# ACO REACH: The Hazards of Capitation for Traditional Medicare

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# My Perspective

- Health Policy, Economics, &
   Services Research at UCSF (30 y)
- Analysis and advocacy for single payer / improved Medicare for All

# Overview

#### ACO REACH Echoes Medicare Advantage

#### Medicare Advantage

- Private Health Plans marketed to beneficiaries, paid by capitation
- Limit Care Access via formal constraints: Provider Networks, Prior Approvals, Denials
- Overcharge CMS via risk adjustment gaming and adverse selection

#### ACO REACH

- Direct Contracting Entities (DCEs, rebranded as "ACOs") = intermediaries paid by capitation
- Take on cost risk for all patients of participating physicians
- Seek savings / profit by incentivizing reductions in care
- Informal constraints: lower referrals for specialists, tests, procedures
- MD payment reflects this: Protect / grow income via lowering care

# Medicare Advantage Access Problems

- Heavy reliance on provider networks, which often lack specialists and highest quality hospitals
- OIG (HHS Office of Inspector General) found 15 million incorrect care denials over 3 years
- 50% of MA enrollees in fair / poor health have trouble getting health care due to cost, or problems paying medical bills.
- MA enrollees likely to shift to Traditional Medicare at end of life

# Medicare Advantage Overcharging CMS

- Aggressive (even fraudulent) diagnostic upcoding to raise capitation rates
- Inadequate CMS adjustment for known overcoding vs Traditional Medicare
- More expensive than Traditional Medicare
- Costs to CMS = \$12 B in 2020 (MedPAC), \$500 B
   2023-2032 (Kronick)
- Increases Part B premiums (incl CalPERS reimbursements)

## ACO REACH / DCEs & Financial Risk

- "Benchmark" Annual Cost (i.e., capitation) based on past spending
- Like MA, adjusted for diagnostic severity: More
   Diagnoses = higher benchmark
- Weak Limits (3% annual) on ACO Growth of Diagnostic Severity Once Program Starts
- "Static reference year" but only 2024-2026
- "Coding Intensity Factor" to control overall coding growth, but CMS failure to enforce limits in MA

# **ACO REACH Payment Structure**

- Payment to DCEs at start of each month, provider payment after care → a "float" may yield several % investment returns (o/w would accrue to CMS)
- DCEs pay CMS 0-3.5% "discount" (offset by float)
- Then DCE keeps ALL savings (reductions in medical costs) up to 25%, + much beyond that.
   FAR higher than previous generations of ACOs.
- Thus, for DCEs to profit, they must incentivize less use of care.

## Physician Payment Echoes & Enables ACO

- Physicians paid via fee-for-service, at lower rates than currently
- Share in savings under benchmark (details proprietary by DCE)
- Thus to maintain income (let alone gain), need to facilitate lower medical costs overall.
- Loss aversion is a very powerful motivator (as is raising income)

#### ACO REACH will use informal care constraints

- Fewer or slower referrals for specialists / tests / procedures
- Erodes trust between physician and patient –
  physician financial interests reside in reducing not
  facilitating care.
- Undercuts why seniors value Traditional Medicare.

## Thus ACO REACH Poses Same Threats as MA

- Why privatize the public part of Medicare?
- CMS has stated goal of all beneficiaries in an "accountable relationship" by 2030.
- But little evidence that ACOs work, and no evidence that DCEs / ACO REACH works
- Should drop ACO REACH, let Traditional Medicare stay traditional; safest option
- At most, a much smaller pilot with very strict
   requirements for scale-up, eg superb access to care for sick enrollees

### **ACO REACH Ethical Issues**

- Beneficiaries often don't know they're being enrolled (eg Sutter)
- Letter notifying of enrollment misrepresents, eg claims known benefits for clinical care, doctors requested this
- Finding a non-REACH provider is disruptive and difficult, no assistance. Represents coercion
- Doctor-patient relationship is compromised
- Ten ACO REACH DCEs have history of fraud within Medicare/Medicaid
- Medical experiment without human research oversight (as is MA, as is our insurance system).