**FAQ’s: Important Information About Your COBRA Continuation Coverage Rights**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Answer</th>
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<td>Am I eligible to elect COBRA continuation coverage at this time?</td>
<td>Only individuals who lost group health coverage at some time on or after September 1, 2008 due to an involuntary termination of employment and who did not elect COBRA continuation coverage during their first election period, OR elected but subsequently discontinued COBRA coverage (for reasons other than becoming eligible for another group health plan or Medicare), are entitled to elect coverage at this time. If you lost group health coverage for any other reason and did not elect COBRA continuation coverage when it was first offered, you are not entitled to this second election period.</td>
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<td>Am I eligible for the premium reduction?</td>
<td>If you lost group health coverage at some time on or after September 1, 2008 due to an involuntary termination of employment and are not eligible for Medicare or other group health plan coverage, you may be entitled to receive the premium reduction. Information about the amount of the premium reduction and how it affects your premium payments can be found below under the question, “How much does COBRA continuation coverage cost?”</td>
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| How long will continuation coverage last? | Your coverage will begin retroactively and can generally continue for up to 18 months from the date of your involuntary termination of employment. The duration of the premium reduction is determined separately and may not last for the entire length of your COBRA coverage. See the question below entitled “How much does COBRA continuation coverage cost?” Continuation coverage will be terminated before the end of the 18 month period if:  
  • any required premium is not paid in full on time,  
  • a qualified beneficiary becomes covered, after electing continuation coverage, under another group health plan that does not impose any pre-existing condition exclusion for a pre-existing condition of the qualified beneficiary,  
  • a qualified beneficiary becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both) after electing continuation coverage, or  
  • the employer ceases to provide any group health plan for its employees.  
Continuation coverage may also be terminated for any reason the Plan would terminate coverage of a participant or beneficiary not receiving continuation coverage (such as fraud). |
| How can I extend the length of COBRA continuation coverage? | If you elect continuation coverage, an extension of the maximum period of coverage may be available if a qualified beneficiary is disabled or a second qualifying event occurs. You must notify your health plan of a disability or a second qualifying event in order to extend the period of continuation coverage. Failure to provide notice of a disability or second qualifying event may affect the right to extend the period of continuation coverage. |
How can I extend the length of COBRA continuation coverage? (cont.)

Disability
An 11-month extension of coverage may be available if any of the qualified beneficiaries is determined under the Social Security Act (SSA) to be disabled. The disability has to have started at some time on or before the 60th day of COBRA continuation coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of continuation coverage. You should contact your health plan for a description of the plan provisions requiring notice of disability determination, including time frames and procedures. Each qualified beneficiary who has elected continuation coverage will be entitled to the 11-month disability extension if one of them qualifies. If the qualified beneficiary is determined to no longer be disabled under the SSA, you must notify the Plan of that fact within 30 days after that determination.

Second Qualifying Event
An 18-month extension of coverage will be available to spouses and dependent children who elect continuation coverage if a second qualifying event occurs during the first 18 months of continuation coverage. The maximum amount of continuation coverage available when a second qualifying event occurs is 36 months. Such second qualifying events may include the death of a covered employee, divorce or separation from the covered employee, the covered employee’s becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), or a dependent child’s ceasing to be eligible for coverage as a dependent under the Plan. These events can be a second qualifying event only if they would have caused the qualified beneficiary to lose coverage under the Plan if the first qualifying event had not occurred. You must notify the Plan within 60 days after a second qualifying event occurs if you want to extend your continuation coverage.

How can I elect COBRA continuation coverage?

To elect continuation coverage, you must complete the Election Form and furnish it according to the directions on the form. Each qualified beneficiary has a separate right to elect continuation coverage. For example, the employee’s spouse may elect continuation coverage even if the employee does not. Continuation coverage may be elected for only one, several, or for all dependent children who are qualified beneficiaries. A parent may elect to continue coverage on behalf of any dependent children. The employee or the employee’s spouse can elect continuation coverage on behalf of all of the qualified beneficiaries.

In considering whether to elect continuation coverage, you should take into account that a failure to continue your group health coverage will affect your future rights under Federal law. First, you can lose the right to avoid having preexisting condition exclusions applied to you by other group health plans if you have a 63-day gap in health coverage, and election of continuation coverage may help prevent such a gap. Second, you will lose the guaranteed right to purchase individual health coverage that does not impose a preexisting condition exclusion if you do not elect continuation coverage for the maximum time available to you. If you do elect continuation coverage under this additional election period, the period from qualifying event to the date coverage begins under your election will not count as a break in coverage in determining whether you had a 63-day break in coverage.
Generally, each qualified beneficiary may be required to pay the entire cost of continuation coverage. The amount a qualified beneficiary may be required to pay may not exceed 102 percent (or, in the case of an extension of continuation coverage due to a disability, 150 percent) of the cost to the group health plan (including both employer and employee contributions) for coverage of a similarly situated plan participant or beneficiary who is not receiving continuation coverage.

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) reduces the COBRA premium in some cases. The premium reduction is available to certain individuals who experience a qualifying event that is an involuntary termination of employment during the period beginning with September 1, 2008 and ending with December 31, 2009. If you qualify for the premium reduction, you need only contribute 35 percent of the COBRA premium otherwise due to the plan. This premium reduction is available for up to nine months. If your COBRA continuation coverage lasts for more than nine months, you will have to pay the full amount to continue your COBRA continuation coverage. See the documents entitled Summary of the COBRA Premium Reduction Provisions under ARRA for more details, restrictions, and obligations as well as the form necessary to establish eligibility.

If you have question about these provisions, you may call the Health Coverage Tax Credit Customer Contact Center toll-free at 1-866-628-4282. TTD/TTY callers may call toll-free at 1-866-626-4282.

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**When and how must payment for COBRA continuation coverage be made?**

**First payment for continuation coverage**
If you elect continuation coverage, you do not have to send any payment with the Election Form. However, you must make your first payment for continuation coverage not later than 45 days after the date of your election (This is the date the Election Notice is post-marked, if mailed.). If you do not make your first payment for continuation coverage in full not later than 45 days after the date of your election, you will lose all continuation coverage rights under the Plan. You are responsible for making sure that the amount of your first payment is correct. You may contact your health plan to confirm the correct amount of your first payment.

**Periodic payment for continuation coverage**
After you make your first payment for continuation coverage, you will be required to make periodic payments for each subsequent coverage period. The amount due for each coverage period is available from your plan. The periodic payments can be made on a monthly basis. Under the Plan, each of these periodic payments for continuation coverage is due on the date provided by your health plan. If you make a periodic payment on or before the first day of the coverage period to which it applies, your coverage under the Plan will continue for that coverage period without any break. You will receive periodic notices of payments due for these coverage periods.

**Grace periods for periodic payments**
Although periodic payments are due, your plan may provide a grace period after the first day of the coverage period to make each periodic payment. Your continuation coverage will be provided for each coverage period as long as
payment for that coverage period is made before the end of the applicable grace period, if any, for that payment. However, if you pay a periodic payment later than the first day of the coverage period to which it applies, but before the end of the grace period for the coverage period, your coverage under the Plan may be suspended as of the first day of the coverage period and then retroactively reinstated (going back to the first day of the coverage period) when the periodic payment is received. This means that any claim you submit for benefits while your coverage is suspended may be denied and may have to be resubmitted once your coverage is reinstated.

If you fail to make a periodic payment before the end of any applicable grace period for that coverage period, you will lose all rights to continuation coverage under the Plan. You will receive additional information and instructions for submitting periodic payments.

This notice does not fully describe continuation coverage or other rights under the Plan. More information about continuation coverage and your rights under the Plan is available in your summary plan description.

If you have any questions concerning the information in this notice, your rights to coverage, or if you want a copy of your summary plan description, you should contact your health plan.

Private sector employees seeking more information about rights under ERISA, including COBRA, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), and other laws affecting group health plans, can contact the U.S. Department of Labor’s Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) at 1-866-444-3272 or visit the EBSA website at www.dol.gov/ebsa. State and local government employees should contact HHS-CMS at www.cms.hhs.gov/COBRAContinuationofCov/ or NewCobraRights@cms.hhs.gov.

In order to protect your and your family’s rights, you should keep the Plan Administrator informed of any changes in your address and the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator.