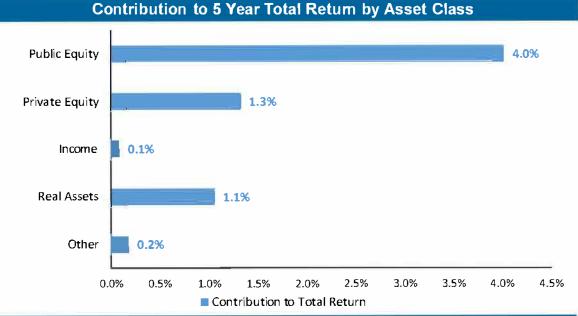


Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses.

Total Fund Return by Asset Class (as of June 30, 2022)



CalPERS

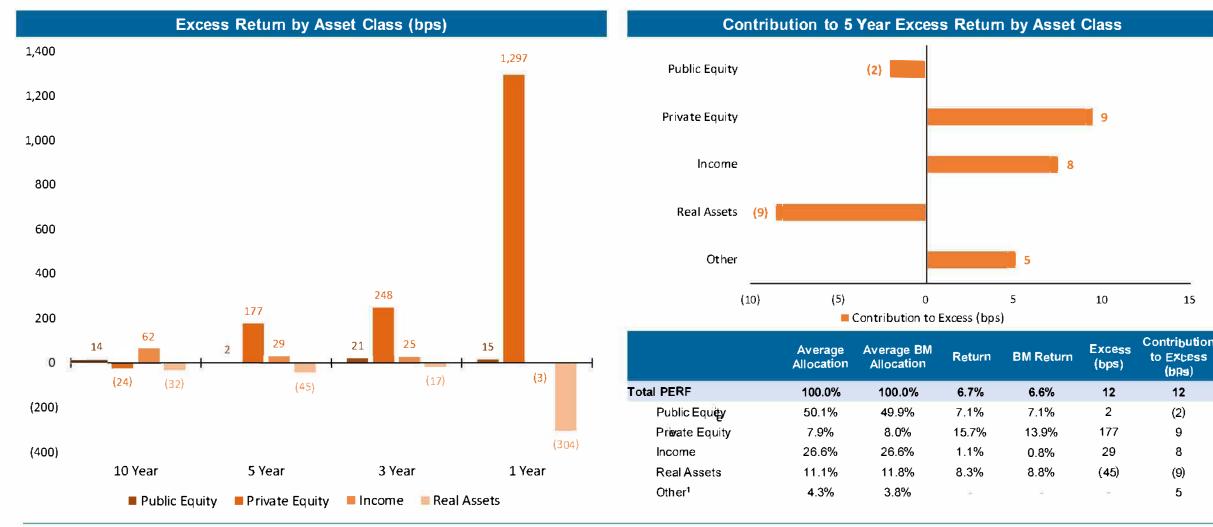


	Average Allocation	Return	Contribution to Total Return
Total PERF	100.0%	6.7%	6.7%
Public Equity	50.1%	7.1%	4.0%
Private Equity	7.9%	15.7%	1.3%
Income	26.6%	1.1%	0.1%
Real Assets	11.1%	8.3%	1.1%
Other	4.3%		0.2%

Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized unless noted otherwise.

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Total Fund Excess Return by Asset Class (as of June 30, 2022)



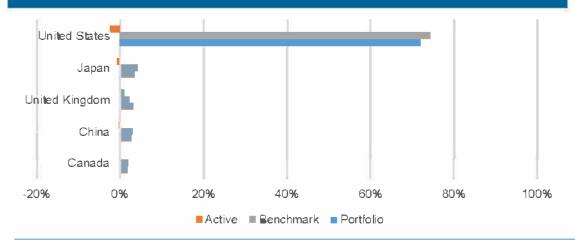
CalPERS

Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized. Public Equity benchmarks are net of taxes. ¹ Other includes impact from allocations to other strategies and allocation management.

Total Fund Risk Summary (as of June 30, 2022)

Total Fund Risk Statistics (Forecasted)	
Portfolio Volatility	12.9%
Benchmark Volatility	1 1. 7%
Tracking Error (Total Fund)	1.63%
Tracking Error (Actionable)	0.10%
Portfolio Beta (to Bmk)	1.1

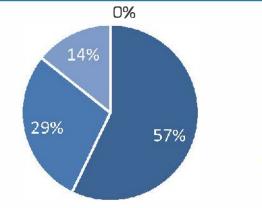
Total Fund Allocation by Country (top 5)



Risk	Decomposition	n (Forecasted)
		N 6

	Portfolio Risk Contribution	% Risk	Actionable TE Contribution	% Risk
Total Portfolio Risk	12.9%	100.0%	0.10%	100.0%
Equity	6.9%	53.5%	0.01%	10.0%
Alternative	4.9%	38.3%	0.00%	0.0%
Spreads	0.6%	4.8%	0.07%	70.0%
Foreign Exchange	0.6%	4.3%	0.00%	0.0%
Rates	(0.2%)	(1.2%)	0.01%	10.0%
Other	0.0%	0.1%	0.01%	10.0%

Active Risk from Spread Factor



Loan Spreads

- Swap Spreads
- Corporate
- Other

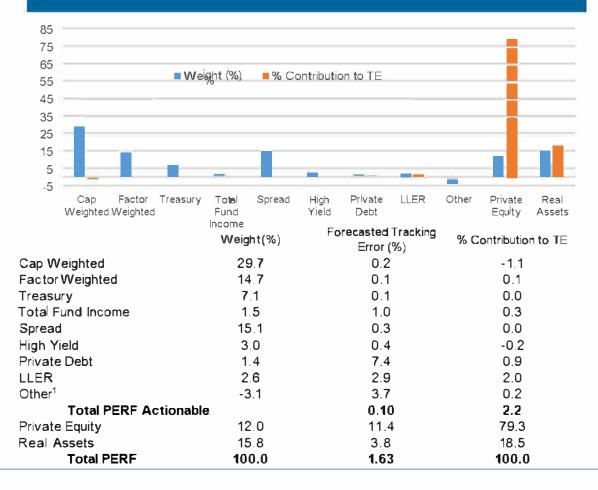


Total Fund Risk Summary (as of June 30, 2022)

Contribution to Total Fund Volatility 45 40 35 30 vveignt (7%) Scontribution to volatility 25 20 15 10 5 Ó -5 Tota% Cap Factor Private Treasury Spread High Real Private LLER Other Weighted Weighted Equity Fund Yield Assets Debt Income

	Market Value (\$M)	Weight(%)	⊦orecasted Volatility(%)	% Contribution to Total Volatility
Cap Weighted	130,486	29.7	18.5	41.5
Factor Weighted	64,665	14.7	13.7	15.0
Private Equity	52,848	12.0	27.9	25.3
Treasury	31,402	7.1	11.8	-0.4
Total Fund Income	6,773	1.5	11.6	0.0
Spread	66,412	15.1	6.8	2.1
High Y ield	1 2, 977	3.0	7.7	1.5
Real Assets	69,645	15.8	13.3	14.4
Private Debt	6,361	1.4	7.4	0.4
LLER	11,618	2.6	2.9	0.3
Other ¹	(13,567)	-3.1	3.7	0.1
Total PERF	439,620	100	12.9	100

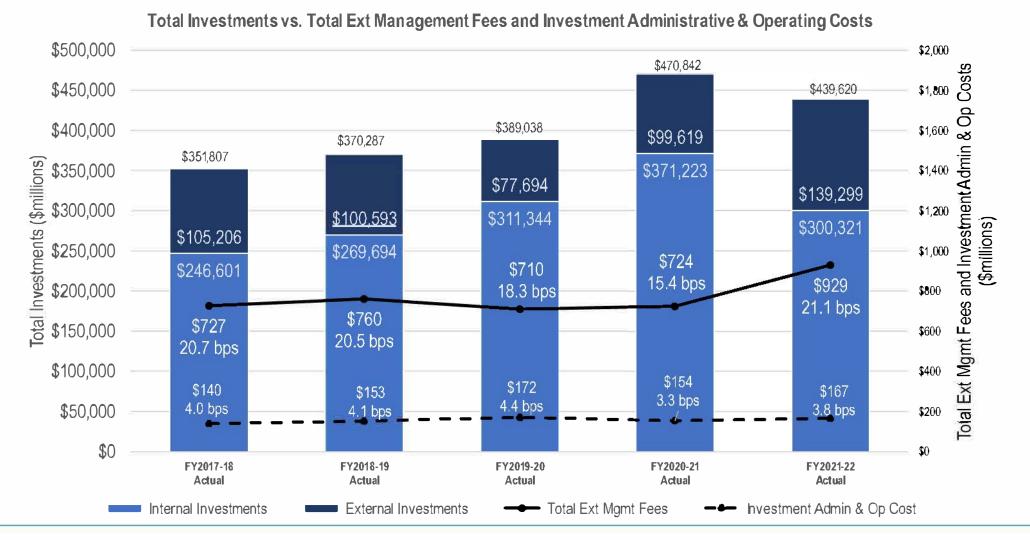
Contribution to Total Fund Tracking Error





D/ Contribution to

Investment Expenses FY 2017-18 thru FY 2021-22



CalPERS

Fees are based on Total Ext Mgmt Base and Performance Fees

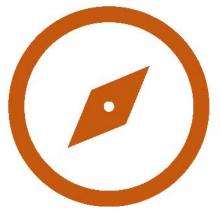
Evaluation | Total Fund





- New strategic asset allocation
- Enhanced liquidity management
- CIO hired after 18-month vacancy

Areas for refinement



- Deploy private assets
- People Strategy
- Data and technology
- Enhanced governance model



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Portfolio Structure & Annual Program Reviews

- I. Public Markets
 - a. Public Equity
 - b. Fixed Income
- II. Opportunistic
- III. Private Markets
 - a. Private Equity
 - b. Real Assets



Role of Public Equity

Public Equity

- Efficiently capture the equity risk premium
- Total return oriented
- Major driver of returns is price appreciation and cash yields
- Reliable source of liquidity

Market Capitalization Weighted

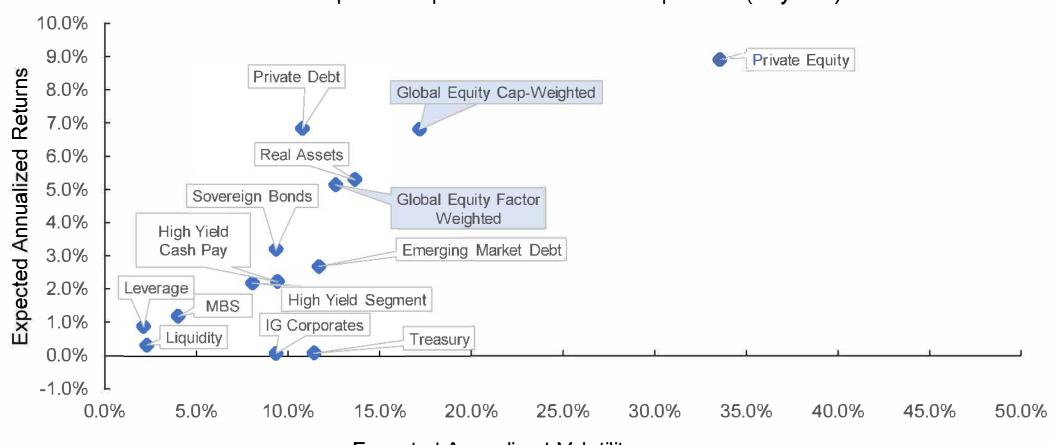
Provide exposure to economic growth and be a reliable source of liquidity

Factor Weighted

• Provide exposure to economic growth with reduced overall volatility and some diversification of equity risk



Role of Public Equity



Board Adopted Capital Market Assumptions (5-year)

Expected Annualized Volatility



Capital market assumptions adopted as part of the 2021-22 ALM process, September 13, 2021

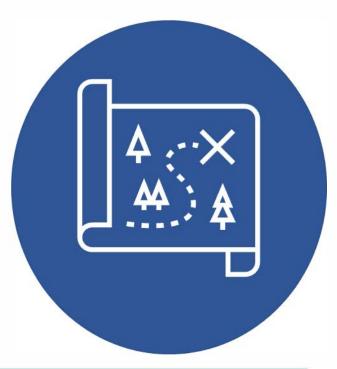
Market Environment/Themes | Public Equity

Current Concerns

 High inflation, tightening financial conditions, recession fears, and geopolitical risks have led to a contraction of valuation multiples and a downward revision in earnings expectations

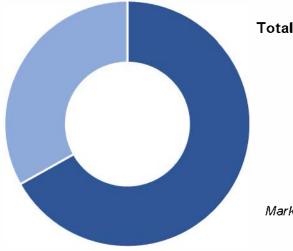
Investment Themes

• Increase allocation to active investment strategies which tend to add the most alpha during periods of market volatility and market dislocation





Public Equity | Role and Structure



Total Market Value: \$195.2

Cap Weighted | 66.9% | \$130.5

Factor Weighted | 33.1% | \$64.7

Market values (\$ Bil)

	% of Total Fund Actual	% of Total Fund Target ¹
Public Equity	44.4	50 (+/- 7)
Cap Weighted	29.7	35
Factor Weighted	14.7	15

- Public Equity is the principal asset class providing growth exposure in the strategic asset allocation. Its goal is to
 provide equity beta exposure plus risk-managed systematic and opportunistic alpha
- Program thoughtfully delivers multiple equity betas with low active risk and an efficient cost structure
- 96% of the total portfolio is invested in cost-efficient, internally-managed strategies
- Defensive positioning and high conviction strategies positively contributed to relative performance amid volatile global financial markets



¹ Note: Target as of June 30, 2022. A new strategic asset allocation target, to be effective 7/1/22, was adopted by the CaIPERS Board of Administration on 11/15/21

Cap Weighted Snapshot (as of June 30, 2022)

Jun-18

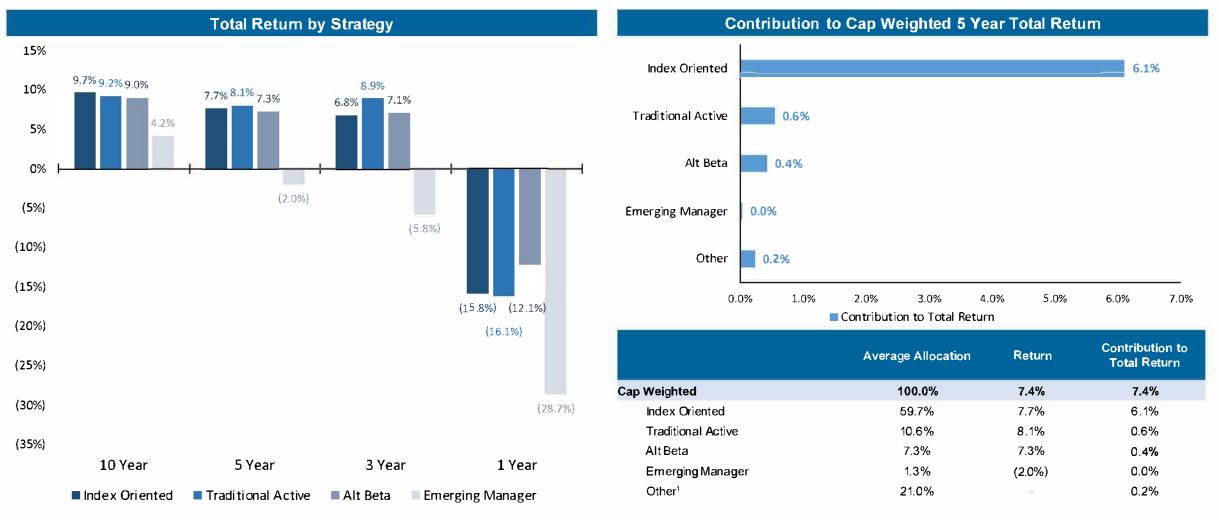
CalPERS



Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized unless noted otherwise. Public Equity benchmarks are net of taxes. Risk measures are calculated using monthly returns.

¹ Chart shown from the Cap Weighted segment's inception of 7/1/2018

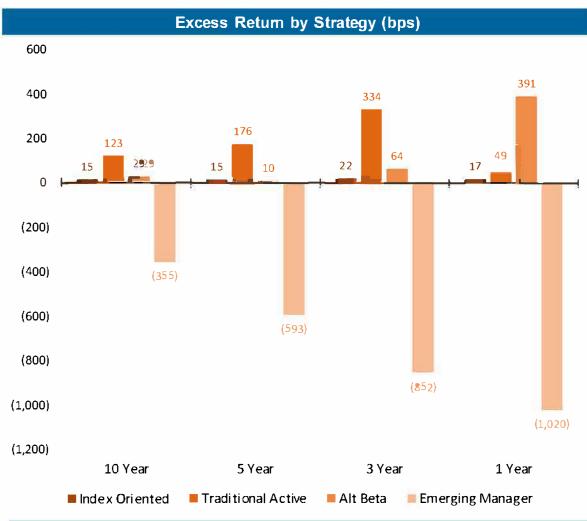
Cap Weighted Total Return by Strategy (as of June 30, 2022)



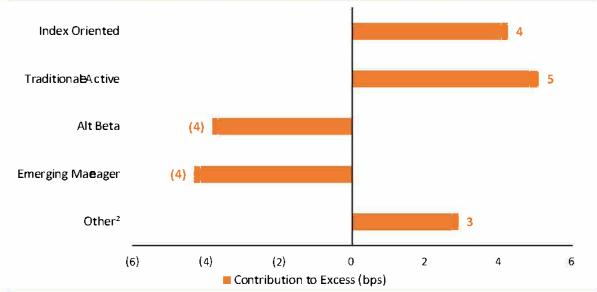


Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized. ¹ Other includes impact from allocations to other strategies.

Cap Weighted Excess Return by Strategy (as of June 30, 2022)



Contribution to Cap Weighted 5Y Excess Return¹ (bps)

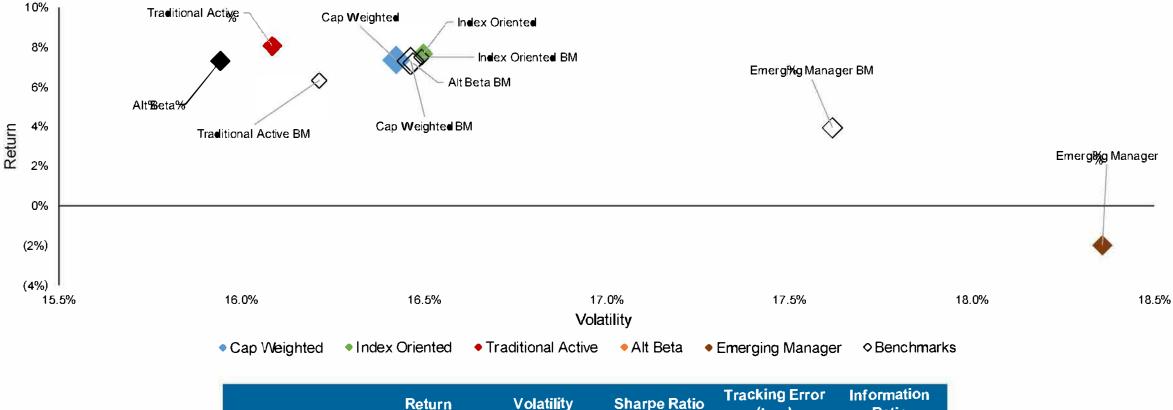


	Average Allocation	Average BM A∥ocation	Return	BM Return	Excess (bps)	Contribution to Excess ¹ (bps)
Cap Weighted	100.0%	100.0%	7.4%	7.3%	4	4
Index Oriented	59.7%	H	7.7%	7.5%	15	4
Traditional Active	10.6%	2	8.1%	6.3%	176	5
Alt Beta	7.3%	-	7.3%	7.2%	10	(4)
Emerging Manager	1.3%	2	(2.0%)	3.9%	(593)	(4)
Other ²	21@%	1	9			3

CalPERS

Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized. Public Equity benchmarks are net of taxes. ¹ Strategy contribution to excess excludes the impact of income from securities lending, which is reflected in "Other." ² Other includes impact from allocations to other strategies, income from securities lending, and allocation management.

5 Year Cap Weighted Risk-Return (as of June 30, 2022)



	Return	Volatility	Sharpe Ratio	(bps)	Ratio
Cap Weighted	7.4%	16.4%	0.39	25	0.19
Index Oriented	7.7%	1 6.5%	0.41	10	1.50
Traditional Active	8.@%	16.1%	0.44	204	0.86
Alt Beta	7.3%	1 5.9%	0.40	153	0.07
Emerging Manager	(2.0%)	18.4%	(0.16)	368	(1661)



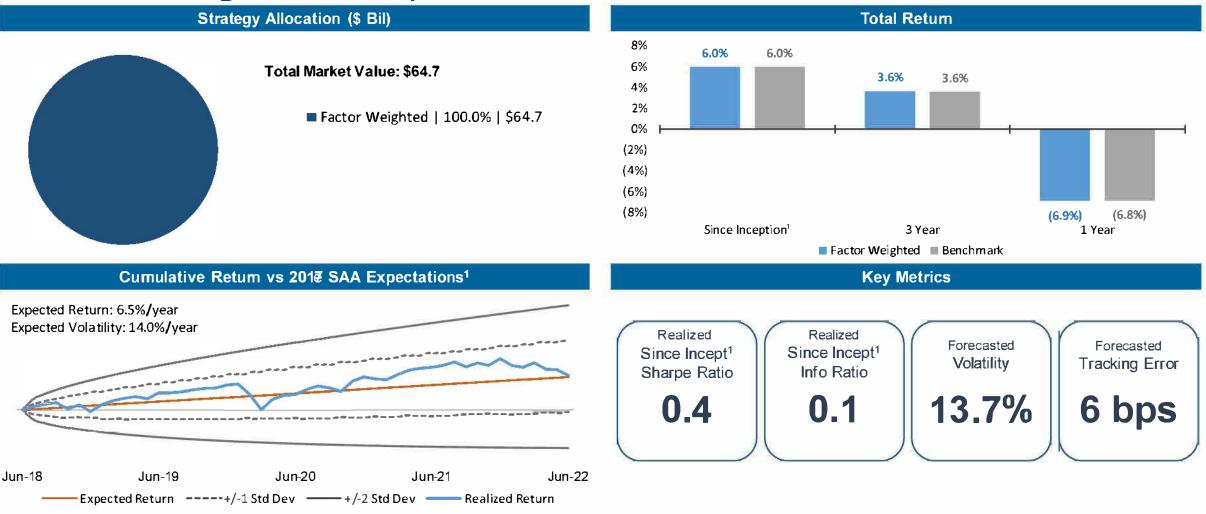
Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized. Public Equity benchmarks are net of taxes. Risk measures are calculated using monthly returns.

Cap Weighted Risk Summary (as of June 30, 2022)

	Segment Risk St	atistics (Fo	recasted)				Risk Decompositi	ion (Foreca	isted)	
	Segment Volatili	ty	18.5%				Portfolio Risk Contribution	% Risk	Active Risk Contribution	% Active Risk
	B I I X <i>I</i>		40.00/			Total Segment Risk	18. 5%	100.0%	0.16%	100.0%
	Benchmark Vola	tility	18.6%			Equity	17.5%	94. 1%	0.16%	102.5%
	Tracking Error		0.16%			Foreign Exchange	1.1%	5.9%	(0.0 1%)	(3.2%)
						Rates	0.0%	0.0%	0.00%	0.3%
	Portfolio Beta (to	o Bmk)	1 .0			Spreads	0.0%	0.0%	0.00%	0.0%
	Segment Allocation	on by Coun	try (Top 5)				Active Risk from	n Equity Fa	ctor	
United States	I	1	-1	I			0%			
	1						18%		■ S	tyle
Japan						4%				lountry
							ector			
China ^I				7	21% 57%	6		diosyncratic		
Canada										·
-20% 0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%)ther
20,0 0,0		nchmark Por		00 M						



Factor Weighted Snapshot (as of June 30, 2022)



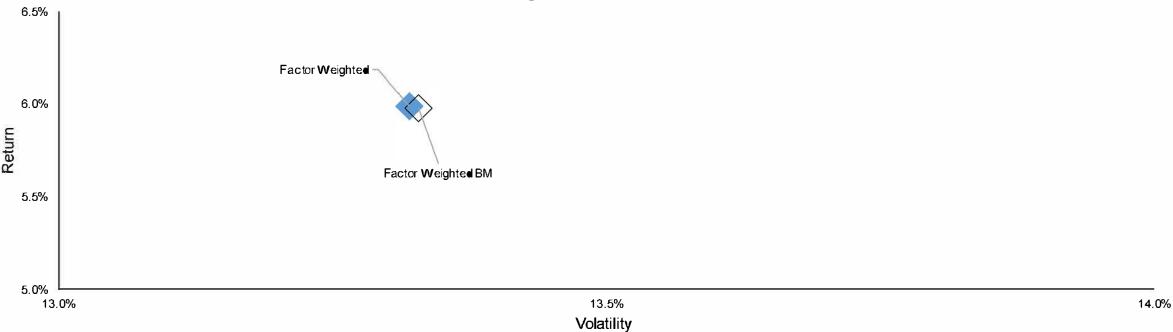


Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized unless noted otherwise. Public Equity benchmarks are net of taxes.

Risk measures are calculated using monthly returns.

¹ Information shown from the Factor Weighted segment's inception of 7/1/2018

Since Inception¹ Factor Weighted Risk-Return (as of June 30, 2022)



	Return	Volatility	Sharpe Ratio	Tracking Error (bps)	Infornation Ratio
Factor Weighted	6.0%	13.3%	0.38	11	0.10



Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized unless noted otherwise. Public Equity benchmarks are net of taxes.

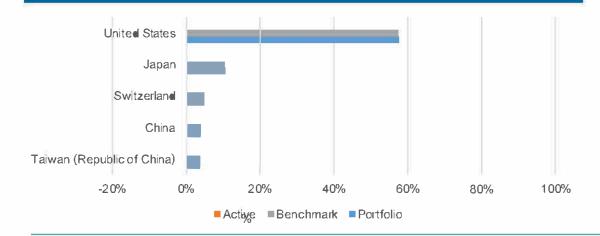
Risk measures are calculated using monthly returns.

¹ Information shown from the Factor Weighted segment's inception of July 1, 2018

Factor Weighted Risk Summary (as of June 30, 2022)

Segment Risk Statistics (Forecasted)		
Segment Volatility	13.7%	
Benchmark Volatility	13.7%	
Tracking Error	0.06%	
Portfolio Beta (to Bmk)	1.0	

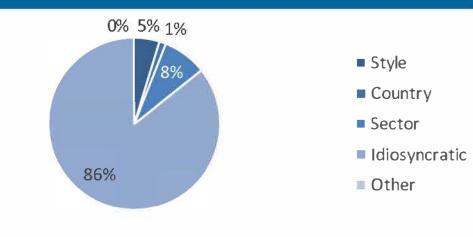
Segment Allocation by Country (top 5)



Risk Decomposition	(Forecasted)

	Portfolio Risk Contribution	% Risk	Active Risk Contribution	% Risk
Total Segment Risk	13.7%	100.0%	0.06%	100.0%
Equity	13.3%	96.9%	0.06%	99.2%
Foreign Exchange	0.4%	3.1%	0.00%	0.8%
Rates	0.0%	0.0%	0.00%	0.0%
Spreads	0.0%	0.0%	0.00%	0.0%

Active Risk from Equity Factor





Public Equity | Integration of Governance & Sustainability Strategy

Proxy Voting	Votes all public company proxies in a manner consistent with CalPERS' Governance & Sustainability Principles and CalPERS' Investment Beliefs
Engagement	Actively engages portfolio companies on executive and employee compensation, corporate board diversity, climate change, human capital management, and other Governance & Sustainability considerations to promote long-term value creation
Partnerships	Leverages external and internal partnerships to actively engage global asset owners and managers, companies, data providers, regulators, and standards-setting bodies on material Governance & Sustainability factors
Research	Continuous research, development and integration of best practices, proxy voting enhancements, and evolution of Governance & Sustainability Principles



Governance & Sustainability | Proxy Voting and Engagement Update

• Enhanced executive compensation analysis and accountability

- Voted "against" 48% of executive compensation proposals for poor pay-for-performance alignment (by comparison voted "against" 54% in FY20-21)
- Voted "against" 1,342 Compensation Committee members, holding them accountable for poor pay-for-performance alignment and poor compensation practices (by comparison voted "against" 3,896 directors in FY20-21)

Improved corporate board diversity and accountability

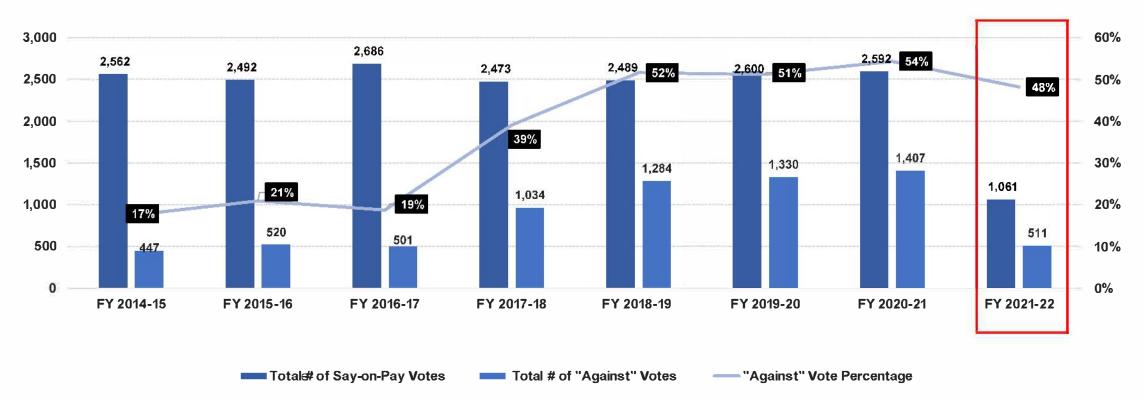
- 78% of companies engaged since July 2017 have since added at least one diverse director to their boards (620 of 800 companies). Excluding delisted, acquired, and bankrupt companies, 88% of companies engaged have added at least one diverse director to their boards (561 of 634 companies)
- Voted "against" 133 directors (Nominating/Governance Committee Members) at companies where staff identified board composition concerns related to diversity (by comparison voted "against" 197 directors in FY20-21). Staff is in the process of identifying the 2022 target list of diversity companies
- Partnered with CalSTRS, LACERA and SFERS on the California Board Diversity Initiative to improve board diversity at S&P 500 companies surrounding underrepresented groups

• Engaged Climate Action 100+ companies

- CalPERS is leading engagements at 22 companies including 6 Japanese companies
 - Staff is currently evaluating engagement "next steps" for 2023 proxy season, including filing shareowner proposals
- CalPERS voted against 95 directors at 26 (CA100+) companies for not adequately responding to the CA100+ Initiative
- CalPERS filed/co-filed 2 shareowner proposals (1 withdrawn and 1 achieved 27% support)
 - Ran proxy solicitation in support of CalPERS filed shareowner proposal and publicized key proxy votes on CalPERS website, which were flagged by the CA100+ initiative
- Results and progress of collaborative engagements are detailed in the Climate Action 100+ January 2022 Progress Update (<u>http://www.climateaction100.org/</u>)



Governance & Sustainability | U.S. Executive Compensation Votes



CalPERS' U.S. Executive Compensation Votes: FY 2014-15 to FY 2021-22



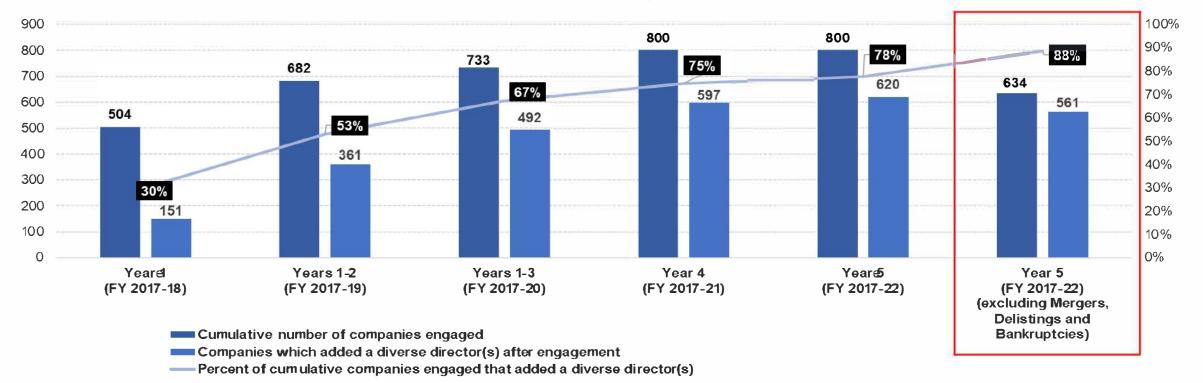
Governance & Sustainability | Corporate Board Diversity Cohorts

504 Targets Targets (excluding Mergers, Delistings and Bankruptcies) Added Diverse Director 379 Added Diverse Director (excluding Mergers, Delistings and Bankruptcies) 384 (76%) 341 (90%) 178 156 152 138 67 (85%) 61 (88%) 51 41 38 (75%) 36 (88%) 46 (69% 46 (75%) 2017 Cohort 2018 Cohort 2019 Cohort 2020 Cohort

CalPERS Board Diversity Engagements (as of 6/30/22)



Governance & Sustainability | Corporate Board Diversity Cohorts



CalPERS Corporate Board Diversity (Cumulative Engagements from July 2017 to June 2022)



Governance & Sustainability | Climate Action 100+

CalPERS is playing a leading role in both strategy and implementation

- CalPERS convened the initiative following the carbon footprint of our global equity portfolio in 2015
 - o Inaugural Chair (and current member) of the CA100+ Steering Committee
 - o Initiative now has over 700 signatories with over \$68 trillion in assets under management
 - Signatories are engaging a total of 166 companies with some of the largest GHG emissions across the globe

Engagement Update

- For the first time in 2022, CalPERS considered specific climate-related criteria to help inform director votes at all CA100+ companies. This is a new
 policy to hold directors accountable on climate change just as we do with diversity and executive compensation. As a result, CalPERS voted against 95
 directors at 26 CA100+ companies
- Over 70% of CA100+ companies have now set a net zero by 2050 target or ambition
- CA100+ Net Zero Benchmark was launched in March 2021 and updated in March 2022

Climate Action 100+ Engagement Goals

- Investors signed on to Climate Action 100+ are requesting the boards and senior management of companies to:
 - o Improve the governance of climate-related risks and opportunities
 - o Curb greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions across the value chain to be consistent with net-zero by 2050, and
 - Strengthen climate-related financial disclosures in line with the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)



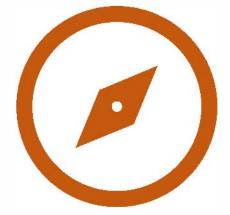


Evaluation | Public Equity

What has worked



Areas for refinement



- Despite volatile and challenging market conditions, Global Equity delivered positive relative performance for the fiscal year. Intended exposure to Low Volatility and Value tilts were rewarded and positively contributed to relative performance
- Reduced technology and operating costs, resulting in savings of approximately \$1.6 million
- Active and Alternative Beta strategies added value, but their contribution to the overall portfolio was limited due to a smaller allocation to active strategies as a result of legacy strategic reduction in CalPERS Total Fund active risk implemented 3 years ago
- Refine the strategy search process to improve the opportunistic deployment of capital



Priority Initiatives for 2022-23 | Public Equity

- Progress the implementation of the Total Fund Governance & Sustainability Strategic Plan, with a continued focus on climate change, corporate board diversity and executive compensation
- Implement business process improvements to improve platform robustness and efficiency
- Further diversify active equity strategies to efficiently capture the equity risk premium



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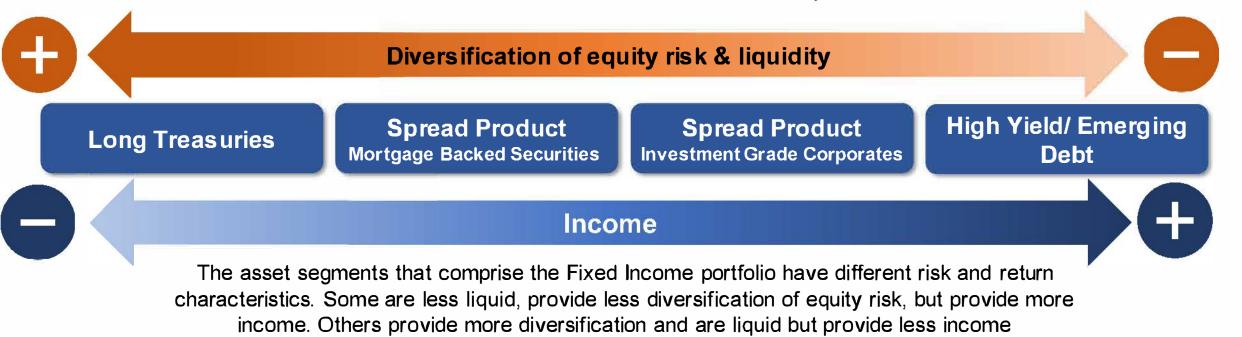
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Role of Fixed Income

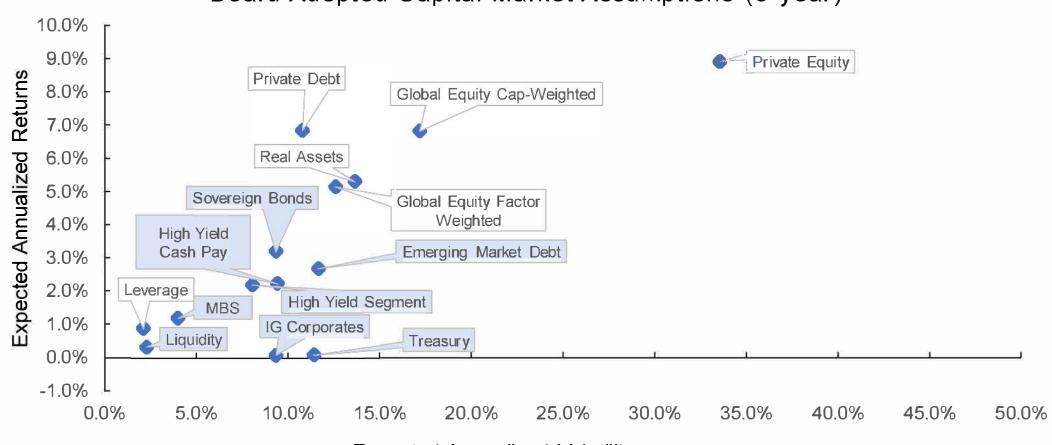
Fixed Income

Serve as a long-term economic diversifier to equity risk and be a reliable source of income and liquidity





Role of Fixed Income



Board Adopted Capital Market Assumptions (5-year)

Expected Annualized Volatility



Capital market assumptions adopted as part of the 2026-22 ALM process, September 13, 2021

Fixed Income Environment/Themes

Current Concerns

• Volatile markets, heightened geopolitical risk and the Russia/Ukraine conflict have led to highly uncertain returns

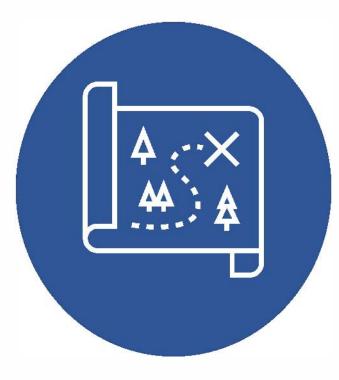
o Deglobalization momentum and higher inflation

o Aggressive central banks and higher interest rates

• A global economy that continues to slow is our concern

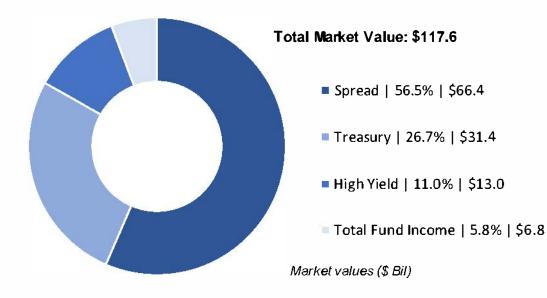
Investment Themes

 Market uncertainty provides the opportunity to take advantage of the improved risk/return probabilities and cheaper valuations





Fixed Income | Role and Structure



	% of Total Fund Actual	% of Total Fund Target ²
Fixed Income	26.7	28 (+/- 6)
Long Spread	15.1	15
Long Treasury ¹	7.1	10
High Yield	3.0	3
Total Fund Income	1.5	N/A

- Fixed Income provides liquidity and income in the strategic asset allocation. There were three distinct segments in the last fiscal year.
 - 1. Treasury Segment is designed to be a long-term economic diversifier to equity risk and a reliable source of liquidity
 - 2. Spread Segment provides a reliable source of income and an additional source of liquidity
 - 3. High Yield Segment provides exposure to economic growth and is a reliable source of income
- Over 95% of Fixed Income is invested in cost-efficient, internally-managed strategies



- ¹ Underweight vs. policy target exists in part to proxy overweights in illiquid private asset classes (Private Equity and Real Assets)
- ² Note: Target as of June 30, 2022. A new strategic asset allocation target, to be effective 7/1/22, was adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration on 11/15/21

Treasury Snapshot (as of June 30, 2022)

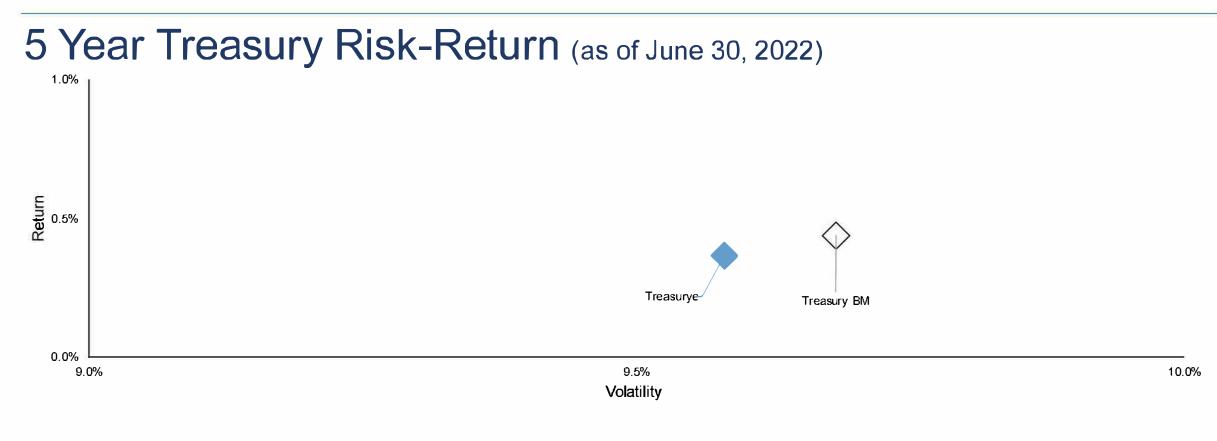
Jun-18

CalPERS



Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized unless noted otherwise. Risk measures are calculated using monthly returns.

¹ Chart shown from the Treasury segment's inception of 7/1/2018



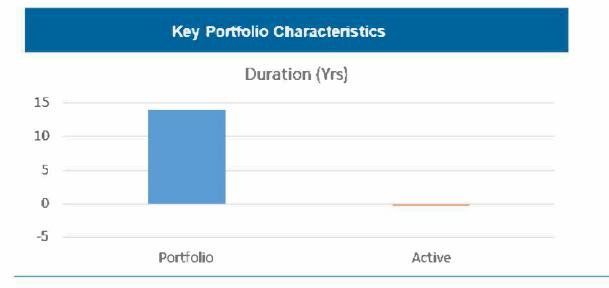
	Return	Volatility	Sharpe Ratio	Tracking Error (bps)	Information Ratio
Treasury	0.4%	9.6%	(0.06)	36	(0.19)



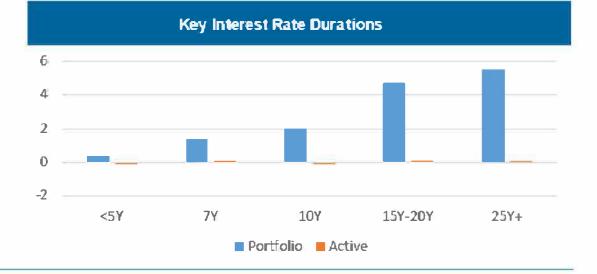
Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized. Risk measures are calculated using monthly returns.

Treasury Segment Risk Summary (as of June 30, 2022)

Segment Risk Statistics (Forecasted)		
Segment Volatility	11.8%	
Benchmark Volatility	11.8%	
Tracking Error	0.11%	



Risk Decomposition (Forecasted)				
	Portfolio Risk Contribution	% Risk	Active Risk Contribution	% Risk
Total Segment Risk	11.8%	100.0%	0.11%	100.0%
US Interest Rates	11.8%	100.0%	0.01%	5.3%
Money Market Factors	0.0%	0.0%	0.00%	4.1%
Convexity	0.0%	0.0%	0.00%	0.0%
Idiosyncratic	0.0%	0.0%	0.10%	90.6%





Total Return

Spread Snapshot (as of June 30, 2022)

Strategy Allocation (\$ Bil)



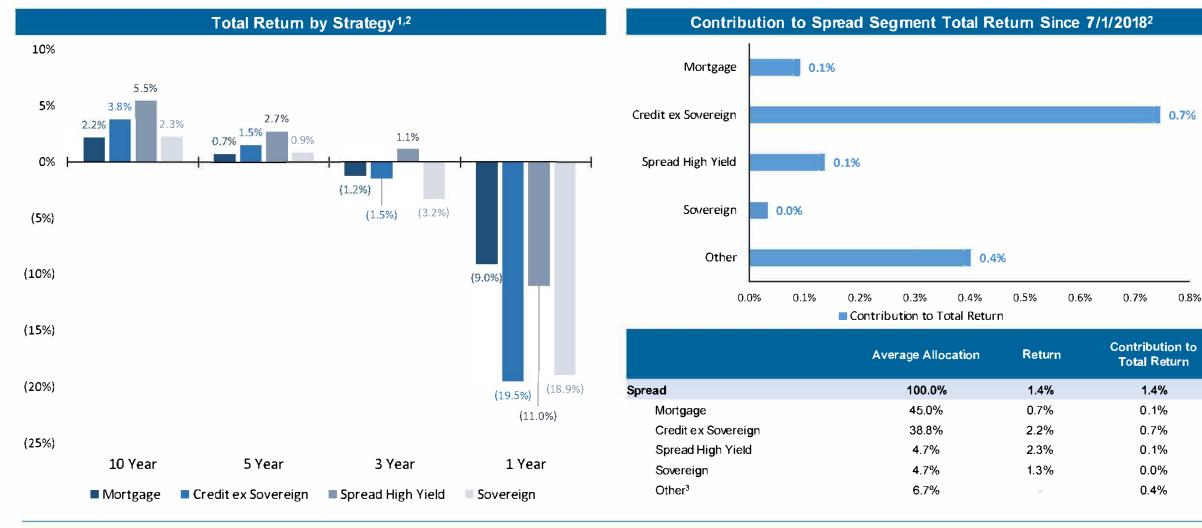


Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized unless noted otherwise. Risk measures are calculated using monthly returns.

¹ Information shown from the Spread segment's inception of 7/1/2018

Spread Total Return by Strategy (as of June 30, 2022)

CalPERS



Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized.

¹ Strategies existed and were managed by GFI prior to the Spread segment incepting.

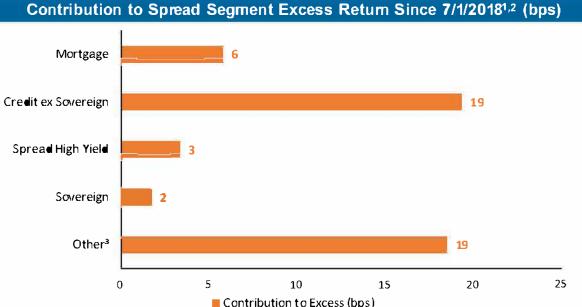
² Spread segmentincepted 7/1/2018.

³ Other includes impact from allocations to other strategies.

Spread Excess Return by Strategy (as of June 30, 2022)



CalPERS



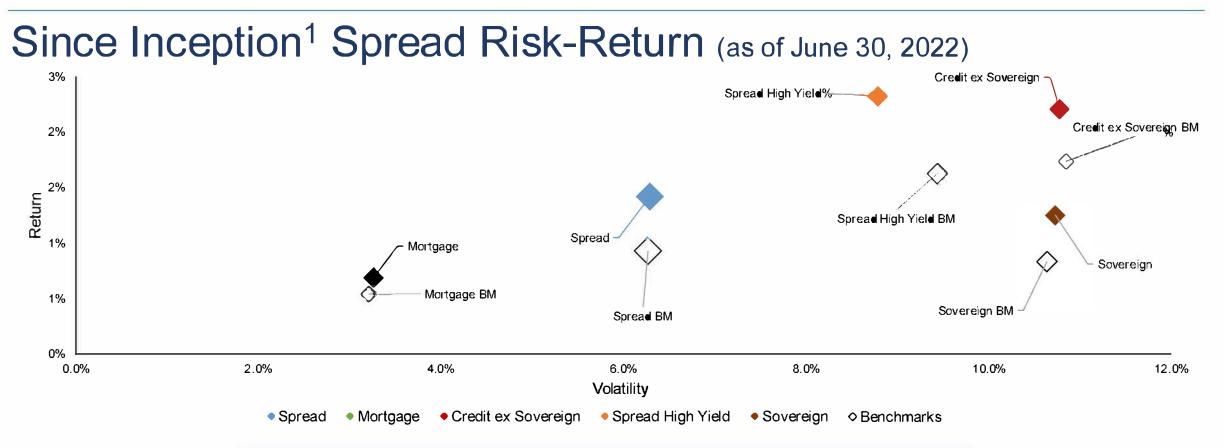
	Average Allocation	Average BM Allocation	Return	BM Return	Excess (bps)	Contribution to Excess ² (bps)
Spread	100.0%	100.0%	1.4%	0.9%	49	49
Mortgage	45.0%	47.8%	0.7%	0.5%	15	6
Credit ex Sovereign	38.8%	38.5%	2.2%	1.7%	47	19
Spread High Yield	4.7%	4.6%	2.3%	1.6%	70	3
Sovereign	4.7%	4.6%	1.3%	0.8%	42	2
Other ³	6.7%	4.4%	<u>j</u> e		~	19

Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized.

¹ Strategies existed and were managed by GFI prior to the Spread segment incepting. The Spread segment incepted 7/1/2018.

² Strategy contribution to excess excludes the impact of income from securities lending, which is reflected in "Other."

³ Other includes impact from allocations to other strategies, securities lending, and allocation management.



	Return	Volatility	Sharpe Ratio	Tracking Error (bps)	Infornation Ratio
Spread	1.4%	6.3%	0.08	24	2.00
Mortgage	0.7%	3.3%	(0.06)	30	0.51
Credit ex Sovereign	2.2%	10.8%	0.12	42	1.12
Spread High Yield	2.3%	8.8%	0.16	108	0.65
Sovereign	1.3%	10.7%	0.03	50	0.83

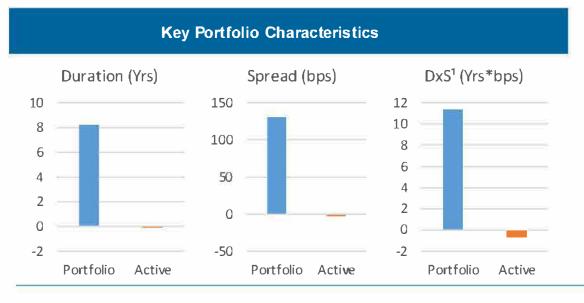


Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized. Risk measures are calculated using monthly returns.

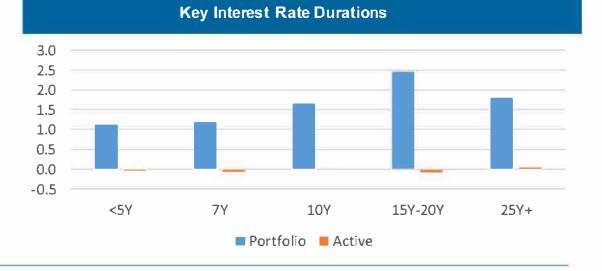
¹ Information shown from the Spread segment's inception of July 1, 2018

Spread Segment Risk Summary (as of June 30, 2022)

Segment Risk Statistics (Forecasted)		
Segment Volatility	6.8%	
Benchmark Volatility	6.8%	
Tracking Error	0.30%	



Risk Decomposition (Forecasted)				
	Portfolio Risk Contribution	% Risk	Active Risk Contribution	% Risk
Total Segment Risk	6.8%	100.0%	0.30%	100.0%
US Interest Rates	5.7%	84.0%	0.00%	1.1%
US Credit	0.5%	7.5%	0.15%	49.7%
Idiosyncratic	0.0%	0.1%	0.04%	14.6%
Other	0.6%	8.4%	0.1%	34.6%





¹DxS: spread duration multiplied by spread

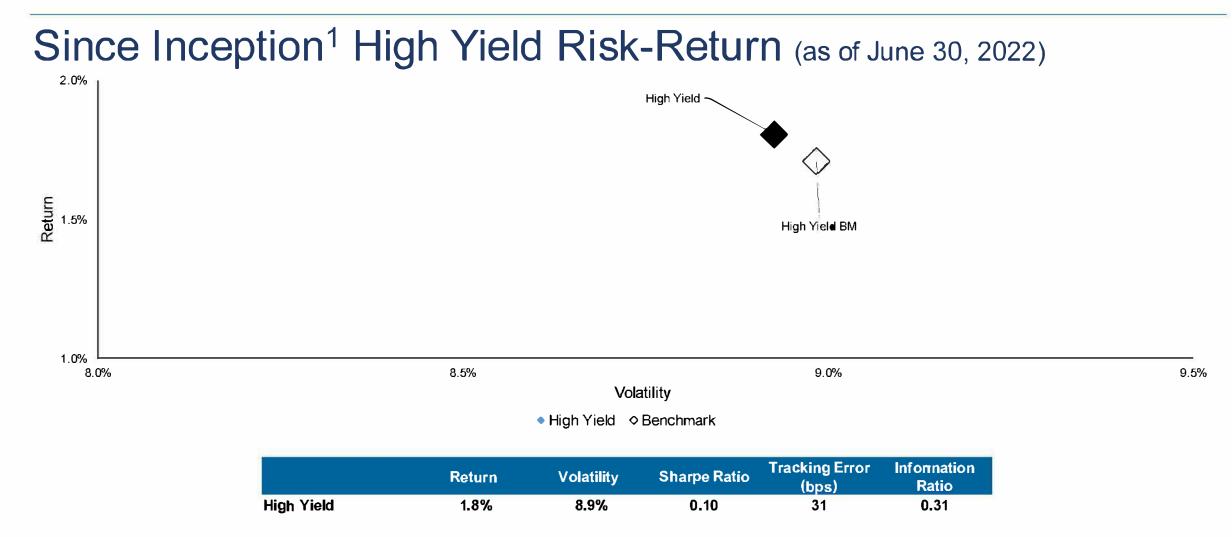
High Yield Snapshot (as of June 30, 2022)



CalPERS

Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized unless noted otherwise. Risk measures are calculated using monthly returns.

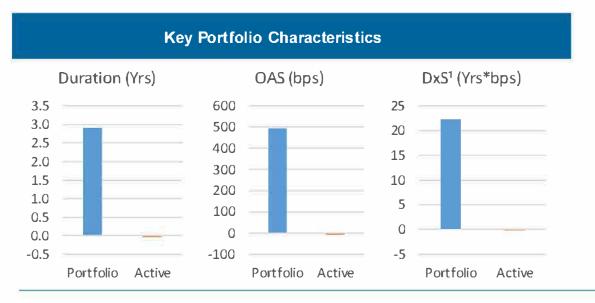
¹ Information shown from the High Yield segment's inception of 7/1/2018



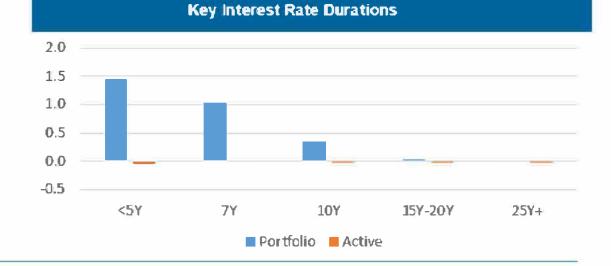


High Yield Segment Risk Summary (as of June 30, 2022)

Segment Risk Statistics (Forecasted)		
Segment Volatility	7.7%	
Benchmark Volatility	8.0%	
Tracking Error	0.40%	



Risk Decomposition (Forecasted)				
	Portfolio Risk Contribution	% Risk	Active Risk Contribution	% Risk
Total Segment Risk	7.7%	100.0%	0.40%	100.0%
US High Yield	7.8%	100.9%	0.37%	91.9%
US Interest Rates	-0.3%	-3.6%	0.00%	-0.6%
Idiosyncratic	0.1%	0.8%	0.05%	12.9%
Other	0.2%	2.0%	-0.02%	-4.1%





¹DxS: spread duration multiplied by spread

Integration of Governance & Sustainability | Fixed Income

- Implemented ESG risk screening tool using rating agency scores
- Invested in new issues of green, social, sustainability, and sustainability-linked bonds and grew holdings to approximately \$950mn
- Collaborated with Corporate Governance on engagements
- Developed ESG questionnaire for external managers
- Collaborated with other asset classes on presentation to INVO staff on ESG integration approaches
- Participated on Credit Roundtable ESG committee



Evaluation | Fixed Income

What has worked



Areas for Refinement

- Continued strong long-term relative performance
- Focused on our role, collaboration, and impact to Fixed Income and the Total Fund
- Facilitated Total Fund implementation of leverage and liquidity via the Treasury and Mortgage portfolios
- Reducing the operational complexity and inefficiencies in the Treasury Segment
- Improve Investment Office information barriers so the Fixed Income portfolios are not restricted when other asset classes have material non-public information



Priority Initiatives for 2022-23 | Global Fixed Income

- Continue to assess opportunistically allocating to the Total Fund Income portfolio to generate incremental long-term alpha
- Successfully invest in a cost-effective manner the increased Strategic Asset Allocations to High Yield and Emerging Market Debt
- Leverage the fundamental analysis skills in Global Fixed Income to support Private Equity, Opportunistic Strategies, Real Assets and the Research and Strategy Group in analyzing potential new investment opportunities
- Continue to research innovative ways to add long-term returns in fixed income assets



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Role of Opportunistic Strategies & Private Debt

Opportunistic Strategies & Private Debt

Harvest illiquidity premium, produce current income, invest opportunistically

Low Liquidity Enhanced Return

- Produce higher yields than cash-like securities through the illiquidity premium
- Very low probability of principal loss

Opportunistic Strategies

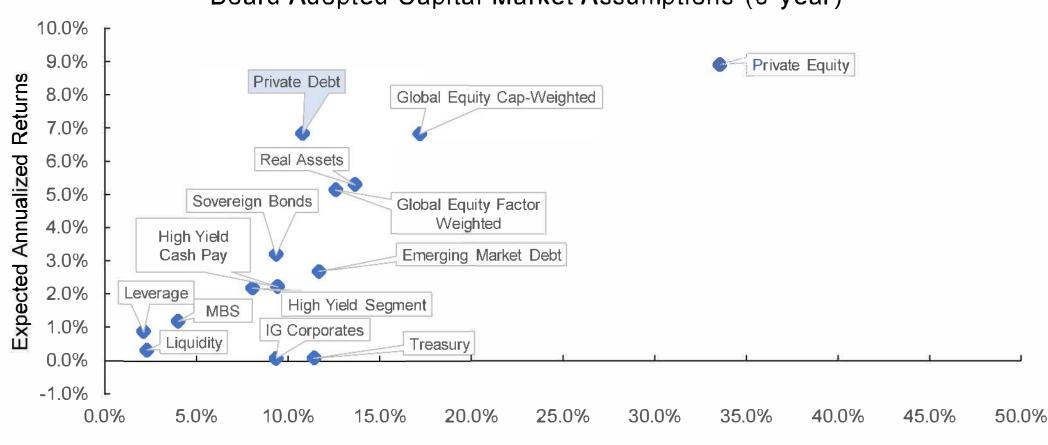
- Permits investments outside Strategic Asset Allocation
- Opportunistically seeks to invest in perceived undervalued opportunities

Private Debt

- Attractive risk-adjusted return driven by premium extracted from illiquidity and complexity of private loans
- Complements Private Equity



Role of Opportunistic Strategies & Private Debt



Board Adopted Capital Market Assumptions (5-year)

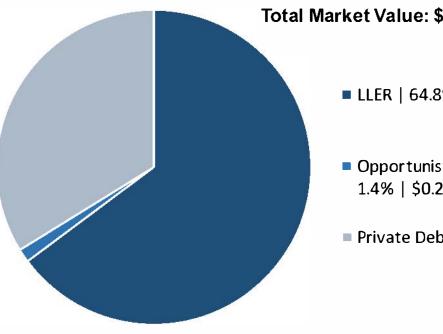
Expected Annualized Volatility



Capital market assumptions adopted as part of the 2026-22 ALM process, September 13, 2021

Opportunistic Strategies & Private Debt | Overview (as of June 30, 2022)

Strategy Allocation (\$ Bil)



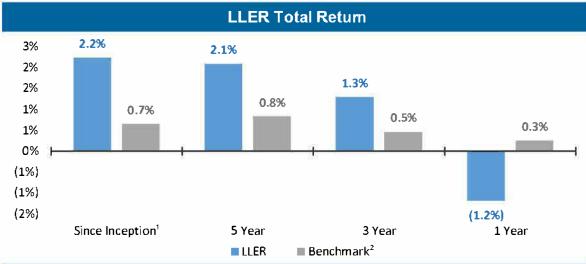
- Total Market Value: \$17.9
 - LLER | 64.8% | \$11.6
 - Opportunistic Strategies | 1.4% | \$0.2
 - Private Debt | 33.8% | \$6.1

Strategies Described

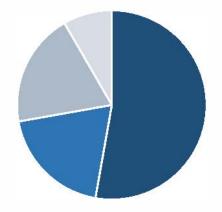
- Low Liquidity Enhanced Return (LLER) seeks to earn an illiquidity premium in the market through investing in securities that have a remote possibility of principal loss
- Opportunistic Strategies permits the investment in opportunities and the establishment of innovative portfolios outside the strategic asset allocation to invest in assets perceived to be substantially undervalued
- Private Debt seeks to provide an attractive riskadjusted return through the premium driven by the certainty of execution and the complexity in originating, underwriting and structuring of private loans



Opportunistic Strategies & Private Debt Snapshot (as of June 30, 2022)



Private Debt Strategy Allocation (\$ Bil)



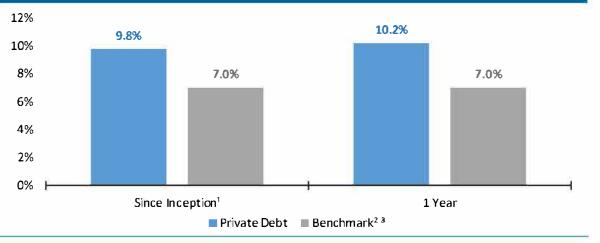
CalPERS

Total Market Value: \$6.1

- Direct Lending | 52.8% | \$3.2
- Specialary Lending | 19.4% | \$€.2
- Liquidaty Financing | 19.4% | \$1.2
- Real Estate Financing | 8.4% | \$0.5



Private Debt Total Return



Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized.

¹ Information shown from each strategy's inception. Private Debt – 7/1/2020; LLER – 11/1/2014; Opportunistic Strategies – 6/1/2020

² Strategy benchmarks: LLER – 1M USD LIBOR; Private Debt – 7% Return; Opportunistic Strategies – 7% Return

³ The Private Debt benchmark changed to the S&P LSTA US Leveraged Loan 100 + 125 bps effective 7/1/2022, the Private Debt segment's inception date.

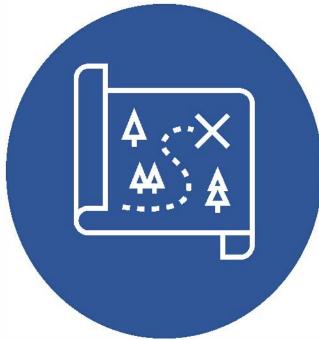
Market Environment/Themes | Opportunistic Strategies & Private Debt

Current concerns

 Impact of geopolitical tensions, inflation challenges, supply chain issues and rising interest rates on borrowers' earnings and their ability to service their loans

Investment Themes

- The market revaluation of Growth companies has created investment opportunities for Private Debt
- "Hung deals" of banks from failed public market syndication have created attractive co-investment opportunities for Private Debt





Integration of Governance & Sustainability | Opportunistic Strategies & Private Debt

- The Opportunistic program is integrating ESG factors into the manager assessment process by:
 - Reviewing how external managers incorporate ESG into their investmentdecision making through the Due Diligence Questionnaire and annual review processes
- Although still in the early stages, private debt managers continue to improve on ESG-related engagements
 - A manager embedded a ratcheting mechanism to lower interest rates as the borrower meets certain criteria, to ensure ongoing ESG engagements
 - A manager has taken the initiative to have one of their funds to be Article 8¹ compliant



Evaluation | Opportunistic Strategies & Private Debt

What has worked



- Since inception, the CalPERS private debt area has committed almost \$20Bn, with \$6Bn deployed
- Having been in run-off mode until late-2021 (~\$7Bn), the team has since rebuilt the Low Liquidity Enhanced Return portfolio to almost \$12Bn (as of 06/30/22)

- Areas for Refinement
- A different set of talents is needed in addition to what is needed to sustain current deployment pace
- The need to further adapt eFront / PEARS will help to better understand exposure, performance and risks of the portfolio



Priority Initiatives for 2022-23 | Opportunistic Strategies & Private Debt

- Develop and implement a budget and resourcing plan to meet the Private Debt allocation target within the Strategic Asset Allocation
- Establish a portfolio review process for existing managers, investments, and strategies to better understand risks and opportunities of private debt strategies
- Deploy eFront (PEARS) system enhancements related to SAA implementation and improved compliance monitoring
- Continue to deploy capital to meet the private debt allocation target and to ensure a robust and well diversified portfolio



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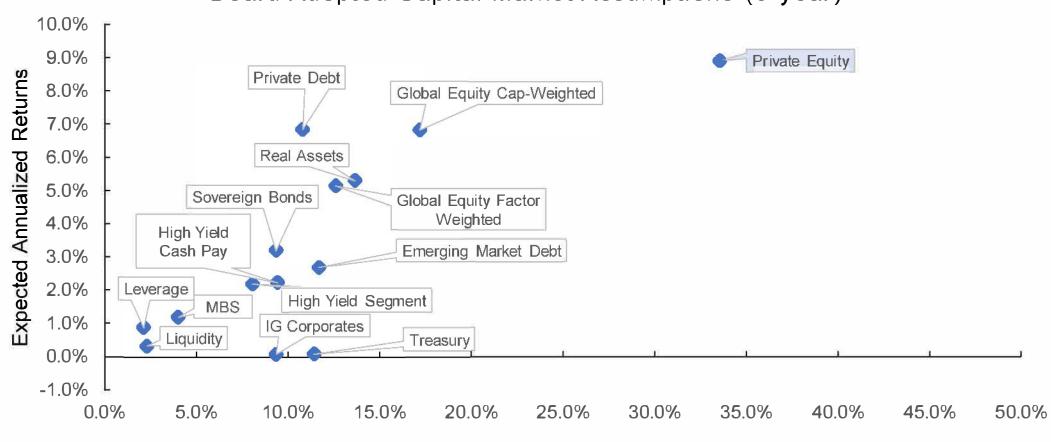


Role of Private Equity

- Enhance equity returns through an active, value-added approach
- Major driver of returns is appreciation, aided by leverage, with negligible cash yield
- Forward focus on co-investment



Role of Private Equity



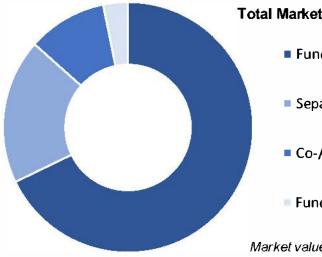
Board Adopted Capital Market Assumptions (5-year)

Expected Annualized Volatility



Capital market assumptions adopted as part of the 2026-22 ALM process, September 13, 2021

Private Equity | Role and Structure



Total Market Value: \$52.8

- **Funds** | 67.7% | \$35.8
- Separate Accounts | 18.7% | \$9.9
- Co-/Direct Investments | 10.2% | \$5.4

Fund-of-Funds | 3.2% | \$1.7

Market values (\$ Bil)

	% of Total Fund Actual	% of Total Fund Target ¹
Private Equity	12.0	8 (+/-4)

- Private Equity provides growth exposure in the strategic asset allocation. Its goal is to provide active equity exposure to private companies to generate returns greater than public equity
- The portfolio is highly diversified across investment type, industry segment, investment strategy, geography, vintage year, and underlying portfolio companies
- Long-term priorities for the asset class include forming deep partnerships with high-quality managers, ramping a co-investment program, and integrating data more deeply into all aspects of the program



¹ Note: Target as of June 30, 2022. A new strategic asset allocation target, to be effective 7/1/22, was adopted by the CaIPERS Board of Administration on 11/15/21

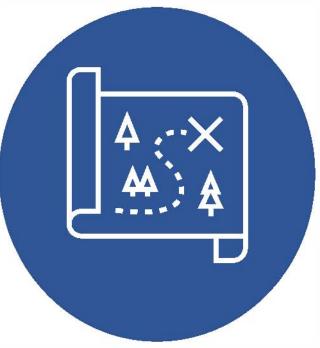
Market Environment/Themes | Private Equity

Current Concerns

 Broader market pullback driven denominator effect coupled with lower return expectations from the existing portfolio will pressure our commitment to private equity. Consistency is key

Investment Themes

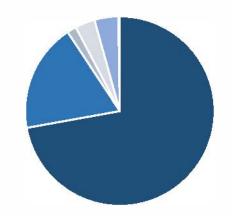
- Maintain our investment pace to deploy capital in a lower valuation environment
- Use dislocation in market and fundraising environment to opportunistically expand our exposure to high quality managers and assets
- Continue to ramp of our co-investment program and deepen our sector expertise

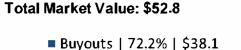




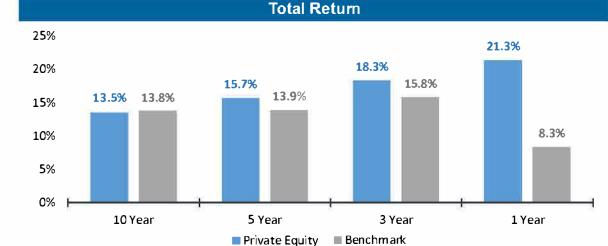
Private Equity Snapshot (as of June 30, 2022)





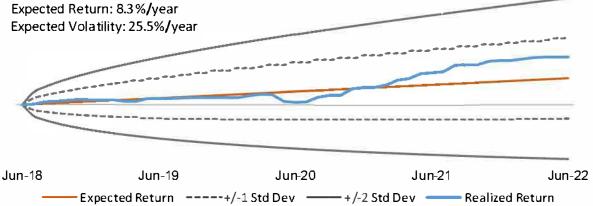


- Growth/Expansion | 18.6% | \$9.8
- Venture | 1.6% | \$0.8
- 🛎 Credit | 3.4% | \$1.8
- Opportunistic | 4.1% | \$2.2
- Other | 0.2% | \$0.1



Key Metrics





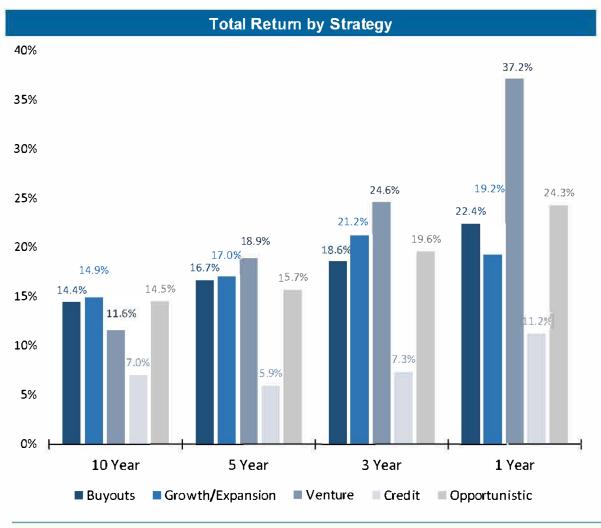


Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized unless noted otherwise.

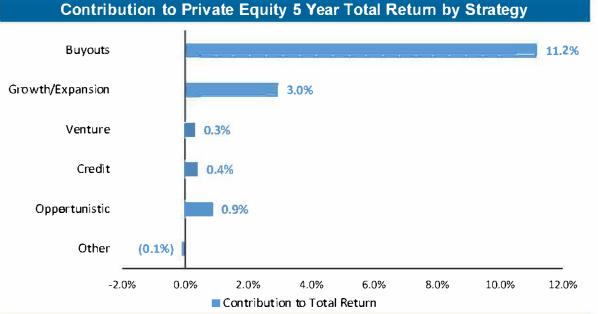
¹ Chart shown from 7/1/2018, the effective date of the asset allocation approved during FY 2017-18.



Private Equity Total Return by Strategy (as of June 30, 2022)



CalPERS

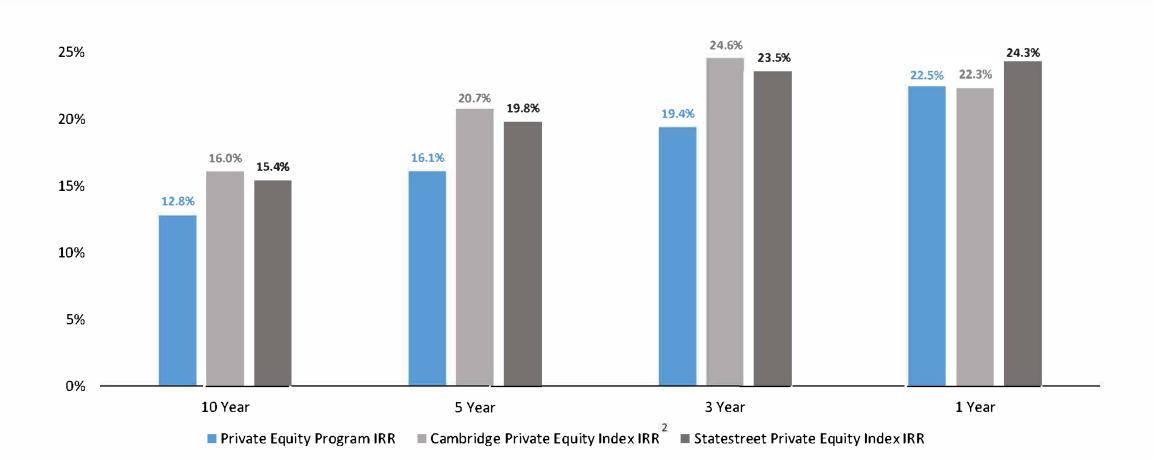


	Average Allocation	Return	Contribution to Total Return	
Private Equity	100.0%	15.7%	15.7%	
Buyouts	66.5%	16.7%	11.2%	
Growth/Expansion	16.8%	17.0%	3.0%	
Venture	2.1%	18.9%	0.3%	
Credit	7.3%	5.9%	0.4%	
Opportunistic	6.3%	15.7%	0.9%	
Other	1.0%		(0.1%)	

Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized.

Private Equity Performance vs Peer Universe Benchmarks (as of March 31, 20221)

Internal Rates of Return



A CalPERS

Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized. ¹ Program and benchmark returns reflect valuations as of 3/31/2022 ² Cambridge universe includes Buyout, Venture Capital, Growth Equity, Subordinated Capital, Credit Opportunities,

Senior Debt & Control-Oriented Distressed asset classes

Governance & Sustainability | Private Equity

The Private Equity program has embedded sustainability in our program in the following ways:

 Catalyzing and leading the ESG Data Convergence Initiative to standardize ESG metrics. Learn more at:

https://ilpa.org/ilpa_esg_roadmap/esg_data_convergence_project/

- Promoting broad shared employee ownership models in Private Equity through our work with Ownership Works. Learn more at: <u>https://ownershipworks.org/</u>
- Integration of ESG factors into our investment and monitoring processes

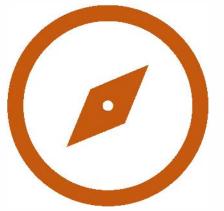


Evaluation | Private Equity

What has worked



Areas for Refinement



- Deepened and expanded team capabilities
- Methodical capital commitment pacing coupled with high-conviction underwriting standards
- Material scaling of co-investment program driven by deeper integration with managers

- Expanded traction in Middle Market Buyout, Growth, and Venture segments
- Completed secondary sale
- Step-function increase in ESG engagement

- Encountered team capacity constraints given the strong flow of investment opportunities
- Performance headwinds from legacy portfolio. Secondary sale as partial mitigant
- Low exposure to Venture strategy which has outperformed total PE benchmarks for a decade



Priority Initiatives for 2022-23 | Private Equity

- Empower our segment teams to lead from the front
- Deepen our manager and company underwriting skills
- Create opportunities for our team to develop differentiated knowledge and circles of competence
- Expand our co-investment program
- Integrate data more deeply into our program and investment process
- Expand sustainability approach
- Reassess our approach to Asia and formulate long-term strategy



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Role of Real Assets

Real Assets

Stable and predictable cash yield, diversification of equity risk, and inflation protection

Real Estate

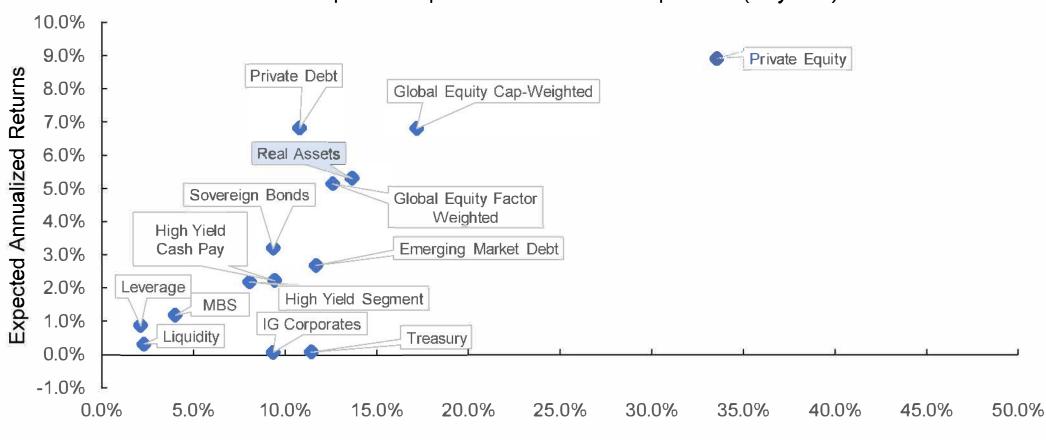
- Returns predominately derived from income
- Stable cash yield under long term leases with good credit tenants

Infrastructure

- Returns predominately derived from income
- Focus on large scale, essential and defensive assets with proven revenue models



Role of Real Assets



Board Adopted Capital Market Assumptions (5-year)

Expected Annualized Volatility



Capital market assumptions adopted as part of the 2026-22 ALM process, September 13, 2021

Real Assets | Role and Structure



CalPFRS

Total Market Value: \$69.6

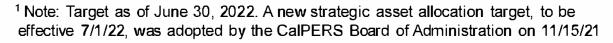
Real Estate | 82.1% | \$57.2

Infrastructure | 16.6% | \$11.6

	% of Total Fund Actual	% of Total Fund Target ¹		
Real Assets	15.8	13 (+/- 5)		

Market values (\$ Bil)

- Emphasis on Core is consistent with the Role to deliver stable, predictable cash yield and inflation protection
 - Real Estate targets Core, well-located assets with strong competitive positions and defensive characteristics
 - Infrastructure targets essential, durable/long-lived assets and interests in portfolio companies
- Grow Infrastructure portfolio and increase diversification
- Focus on separate accounts and evaluation of commingled funds, co-investments and directs



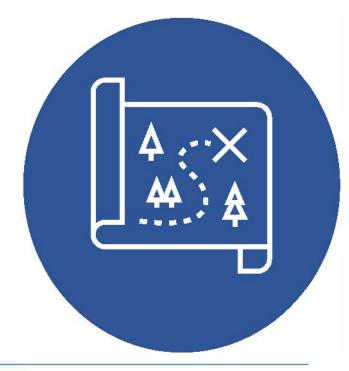
Market Environment/Themes | Real Assets

Current concerns

- Increasing interest rates, inflation, geopolitical tension, and recessionary fears are causing uncertainty and will likely impact valuations
- COVID-19 impact to select Real Estate and Infrastructure sectors remain

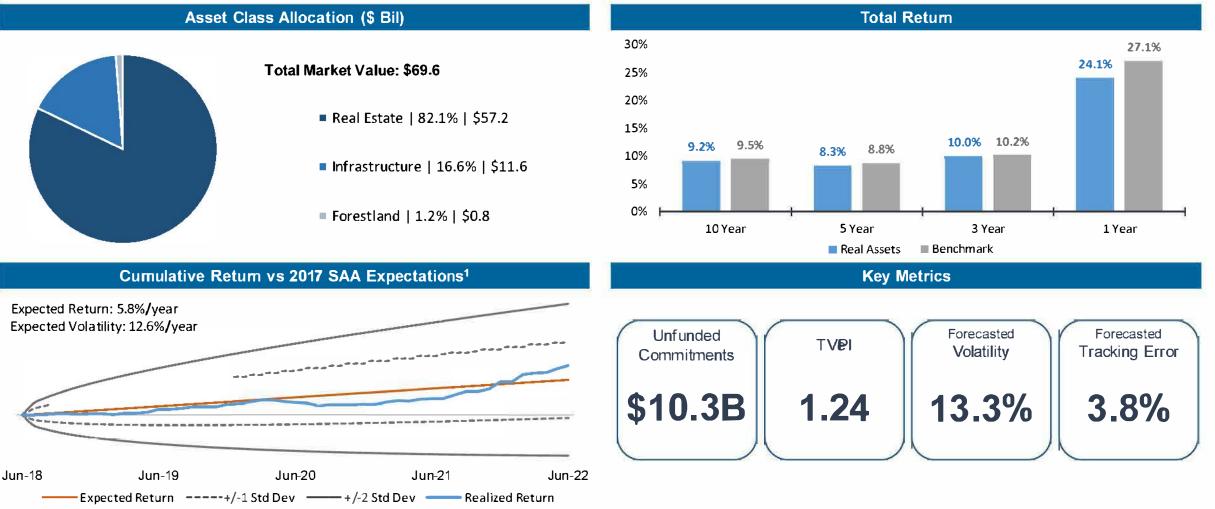
Investment Themes

- Increasing allocations to private assets
- Market participants continue to favor Industrial, Multifamily, Power/Energy and Digital Infrastructure opportunities
- Higher interest rates offer investors capable of purchasing with all equity a competitive advantage





Real Assets Snapshot (as of June 30, 2022)

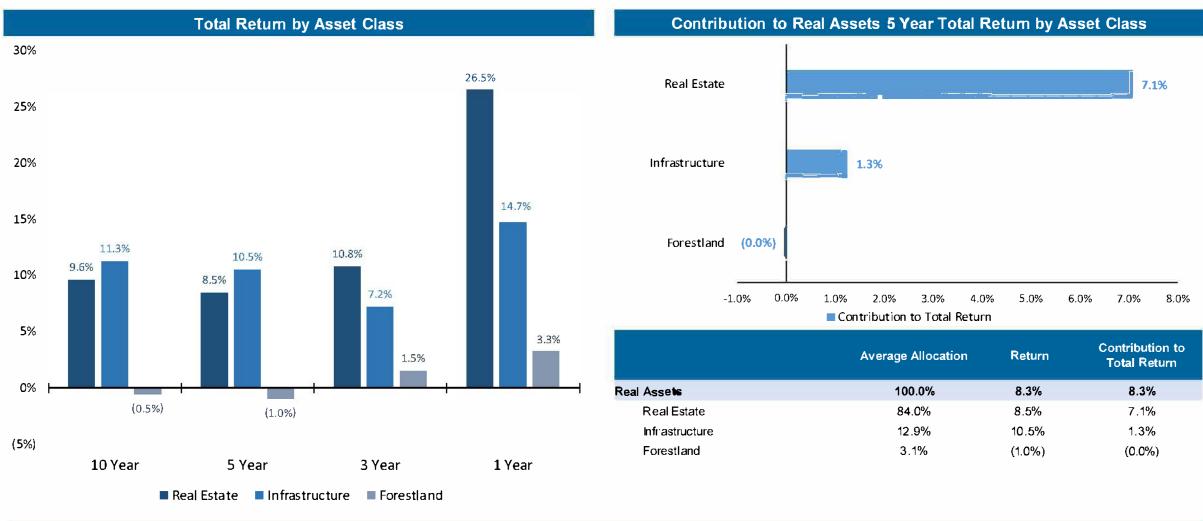




Note: All performance reported net of investment expenses and annualized unless noted otherwise.

¹ Chart shown from 7/1/2018, the effective date of the asset allocation approved during FY 17/18.

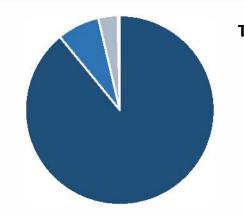
Real Assets Total Return by Asset Class (as of June 30, 2022)



CalPERS

Real Estate Risk Allocation and Performance

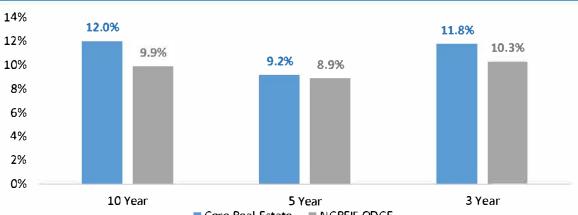
Risk Allocation (\$ Bil) as of June 30, 2022



Total Market Value: \$57.2

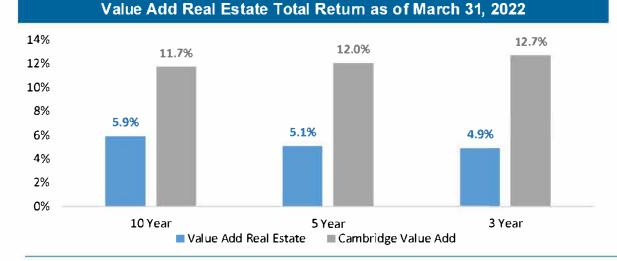
- Core Real Estate | 89.1% | \$51.0
- Value Add Real Estate | 7.2% | \$4.1
- Opportunistic Real Estate | 3.3% | \$1.9

Ther | 0.4% | \$0.2

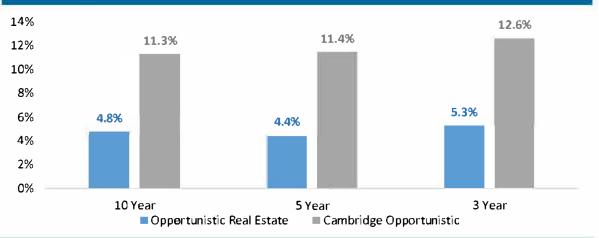


Core Real Estate Total Return as of March 31, 2022

Core Real Estate NCREIF ODCE



Opportunistic Real Estate Total Return as of March 31, 2022





Real Assets | Integration of Governance & Sustainability

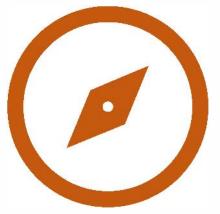
Sustainable Investment Activities	Description / Status
Real Assets Sustainable Investment Practice Guidelines (SIPG)	 Real Assets' approach to integrating ESG considerations throughout the investment decision making process
Global Real Estate Sustainability Benchmark (GRESB)	 88% of the portfolio submitted into GRESB Assessment in 2021 (up from 85% in the prior year)
ESG Consideration Matrix (ESG Matrix)	 Framework utilized for assessing ESG risks and opportunities for new acquisitions through separate accounts
Energy Optimization (EO) Initiative for Real Estate	 Ongoing identification of accretive EO opportunities, reducing carbon intensity and generating cost savings over time
Climate Risk & Energy Transition Research	 Climate risk assessment completed for the domestic Real Estate portfolio in collaboration with Total Fund research Energy Transition Review for Infrastructure included an evaluation of potential risks and opportunities
Responsible Contractor Program (RCP)	 Real Estate Separate Account operating agreements include provisions requiring compliance with the RCP Policy
National Council of Real Estate Investment Fiduciaries (NCREIF) Pension Real Estate Association (PREA) Reporting Standards	 CalPERS represented on NCREIF PREA's ESG Think Tank and Reporting Standards Council Contributed to the development of "ESG Principles of Reporting for Private Real Estate" published in October 2021

Evaluation | Real Assets

What has worked



Areas for refinement



- Program comprised of high-quality, essential assets in defined target markets with stable cash flows has held up through business cycle. Portfolio delivered 26.71% 1-Yr return
- Expansion of relationships with best-in-class infrastructure managers and integration of staff functional disciplines of monitoring and underwriting
- Unified team collaborating to implement the Strategic Plan and optimize portfolio construction
- Disposition of non-strategic assets, consider portfolio leverage options, streamline investment process
- Define benchmark for infrastructure



Priority Initiatives for 2022-23 | Real Assets

- Continue to implement the 2021 Five Year Strategic Plan
 - Deploy capital at scale in a disciplined manner maintaining high underwriting standards
 - Further expand and diversify Infrastructure manager relationships
 - Initiate resource planning to effectively manage a growing portfolio
 - Reduce exposure to assets that do not meet the Role of Real Assets
- Evaluate appropriate benchmark considerations for Infrastructure program
- Remain focused on Sustainable Investment initiatives consistent with Total Fund priorities



Conclusion

• Q&A



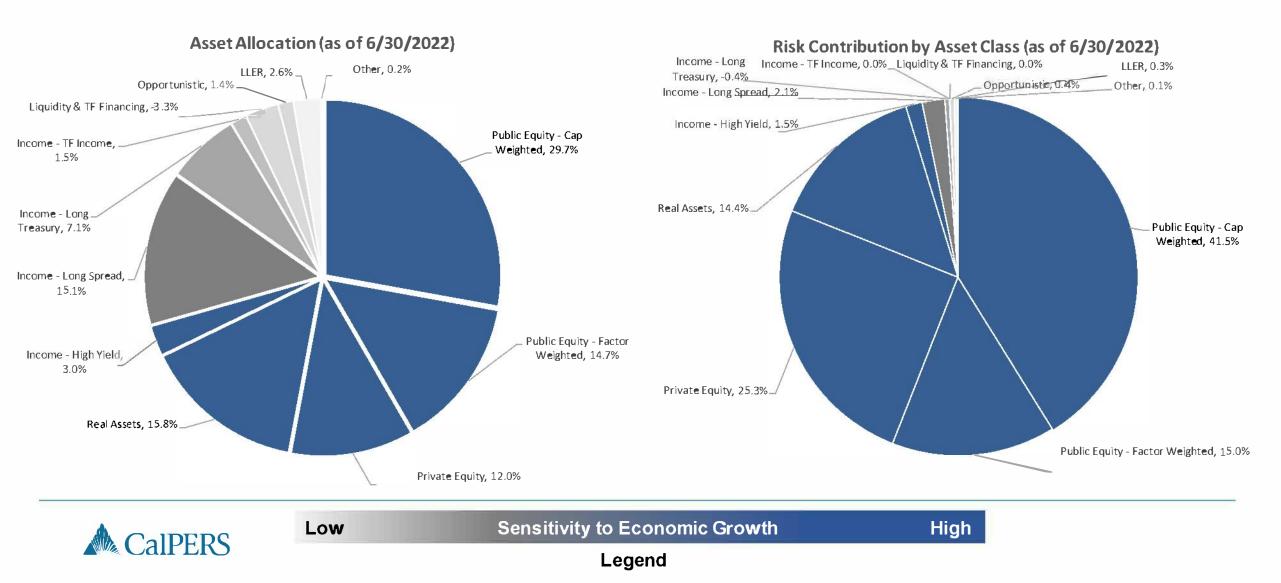
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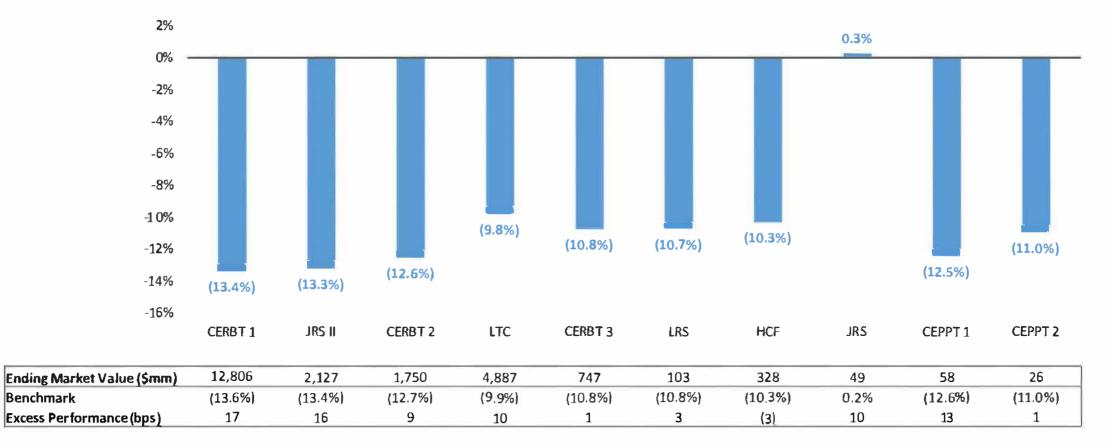
- I. Additional Total Fund Information
- II. Additional Program Area Information
 - a. Functional Org Charts
 - b. Program Expenses
 - c. Private Equity: ARS Update and Outsourcers Policy Report
- III. Investment Beliefs Summary



Assets Sensitive to Economic Growth Dominate Risk

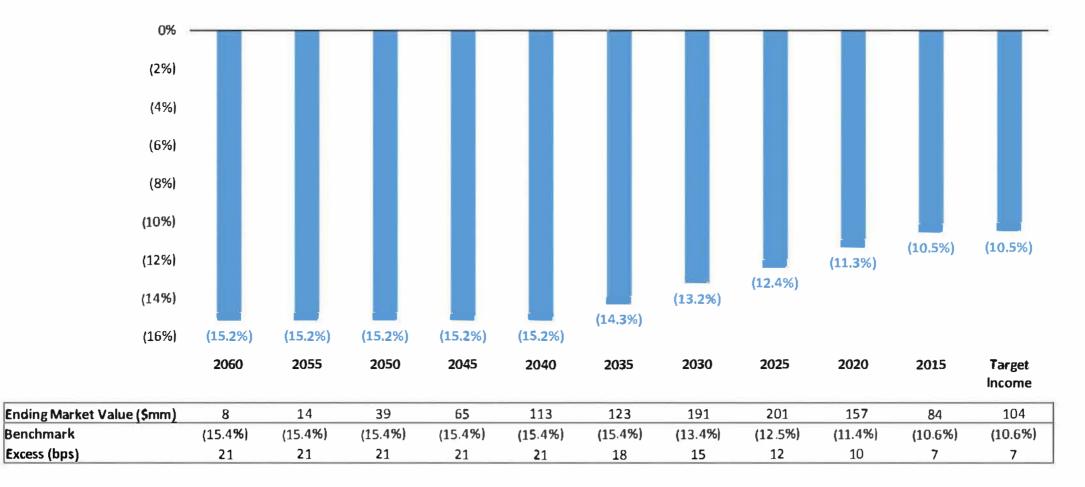


Affiliate Funds Snapshot | 1-Year Returns



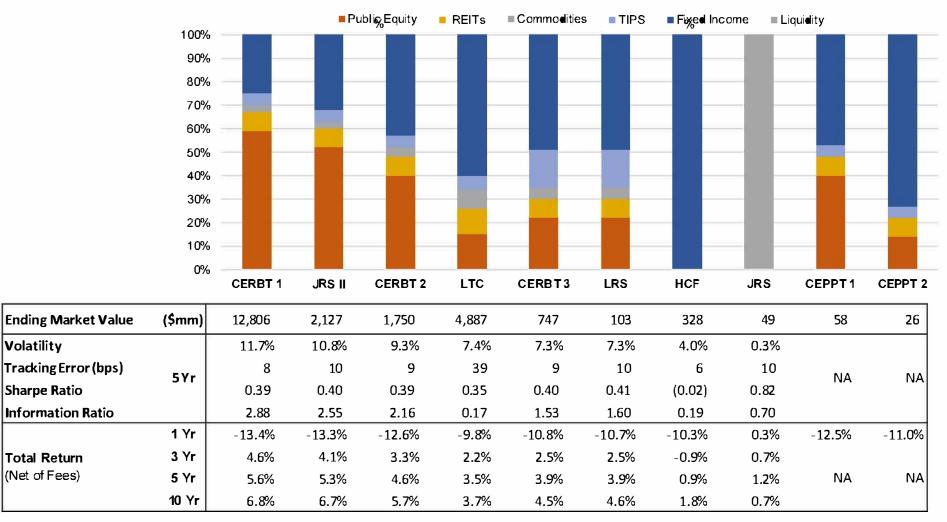


Affiliate Funds Snapshot | 1-Year Returns



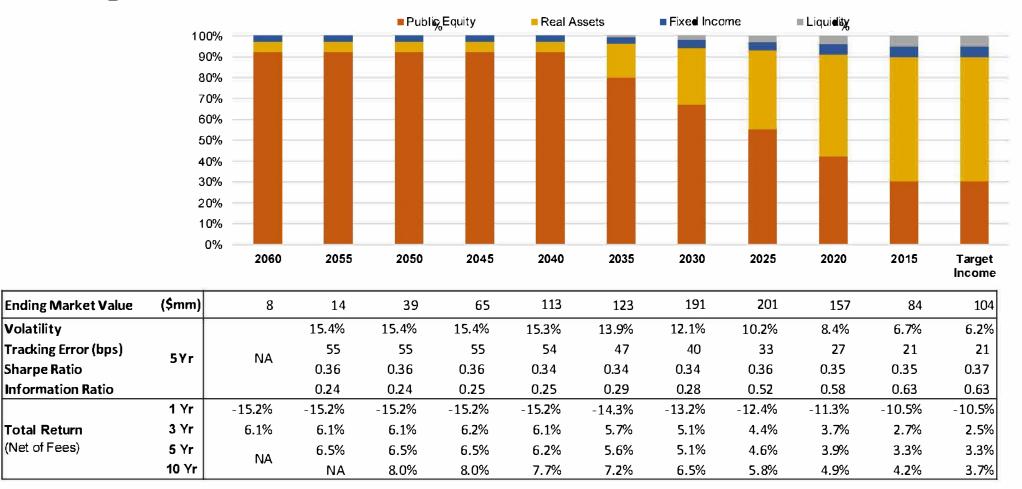


Defined Benefit, Health, and Pre-Funding Plans (as of June 30, 2022)



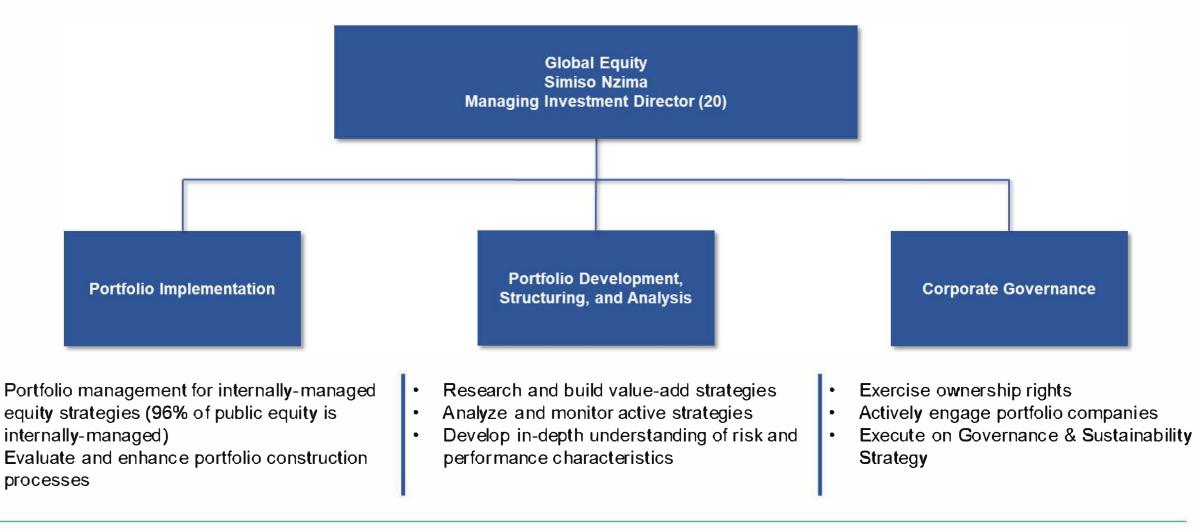


SIP Target Date Funds (as of June 30, 2022)





Global Equity | Functional Org Chart





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Global Equity | Program Costs

	FY 2021-22			FY 2020-21			
Expense Type	Avg AUM (\$millions)	Fees Paid (\$millions)	Fees Paid ³ (BPS)	Avg AUM (\$millions)	Fees Paid (\$millions)	Fees Paid ³ (BPS)	
Internal Management ¹	\$ 226,935	\$ 5.7	0.3	\$ 219,238	\$ 5.7	0.3	
External Management ²	\$ 8,343	\$ 40.0	48	\$ 7,190	\$40.6	57	
Consultants Expense	N/A	\$ 0.8	0.0	N/A	\$ 0.8	0.0	
Technology & Operating Expense	N/A	\$ 13.3	0.6	N/A	\$ 14.9	0.7	
Total Program	\$ 235,278	\$ 59.8	3	\$ 226,429	\$ 62.0	3	

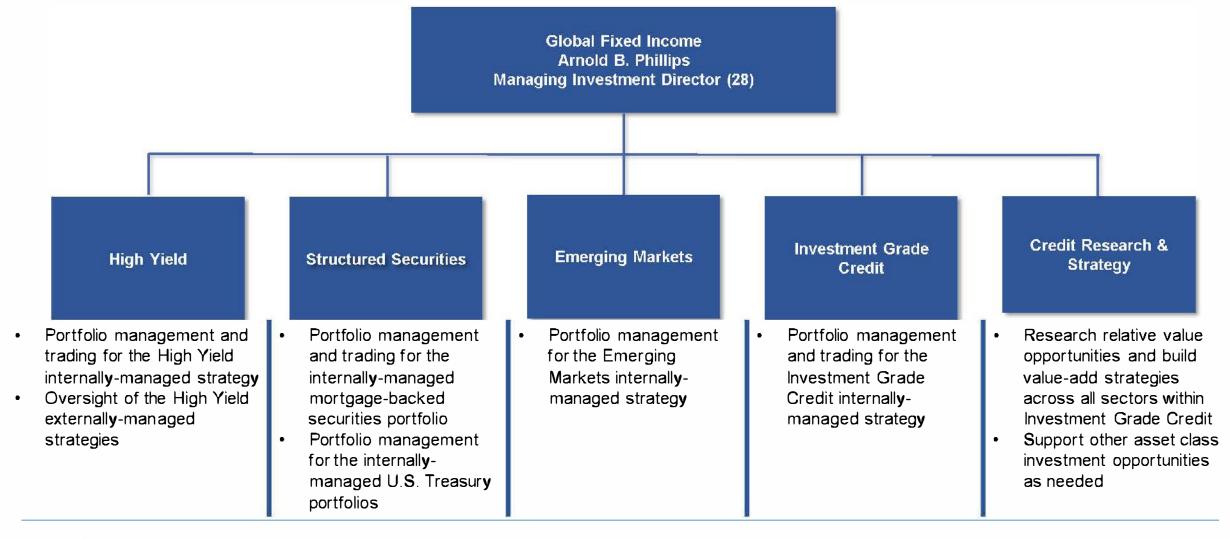
- Global Equity operates in a cost-effective manner, with 96% of the portfolio invested in internally-managed strategies. Costs for externally-managed strategies have slightly come down since the prior fiscal year, which is mainly attributed to paying out a lower performance fee
- Since the prior fiscal year, total program costs have come down by approximately \$2.2 million, which is primary driven by reduced technology and operating costs



- ² External Management Fees include base and performance fees
- ³ BPS calculated on fee type Avg AUM. Internal Management, Consultants and Technology & Operating Expense BPS calculated on Total Program Avg AUM

¹ Internal Management Fees include internal model provider fees

Global Fixed Income | Functional Org Chart





Global Fixed Income | Program Costs

	FY 2021-22			FY 2020-21		
Expense Type	Avg AUM (\$millions)	Fees Paid (\$millions)	Fees Paid ² (BPS)	Avg AUM (\$millions)	Fees Paid (\$millions)	Fees Paid ² (BPS)
Internal Management	\$ 132,913	\$ 8.7	1	\$ 127,247	\$ 7.7	1
External Management ¹	\$ 3,371	\$ 15.0	44	\$ 4,100	\$ 16.8	41
Consultants Expense	N/A	\$0.0	0	N/A	\$ 0.0	0
Technology & Operating Expense	N/A	\$ 13.5	1	N/A	\$ 13.4	1
Total Program	\$ 136,284	\$ 37.2	3	\$ 131,347	\$ 37.9	3

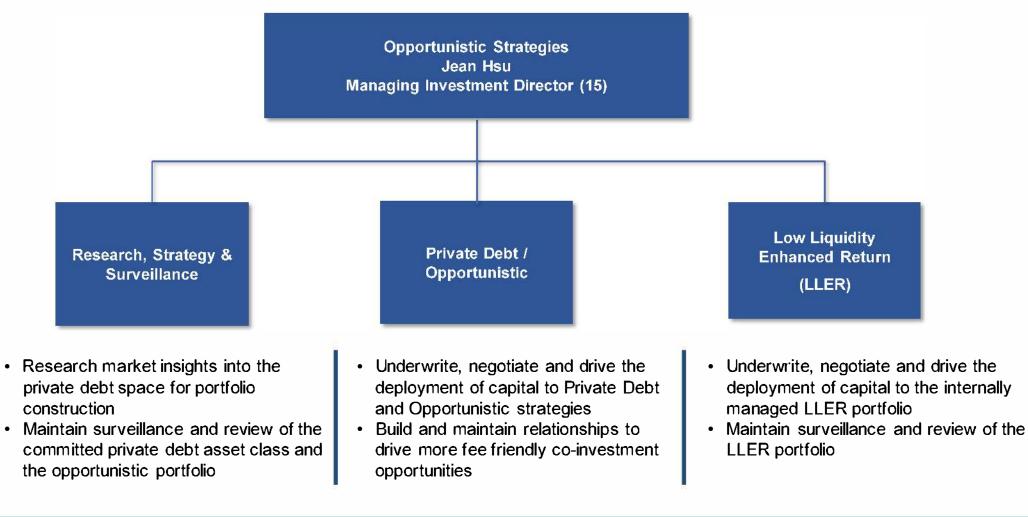
- Costs stayed flat from the previous fiscal year
- GFI continues to be a cost-efficient and cost-minded program for the Total Fund
- Costs are expected to increase in the coming year with the increased allocations to high yield and emerging market debt



¹ Includes base and performance fees

² BPS calculated on fee type Avg AUM. Consultants and Technology & Operating Expense BPS calculated on Total Program Avg AUM

Opportunistic Strategies & Private Debt | Functional Org Chart





Opportunistic Strategies & Private Debt | Program Costs

		FY 2021-22		FY 2020-21			
Expense Type	Avg AUM (\$millions)	Fees & Profit Sharing Paid (\$millions)	Fees & Profit Sharing Paid ² (BPS)	Avg AUM (\$millions)	Fees & Profit Sharing Paid (\$millions)	Fees & Profit Sharing Paid ² (BPS)	
Internal Management	\$ 8,518	\$ 3.3	4	\$ 10,721	\$ 2.1	2	
External Management ¹	\$ 4,359	\$ 29.8	68	\$ 903	\$ 4.6	51	
Consultants Expense	N/A	\$0.1	0	N/A	\$ 0.1	0	
Technology & Operating Expense	N/A	\$ 1.0	1	N/A	\$ 1.2	1	
Total Program	\$ 12,877	\$ 34.1	27	\$ 11,625	\$ 8.0	7	

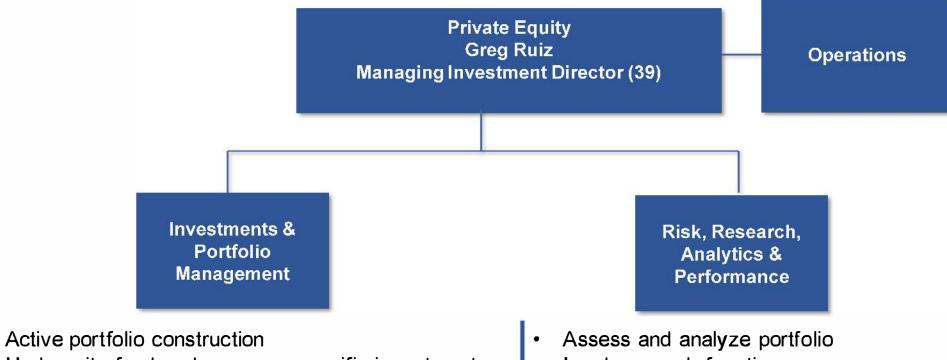
- Total program costs as a percentage of average total AUM increased due to the deployment of the private debt managers, which has become an increasingly large part of the program's total AUM
- Private debt continues to seek co-investment opportunities to further drive cost-efficiency

¹ Includes base and performance fees



² BPS calculated on fee type AUM. Internal Management, Consultants and Technology & Operating Expense BPS calculated on Total Program AUM

Private Equity | Functional Org Chart



- Underwrite fund and company-specific investments
- Monitor PE portfolio

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- Operations (bullets for operations box)
- Coordinate and execute key operational functions
 across the PE program
- Lead research function
- Report on portfolio performance



Private Equity | Program Costs

	FY 2021-22			FY 2020-21			
Expense Type	Avg AUM (\$millions)	Fees & Profit Sharing Paid (\$millions)	Fees & Profit Sharing Paid ² (BPS)	Avg AUM (\$millions)	Fees & Profit Sharing Paid (\$millions)	Fees & Profit Sharing Paid ² (BPS)	
Internal Management	\$0	\$ 8.3	2	\$0	\$ 7.7	3	
External Management ¹	\$ 47,414	\$ 1094.6	231	\$ 30,200	\$ 826.4	274	
Consultants Expense	N/A	\$ 1.1	0	N/A	\$ 1.8	1	
Technology & Operating Expense	N/A	\$ 8.6	2	N/A	\$ 8.2	3	
Total Program	\$ 47,414	\$ 1112.5	235	\$ 30,200	\$ 844.1	280	

- Continued traction driving greater cost-efficiency across the Private Equity program, primarily
 resulting from scaling co-investment exposure
- Total program costs as a percentage of average AUM declined 16% from 280 bps in FY 2020-21 to 235 bps in FY 2021-22



¹ Includes base and performance fees

² All BPS fees paid figures are calculated on average Program AUM

Real Assets | Functional Org Chart



- Manager and investment underwriting
- Manager engagement, monitoring, reporting
- Market surveillance
- Operating agreement compliance

- Operations, data and systems integrity
- Performance and attribution analysis
- Research capital markets, sector fundamentals, target markets
- Governance oversight



Real Assets | Program Costs

	FY 2021-22			FY 2020-21		
Expense Type	Avg AUM (\$millions)	Fees Paid (\$millions)	Fees Paid ² (BPS)	Avg AUM (\$millions)	Fees Paid (\$millions)	Fees Paid ² (BPS)
Internal Management	\$0	\$ 10.6	2	\$0	\$ 10.0	2
External Management ¹	\$ 54,726	\$ 450.2	82	\$ 44,422	\$ 325.2	73
Consultants Expense	N/A	\$ 1.5	0	N/A	\$ 1.0	0
Technology & Operating Expense	N/A	\$ 12.8	2	N/A	\$ 10.8	2
Total Program	\$ 54,726	\$ 475.1	87	\$ 44,422	\$ 347.0	78

- External Management Costs were up marginally by 9bps resulting from improving performance and payment of accrued incentives
- At 87bps, Total Program Costs represents a 21% discount to RAU's benchmark of 110bps
- Costs are expected to increase as Infrastructure expands into commingled funds which are not as cost efficient as SMAs



¹ Includes base and performance fees

² All BPS fees paid figures are calculated on average Program AUM

Private Equity | Additional Information

- Restricting Private Equity Investments in Public Sector Outsourcers Policy:
 - To the best of CalPERS knowledge, the Policy has been effective in limiting our General Partners investments in public sector outsourcers, as CalPERS has not received any waiver requests in the last 12 months and all of our GPs have agreed to make good faith efforts to comply with the Policy
 - This Policy has had no negative impact on PE Program investment opportunities
- Status of Absolute Return Strategies (ARS) winddown/composition:
 - ARS legacy portfolio NAV of \$165.7M as of 6/30/2022, with one primary privately-held interest remaining
 - Staff continues to actively seek monetization opportunities with the respective manager



CalPERS Investment Beliefs Summary

<u>CalPERS' Investment Beliefs</u> are not a checklist to be applied to every decision. They are a guide for making decisions that often require balancing multiple inter-related decision factors. Each Investment Belief also contains several subbeliefs that are actionable statements that provide insight as to how the Investment Beliefs will be implemented.

- 1. Liabilities must influence the asset structure
- 2. A long time investment horizon is a responsibility and an advantage
- 3. CalPERS investment decisions may reflect wider stakeholder views, provided they are consistent with its fiduciary duty to members and beneficiaries
- 4. Long-term value creation requires effective management of three forms of capital: financial, physical, and human
- 5. CalPERS must articulate its investment goals and performance measures and ensure clear accountability for their execution
- 6. Strategic allocation is the dominant determinant of portfolio risk and return
- 7. CalPERS will take risk only where we have a strong belief we will be rewarded for it
- 8. Costs matter and need to be effectively managed
- 9. Risk to CalPERS is multi-faceted and not fully captured through measures such as volatility or tracking error
- 10. Strong processes and teamwork and deep resources are needed to achieve CalPERS goals and objectives

