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INTRODUCTION

The Judges’ Retirement System (JRS) is governed by the Judges’ Retirement System Law at California Government Code (GC), section 75000 et seq., which is the basis of all JRS decisions. The statements in this publication are general and are as simple as possible while still attempting to be fully accurate. The Retirement Law is complex and subject to change. If there is a conflict between the law and this publication, any decisions will be based on the law and not this publication.

MEMBERSHIP

JRS was established on August 27, 1937. Membership includes justices of the Supreme Court, justices of the district courts of appeal, and judges of a superior or municipal court appointed or elected before November 9, 1994.

Since all counties have consolidated their municipal courts with their superior courts under Proposition 220, there are no longer active municipal court judges.

CONTRIBUTIONS

As a member of JRS, a portion of your monthly salary (currently 8 percent) is deducted each month and put into your account in the Judges’ Retirement Fund. The amount of your accumulated contributions is shown on your JRS Annual Member Statement (AMS), which is available after the end of each fiscal year. Your AMS can be accessed online through your myCalPERS account.

The state also contributes to the JRS Fund based on your salary. Benefits for JRS members are funded by the General Fund, payroll contributions of members, and the state’s contributions as an employer.

Refund of Contributions

A refund of your contributions terminates your JRS membership, and you will not be eligible for any future benefits. You must accept a refund of your contributions under the following circumstances:

• If you leave office prior to retirement and you have less than five years of service credit;

.............................. or ..............................

• If you plead guilty or no contest to, or are found guilty of, a crime committed while holding office which is punishable as a felony under California or federal laws and which involves moral turpitude, or was committed in the course and scope of your duties.
SERVICE CREDIT

You earn service credit for the time you hold office as a judge, computed in years and fractions of years. If you would be eligible for service retirement or disability retirement had your service included an additional 60 days, you may be credited with the necessary service up to 60 days.

PURCHASING SERVICE CREDIT

Redepositing Withdrawn Contributions

If you are reappointed or elected to a judicial position after receiving a refund of your contributions, you may redeposit your withdrawn contributions, plus interest, from the date of withdrawal to the date of redeposit, and restore the corresponding service credit.

Prior Service

As an active judge, you are eligible to purchase service credit in JRS for certain types of previous employment if you are not receiving credit for this service under any other public retirement system. To purchase the service credit, you must pay the amount that would have been deducted from your salary had you been a judge during that time, plus any applicable interest.

You may purchase all or any portion of your prior service. However, you must elect to purchase this prior service credit before you retire. If you think you qualify for purchasing prior service credit, contact JRS.

Military Service

You may be able to purchase additional service credit in JRS for active duty military service if you are not receiving credit for this service under any other public retirement system. Service may be granted on the basis of one year of credit for each year of credited service in the system, but may not exceed a total of four years of service credit, regardless of the number of years served in active military duty. A present value calculation method provides the means for an eligible member to pay the full cost of the service. Contact JRS for more information on eligibility criteria.

APPLYING FOR RETIREMENT

To apply for retirement, you must complete JRS retirement forms. To ensure timely processing, submit your application to JRS at least 60 days prior to your intended retirement date.
YOUR RETIREMENT BENEFITS

There are several retirement options available to you. Be sure to carefully review the minimum requirements and advantages of each to determine which is best for you.

Service Retirement

To qualify for a service retirement, you must be at least age 60. Table 1 illustrates the percent of active judicial salary that your Unmodified Allowance (highest benefit payable) is based upon given your age and years of service.

Table 1
Retirement Allowance Percentage Based on Age and Years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Retirement Age</th>
<th>Years of Service</th>
<th>Percent of Active Judicial Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60+</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>75 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>65 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>65 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>65 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>65 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70+</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>65 percent</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Your Unmodified Allowance will equal a percentage of the current salary of the judicial office you last held. The percentage you receive is based on your age and years of service. Increases in judicial salaries increase your retirement allowance proportionately.

Extended Service Incentive Program (ESIP)

If you are an active member with 20 or more years of service credit and were at least age 60 on or after January 1, 2001, you are automatically enrolled in this program and may be eligible to receive a lump-sum payment in addition to your normal monthly retirement allowance at retirement. The payment is a calculation of 20 percent of your monthly salary for the first five years from eligibility date and 8 percent of salary for the next five years. Interest is calculated at a rate indexed to 30-year U.S. Treasury Bonds. There is a 36-month minimum participation period to receive the program payment and a maximum enrollment period of 10 years.

Under the Extended Service Incentive Program, you are eligible to receive a lump-sum payment, in addition to your normal retirement benefit, when you retire. The lump-sum payment of principal and interest will be paid to you after you are out of office and the state and/or county ceases reporting payroll to JRS on your behalf.
Deferred Retirement

If you have at least five years of judicial service, you may retire under deferred retirement. However, you will not receive a retirement allowance until:

- You reach the age at which you would have been eligible to retire under service retirement, if you had remained continuously in office up to that age, and you are at least age 63; or
- You are age 60 if you have at least 20 years of judicial service.

Your deferred retirement allowance is based on your years of service (not to exceed 20) multiplied by a percentage based on the number of years of service (between 2 percent and 3.75 percent) times your salary. Table 2 below illustrates the various percentages based on years of service for whole years only. Fractional years are prorated and included in your retirement calculation.

Table 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Years of Service</th>
<th>Percent Per Year of Service</th>
<th>Total Percentage X Active Judicial Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2.25</td>
<td>13.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>2.50</td>
<td>17.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>2.75</td>
<td>22.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>27.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>3.25</td>
<td>32.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>3.50</td>
<td>38.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>3.75</td>
<td>45.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>3.75</td>
<td>48.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>3.75</td>
<td>52.50</td>
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<td>16</td>
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<td>17</td>
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<td>63.75</td>
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<td>18</td>
<td>3.75</td>
<td>67.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>3.75</td>
<td>71.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>3.75</td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Optional Settlements

At retirement, there are various options available to you. You may choose to receive the highest benefit payable, which is referred to as the Unmodified Allowance, or you may choose an optional settlement.

In selecting an option, please be aware that, upon your death after retirement, GC section 75077 provides an allowance equal to one-half of your unmodified retirement allowance to an eligible surviving spouse or domestic partner, which is referred to as the Surviving Spouse Allowance. To be eligible, you must have been married to your spouse or in a registered domestic partnership at least one year prior to your retirement date. This benefit automatically continues to your spouse or registered domestic partner following your death after retirement, regardless of the option you select.

**Unmodified Allowance** – Provides the highest monthly allowance payable for life. This option provides no continuing monthly allowance to a beneficiary and no return of unused member contributions upon your death.

**Return of Remaining Contributions Option 1** – Provides a lump-sum payment of any remaining member contributions to one or more named beneficiaries. This option alone does not provide an ongoing monthly allowance.

**100 Percent Beneficiary Option 2** – Provides 100 percent of the option portion of your ongoing monthly allowance to your named beneficiary upon your death. Upon both your deaths, a lump-sum payment of any remaining member contributions in your account will be paid to one or more named beneficiaries.

**100 Percent Beneficiary Option 2 with Benefit Allowance Increase** – Provides 100 percent of the option portion of your ongoing monthly benefit to your named beneficiary upon your death. Your benefit will increase to the Unmodified Allowance under the following circumstances:

- Your beneficiary predeceases you; or
- Your nonspouse beneficiary waives entitlement to the benefit; or
- Your marriage is dissolved or annulled, or you obtain a legal separation, and the judgment dividing the community property awards you the total interest in your retirement plan.

**50 Percent Beneficiary Option 3** – Provides 50 percent of the option portion of your ongoing monthly allowance to your named beneficiary upon your death. Upon both your deaths, a lump-sum payment of any remaining member contributions will be paid to one or more named beneficiaries.
50 Percent Beneficiary Option 3 with Benefit Allowance Increase – Provides 50 percent of the option portion of your ongoing monthly benefit to your named beneficiary upon your death. Your benefit will increase to the Unmodified Allowance under the following circumstances:

- Your beneficiary predeceases you; or
- Your nonspouse beneficiary waives entitlement to the benefit; or
- Your marriage is dissolved or annulled, or you obtain a legal separation, and the judgment dividing the community property awards you the total interest in your retirement plan.

Flexible Beneficiary Option 4 – Provides an ongoing monthly allowance of a specific dollar amount or specific percentage of your Unmodified Allowance to one or more named beneficiaries upon your death.

Disability Retirement

If you become unable to continue the duties of your office because of a mental or physical disability that is, or is likely to become, permanent, you may apply to the Commission on Judicial Performance to be considered for a disability retirement.

There are no age or service requirements for a work-related disability retirement. However, the service requirement to retire for a non-work-related disability retirement depends on when you first became a judge. Please refer to Table 3 for guidelines regarding the service requirements for a non-work-related disability retirement.

Table 3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JRS Membership Date</th>
<th>Service Requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior to January 1, 1980</td>
<td>No service requirement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1980 to December 31, 1988</td>
<td>Two years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 1989 or later</td>
<td>Four years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Generally, the allowance payable for a disability retirement is 65 percent of judicial salary unless you are eligible for a higher percentage under a service retirement.

To be eligible for a disability retirement, you must meet a minimum years of service requirement that is based on when you first became a judge.
WORKING AFTER RETIREMENT

Service or Deferred Retirement

Your service and deferred retirement allowance is generally not affected by any employment that does not require membership in JRS, although some exceptions apply. The California Public Employees’ Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) added sections 7522.56 and 7522.57 to the Government Code effective January 1, 2013, which set forth post-retirement employment requirements for all retirees.

GC section 7522.56 provides that a retired person shall not serve in the same public retirement system from which the retiree receives the benefit without reinstatement from retirement. This applies to all JRS retirees, except for those who serve as retired judges with the Assigned Judges Program.

GC section 7522.57 prohibits a person retired from a public retirement system from receiving his or her retirement allowance if appointed on or after January 1, 2013, to a full-time salaried position with a state board or commission. Please refer to GC section 7522.57(d) for specific information regarding your options if appointed to a full-time salaried position with a state board or commission.

A retiree appointed to a part-time state board or commission may serve without loss or interruption of benefits. A part-time appointment is defined as an appointment with a salary of no more than $60,000 annually. It is your duty to notify JRS if you are appointed to a state board or commission.

Disability Retirement

You may not accept employment that requires membership in JRS or another public retirement system.

If you practice law or accept other gainful employment that requires you to perform duties substantially similar to those you were found unable to perform and thus, granted a disability retirement, your retirement allowance will cease permanently.

If you practice law or accept other gainful employment that does not require you to perform duties similar to those you were found unable to perform, your retirement allowance will be reduced so the total of your allowance and earnings does not exceed 75 percent of the current salary of your last judicial office. Monthly earnings must be reported to JRS by the eighth of each month following receipt of earnings.

When you reach the age that you would have been eligible for a service retirement under GC section 75025, your disability allowance will no longer be subject to the reduction due to earnings of gainful employment as described in the above paragraph.
SURVIVOR BENEFITS

Spouse or Registered Domestic Partner

Pre-Retirement Death

Not Eligible to Retire

If you die before you are eligible to retire, your spouse or registered domestic partner will receive a lifetime monthly allowance equal to 25 percent of your judicial salary. This benefit is available to your spouse or registered domestic partner regardless of your age and length of service.

If you elected and paid for a surviving spouse benefit ($2 per month) pursuant to GC section 75090 et seq., and you have 10 to 20 years of service, your spouse or registered domestic partner could elect to receive a lifetime monthly allowance equivalent to 1.625 percent times your years of service (a fraction of a year equals one year). Refer to Table 4 for the percentage of judicial salary that would be payable.

Table 4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Years of Service</th>
<th>Percent Per Year of Service</th>
<th>Total Percentage of Judicial Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>1.625</td>
<td>16.250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>1.625</td>
<td>17.875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>1.625</td>
<td>19.500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>1.625</td>
<td>21.125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>1.625</td>
<td>22.750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>1.625</td>
<td>24.375</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>1.625</td>
<td>26.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>1.625</td>
<td>27.625</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>1.625</td>
<td>29.250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>1.625</td>
<td>30.875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20+</td>
<td>1.625</td>
<td>37.500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Your spouse or registered domestic partner could elect to receive a return of your contributions plus one month’s salary, for each year served as a judge, up to a maximum of six months. If your spouse or registered domestic partner predeceases you and you do not have a designated beneficiary, your estate can receive this benefit.

**Eligible to Retire**

You may elect, at any time, while in office, to make an election for your spouse or registered domestic partner to receive the maximum survivor benefit (equivalent to the Option 2 benefit specified in subdivision (b) of section 75071) in the event of your death before retirement. This benefit is payable if you are at least age 60 and have at least 20 years of service at the time of your death.

If you did not make the election noted above, and if you die after you are eligible to retire, but before you retire, your spouse or registered domestic partner will receive a lifetime monthly allowance equal to one-half of the Unmodified Allowance you would have received had you retired on the date of your death.

**Post-Retirement Death**

If you die after retirement, your spouse or registered domestic partner will receive one-half of your Unmodified Allowance for life or the optional settlement you elected, as described in the Optional Settlements section on page 7.

*In all cases, judges who took the bench on or after January 1, 1980, must be married or in a registered domestic partnership for at least one year prior to retirement for the Surviving Spouse Allowance to apply.*

**Children**

Survivor benefits will be paid to surviving children only if no benefits are payable to a spouse or registered domestic partner. You may elect coverage for your children by filing a written notice with JRS within six months of becoming a judge or within six months of acquiring a legal duty to support an eligible child.

The contribution amount for this coverage is $3 per month. Contributions will continue after retirement if you have eligible children and you choose to continue the benefit coverage. You may revoke your election and re-elect any time prior to retirement.
Eligible children include your unmarried, dependent child or stepchild under age 18, or age 22 if they are a full-time student. In addition, an unmarried, dependent child over age 18 who is disabled by a condition which began prior to attaining age 18 and which has continued without interruption after age 18 is considered an eligible child.

Payments are divided equally among the eligible children and are made directly to children over age 18 or to the guardian of children under age 18. Payments continue until a child reaches age 18, or age 22 if a full-time student, or until a disabled child is no longer unmarried, dependent, and disabled.

**Pre-Retirement Death**

*Not Eligible to Retire*

If you die before you are eligible to retire and do not have a spouse or registered domestic partner, the guardian of your unmarried children under age 18 and unmarried children under age 22 who are full-time students, will receive a monthly allowance equal to 25 percent of your judicial salary. Payments are divided equally if you have more than one eligible child.

................................ or ................................

If you have at least 10 years of judicial service at the time of your death, your children (or their guardian) may elect to receive a monthly allowance equivalent to 1.625 percent times your years of service, to a maximum of 37.5 percent. (See Table 4.)

................................ or ................................

If your children are your designated beneficiaries, they (or their guardian) could elect to receive a refund of your contributions, plus one month's pay for each year you served, up to a maximum of six months.

*Eligible to Retire*

If you die after you are eligible to retire, but before you retire, and do not have a spouse or registered domestic partner, your eligible children will receive a monthly allowance equal to one-half of the allowance you would have received had you retired on the date of your death, to be equally divided among the children.

**Post-Retirement Death**

If you die after you retire and do not have a spouse or registered domestic partner, your eligible children will receive a monthly allowance equal to one-half of your unmodified allowance, to be equally divided among the children.
MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND VISION BENEFITS

Service and Disability Retirement

If you are enrolled in a state health plan at the time of your retirement, you may have the ability to continue with your existing plan, change your plan, and/or change your dependents. If you are not enrolled in a state health plan at the time of your retirement, you are still eligible to enroll. You may elect to enroll at retirement or within 60 days of your retirement date. You may also enroll during any future Open Enrollment period or due to a qualifying life event when outside of Open Enrollment.

Deferred Retirement

If you separate from employment and are deemed retired under GC section 75033.5, you and your eligible dependents may elect to continue health benefit coverage during the deferred status. You will assume the cost of both the employee and employer shares of the health premium, plus an additional 2 percent of the premium payments.

Once you start receiving your retirement allowance, you may be entitled to receive a contribution from the state toward the cost of your premiums. However, the state contribution may not completely cover the full monthly premium of your medical plan. Depending on your medical vesting for the state contribution and which plan you choose, you may be responsible for a portion of the medical premium.

Medical Vesting Requirements

You may be entitled to receive a contribution from the state toward the cost of your retiree medical premiums. However, the state contribution may not completely cover the full monthly premium of your plan. You are responsible to pay the difference between the state contribution amount and the premium for the medical plan.

The amount the state contributes toward your medical plan coverage depends on whether or not you are “vested.” If you were first hired by the state:

• **Before January 1, 1985** – You are eligible to receive 100 percent of the state’s contribution.
• **On or After January 1, 1985** – You are subject to “vesting” requirements. You must have 10 years of service to be fully vested and qualify for 100 percent of the state’s contribution toward your medical coverage. With less than 10 years, your state contribution is pro-rated based upon your years of service as shown in Table 5.
Table 5

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Years of Service Credit</th>
<th>Percentage of State Share Toward Monthly Premium</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At least 5 years</td>
<td>50 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Between 5 and 10 years</td>
<td>Pro-rated between 50 and 100 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 years or more</td>
<td>100 percent</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Medicare Enrollment**

All retirees and their dependents enrolled in a CalPERS medical plan must certify their Medicare status with CalPERS when they become eligible for Medicare at age 65 or upon retirement if working beyond age 65. State law specifies that if you and your dependents are eligible for Medicare Part A and Part B, you cannot be enrolled in a Basic medical plan. You will need to enroll in one of our Medicare plans.

To enroll in a Medicare plan, mail a copy of your Medicare card or “letter of award” from the Social Security Administration along with a letter requesting this change to JRS.

**Medicare Part B Reimbursement**

All Medicare Part B enrollees must pay a premium directly to the Social Security Administration for their enrollment. The State of California provides a monthly reimbursement to Medicare plan enrollees for some or all of the cost of their Medicare Part B premiums.

The reimbursement amount is limited to the difference between your state contribution and the cost of your plan’s premium, up to the amount of the standard Part B premium. Your reimbursement will be automatically calculated and will appear on your retirement warrant as a credit.

**Income-Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA)**

If you are paying an increased Medicare Part B premium (IRMAA) due to your income level, send a copy of the entire Social Security notice showing your increased Medicare Part B premium to JRS. If there are funds available, you’ll see an increased reimbursement credit on your retirement warrant.

If you pay an IRMAA for Part B, you may also pay an IRMAA for Part D. California law does not provide for reimbursement of Medicare Part D premiums.
Dental Benefits

You may elect to continue or enroll into a state dental plan at retirement. JRS will process your enrollment according to your election at retirement. All retirees pay a share toward their dental coverage. The amount of your retiree share depends on the dental plan in which you elect to enroll.

For more information on the dental plans available to you and your expected monthly premium, please visit the Retirees section of the California Department of Human Resources website at www.calhr.ca.gov/retirees.

Vision Benefits

You may elect to continue or enroll into a state retiree vision plan at retirement. Please contact your human resources department to facilitate your enrollment. There is no state contribution for the retiree vision benefits. The amount of your premium will depend on the plan in which you elect to enroll.

For more information on the vision plans available to you and your expected monthly premium, please visit the Retirees section of the California Department of Human Resources website at www.calhr.ca.gov/retirees.

Continuation of Health Benefits for Dependents

If your eligible dependents are included in your CalPERS health plan at the time of your death, their enrollment will automatically continue if they receive a monthly allowance from JRS. The state's contribution will also continue. If your eligible dependents do not receive a monthly allowance, they can continue their coverage through the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act Program (COBRA).

Surviving eligible dependents not currently enrolled may be eligible to enroll in a CalPERS health plan within 60 days of your death or during any Open Enrollment period. Contact JRS for more information.
OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Direct Deposit

When you retire, or any time after retirement, you may choose to have your retirement allowance electronically transferred to your checking or savings account at your financial institution.

Allowance Increases

Your retirement allowance will receive increases consistent with active judicial salary increases.

Community Property

If you and your spouse or registered domestic partner get a divorce, legally separate, get an annulment, or your partnership is terminated, your spouse or registered domestic partner may be entitled to receive a portion of your retirement benefits. Please contact JRS for more information.

Reciprocity

JRS has limited reciprocity with CalPERS and plans under the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937. If you have contributions on deposit with CalPERS or one of the 37 Act Counties, you may be entitled to have your CalPERS or 37 Act County retirement benefits computed based on your judicial salary. You must retire concurrently from CalPERS and/or a 37 Act County Plan and JRS for reciprocity to apply.

Long-Term Care Program

If you want to continue deductions for payment of CalPERS Long-Term Care Program premiums, please contact the program’s administrator to request the proper authorization forms to ensure continuity of your premium payments.

Taxes

Your retirement allowance will be subject to both state and federal taxes. At the time of your retirement, you will be given the opportunity to make an election regarding tax withholding. You may change your tax withholding election at any time.

Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 415

IRC Section 415 places a dollar limit on the annual benefit you may receive from a tax-qualified pension plan. Judges entering JRS membership on or after January 1, 1990, will be subject to the annual benefit limits established by the Internal Revenue Service.
Social Security

During your employment as a judge covered under JRS, you do not pay Social Security taxes. A pension or distribution from JRS may affect the amount of any Social Security benefit you may be entitled to receive through two provisions of federal law: the Windfall Elimination Provision (WEP) and the Government Pension Offset. Contact the Social Security Administration if you have any questions regarding how WEP or the Government Pension Offset may affect Social Security benefits.

Group Life Insurance

If you wish to continue deductions for payment of group life insurance premiums, please contact your group insurance office for authorization forms.
RETIREMENT PLANNING CHECKLIST

One Year Before Retiring

☐ Review your latest JRS Annual Member Statement. If you don’t have yours available, contact JRS to request a copy. Additionally, if you think you may be eligible to purchase additional service credit for employment not shown on your statement, please contact JRS.

☐ Contact the Social Security Administration for information regarding benefits under that system and Medicare eligibility.

☐ If you have a community property claim on your JRS account, you must provide JRS with a copy of the court order resolving the claim before you can receive retirement benefits. If you are not sure if JRS has this information, or you have community property questions, please contact JRS.

☐ If you are also a member of another public retirement system in California there are steps you must take to ensure you receive all the benefits to which you are entitled from each system. You must apply for retirement separately with each system; however, your benefits may be based on your judicial salary if it is the highest compensation earned under all systems and if you retire from each on the same date. If you previously withdrew your member contributions from another public retirement system in California, you may want to contact that retirement system to inquire about reciprocal redeposit rights.

Six Months Before Retiring

☐ You may wish to obtain a retirement estimate, which can help you select your retirement benefit option. JRS retirement forms will be sent with your estimate, or you can print retirement forms from the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Three to Four Months Before Retiring

☐ Begin working on your JRS retirement forms.

- Judges’ Retirement Application or Deferred Retirement Application
- Tax Withholding
- Justification for Absence of Spouse’s or Registered Domestic Partner’s Signature
- Judges’ Health and Dental Declaration
- Direct Deposit Authorization
- Distribution of Judges’ Retirement System (JRS) Extended Service Incentive Program (ESIP), if applicable
- Re-Election/Revocation of Surviving Children Benefits Under Article 5.1, if applicable
☐ Begin gathering and making copies of the documents you will be required to submit with your application.

- Birth certificate or passport
- Your spouse or registered domestic partner’s birth certificate or passport, if applicable
- Marriage certificate or certificate of domestic partnership, if applicable

**Two Months Before Retiring**

☐ Send your completed retirement application and other applicable forms to JRS. Be sure to keep a copy of all forms and supporting documents for your records.

☐ Contact the Social Security Administration to apply for Medicare Part B, if applicable.
BECOME A MORE INFORMED MEMBER

CalPERS Website

Visit our website at www.calpers.ca.gov for information on all of our benefits and services.

my|CalPERS

Log in at my.calpers.ca.gov to access real-time details and balances of your JRS account. With my|CalPERS you can:

• View, print, and save current and past statements.
• Select mailing preferences for your statements and newsletters.
• Confirm which dependents are covered on your medical plan and what medical plans are available in your area.
• Send and receive secure messages.
• Order and download publications.
• Search for medical premium rates.

Experience CalPERS Through Social Media

Facebook: www.facebook.com/myCalPERS
Twitter: www.twitter.com/CalPERS
Instagram: www.instagram.com/CalPERS
YouTube: www.youtube.com/CalPERSNetwork
LinkedIn: www.linkedin.com/company/calpers

Contact JRS

Street Address
Judges’ Retirement System
400 Q Street
Sacramento, CA 95811

Mailing Address
P.O. Box 942705
Sacramento, CA 94229-2705

Phone Numbers
(916) 795-3688
Fax (916) 795-1500
PRIVACY NOTICE

The privacy of personal information is of the utmost importance to CalPERS. The following information is provided to you in compliance with the Information Practices Act of 1977 and the Federal Privacy Act of 1974.

Information Purpose
The information requested is collected pursuant to the Government Code (sections 20000 et seq.) and will be used for administration of Board duties under the Retirement Law, the Social Security Act, and the Public Employees’ Medical and Hospital Care Act, as the case may be. Submission of the requested information is mandatory. Failure to comply may result in CalPERS being unable to perform its functions regarding your status. Please do not include information that is not requested.

Social Security Numbers
Social Security numbers are collected on a mandatory and voluntary basis. If this is CalPERS’ first request for disclosure of your Social Security number, then disclosure is mandatory. If your Social Security number has already been provided, disclosure is voluntary. Due to the use of Social Security numbers by other agencies for identification purposes, we may be unable to verify eligibility for benefits without the number.

Social Security numbers are used for the following purposes:
1. Enrollee identification
2. Payroll deduction/state contributions
3. Billing of contracting agencies for employee/employer contributions
4. Reports to CalPERS and other state agencies
5. Coordination of benefits among carriers
6. Resolving member appeals, complaints, or grievances with health plan carriers

Information Disclosure
Portions of this information may be transferred to other state agencies (such as your employer), physicians, and insurance carriers, but only in strict accordance with current statutes regarding confidentiality.

Your Rights
You have the right to review your membership files maintained by the System. For questions about this notice, our Privacy Policy, or your rights, please write to the CalPERS Privacy Officer at 400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA 95811 or call us at 888 CalPERS (or 888-225-7377).

CalPERS is governed by the Public Employees’ Retirement Law and the Alternate Retirement Program provisions in the Government Code, together referred to as the Retirement Law. The statements in this publication are general. The Retirement Law is complex and subject to change. If there is a conflict between the law and this publication, any decisions will be based on the law and not this publication. If you have a question that is not answered by this general description, you may make a written request for advice regarding your specific situation directly to the CalPERS Privacy Officer at 400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.