

## Finance and Administration Committee

# Agenda Item 5c

#### February 18, 2020

Item Name: Judges' Retirement System II Actuarial Valuation Report and Employer and

**Employee Contribution Rates** 

Program: Actuarial OfficeItem Type: Action Consent

#### Recommendation

- Approve the Judges' Retirement System II Actuarial Valuation Report as of June 30, 2019 and the corresponding transmittal letter to the Governor and Legislature.
- Adopt the employer contribution rate of 24.40% and a member contribution rate of 16% of salary for members subject to the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) for the period of July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 for the Judges' Retirement System II.

#### **Executive Summary**

The following table summarizes key results from the valuation and shows a comparison of the prior year report.

Comparison of Current and Prior Year Results				
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019		
Present Value of Benefits	\$ 2,254,830,891	\$2,513,409,434		
Accrued Liability	1,554,347,674	1,725,877,206		
Market Value of Assets	1,531,542,896	1,715,056,468		
Unfunded Liability/(Surplus)	22,804,778	10,820,738		
Funded Status	98.5%	99.4%		
Required Employer Contribution Rate	24.964%	24.40%		

### Strategic Plan

This action item is being presented as part of the regular and ongoing workload of the Actuarial Office and supports the Strategic Plan goal of fund sustainability.

#### **Background**

The Judges' Retirement System II (JRS II) began on November 9, 1994 to provide retirement and ancillary benefits to judges elected or appointed on or after that date. The employer contribution rate from the inception of the plan until June 30, 1996 was set by State statute. Subsequently, the employer contribution rate was determined through an actuarial valuation process. This actuarial valuation sets the employer contribution rate for fiscal year July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021.

#### **Analysis**

As of June 30, 2019, JRS II has a funded status of 99.4%, having slightly increased from 98.5% since the prior valuation. This increase was driven mostly by investment gains. In FY 2018-19 the fund earned approximately 6.7%.

The actuarial office recommends the board adopt a contribution rate of 24.40% for FY 2020-21. This rate is comprised of 23.85% for the employer normal cost and 0.55% for the amortization of the unfunded liability.

With the enactment of the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), PEPRA members are required to contribute at least 50% of the total annual normal cost as determined by the actuary.

The following table illustrates a history of the normal cost of the PEPRA group and the resulting employee contribution rate. The employee contribution for the PEPRA group will change if the total normal cost for PEPRA group changes by 1% or more from the Base Total Normal Cost Rate. The Base Total Normal Cost Rate for PEPRA members is 32.104%. The new Total PEPRA Normal Cost is 32.56%. This results in no change to the PEPRA member contribution rate of 16% for fiscal year 2020-21.

Fiscal Year	Total PEPRA Normal Cost	Employee PEPRA Normal Cost
2015-16	30.652%	15.25%
2016-17	30.727%	15.25%
2017-18	33.562%	16.75%
2018-19	32.104%*	16.00%
2019-20	32.760%	16.00%
2020-21	32.56%	16.00%

<sup>\*</sup> Base Total Normal Cost Rate for members subject to the PEPRA, until the actual PEPRA Total Normal Cost Rate changes by 1% or more.

#### **Budget and Fiscal Impacts**

Not Applicable

#### **Benefits and Risks**

One risk measured is the funded status of a plan. The funded status of a pension plan is defined as the ratio of assets to a plan's accrued liabilities. When below a certain level, this measure indicates whether a plan is at risk of meeting future benefit obligations. The funded status of this plan is 99.4% as of June 30, 2019. The target funded level is 100%.

#### Other Issues

In the case of Robert M. Mallano, et al. v. John Chiang, Controller of the State of California (SCO), the Judges' Retirement System (JRS), and the Judges' Retirement System II (JRS II), the judge issued a Statement of Decision which orders judicial salary increases to be given to the judges for the FY 2008-09, FY 2009-10, FY 2010-11, FY 2013-14, FY 2014-15 and FY 2015-16 plus 10 percent interest per year for each year that the judicial salaries were not increased. Based on the increased judicial salaries, adjustments to the defined benefit and lump sum payments are currently being calculated and paid. Some of these adjustments have been made and are reflected in this valuation. It is anticipated that the remaining adjustments pursuant to this lawsuit will be reflected in the June 30, 2020 valuation.

#### **Attachments**

Chief Actuary

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Attachment 1 – Transmittal letter to the governor and Legislature
Attachment 2 - Judges' Retirement System II Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2019
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