

Real Assets Annual Program Review

November 13, 2017

Executive Summary – Real Assets Program Performance

As of June 30, 2017	NAV (millions)	1-Year Net Return	3-Year Net Return	5-Year Net Return	10-Year Net Return	20-Year Net Return
Real Assets	\$36,291	7.4%	8.6%	10.0%	-0.9%	7.0%
Policy Index		7.0%	9.9%	10.2%	6.9%	9.8%
Excess Return		0.4%	-1.3%	-0.2%	-7.8%	-2.9%

Real Assets, Real Estate and Infrastructure all outperformed the 2013 ALM expected return of 7% for the 1-year and 5-year periods.

Real Estate	\$30,536	7.6%	9.4%	10.8%	-1.3%	6.8%
Policy Index		7.4%	10.8%	11.1%	7.8%	10.3%
Excess Return		0.2%	-1.4%	-0.3%	-9.1%	-3.5%
Infrastructure	\$3,775	9.9%	10.7%	12.0%		
Policy Index		6.5%	5.1%	5.3%		
Excess Return		3.4%	5.6%	6.7%		
Forestland	\$1,980	1.0%	-3.1%	-0.1%		
Policy Index		3.6%	5.7%	7.1%		
Excess Return		-2.7%	-8.7%	-7.3%		

Executive Summary – Real Assets Program Performance

Role - Cash Yield

FY	1-Year Net Income Return	5-Year Net Income Return	RA Core Exposure
FY 16/17	3.3%	3.3%	75%
FY 15/16	3.7%	2.8%	65%
FY 14/15	3.6%	2.4%	46%
FY 13/14	3.4%	1.7%	42%
FY 12/13	2.6%	-0.4%	39%
FY 11/12	0.6%	-1.9%	38%

Role of Real Assets
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stable and predictable cash yield • Inflation protection • Diversification of equity risk

Role - Inflation Protection

FY	5-Year rolling Net Appreciation	5-Year rolling CPI
FY 16/17	6.5%	1.2%
FY 15/16	8.1%	1.3%
FY 14/15	9.1%	1.6%
FY 13/14	-0.5%	2.1%
FY 12/13	-8.7%	1.7%
FY 11/12	-8.6%	2.2%

Role - Diversification of Equity

	Volatility 5-Year	Correlation 5-Year
Real Assets	4.7	-0.05
FTSE Global All Cap Custom Net	8.5	

Executive Summary – Portfolio Position

Program	Core vs. Non-Core*	1-Year Net Income Return	1-Year Net Valuation Change	Change in NAV (millions)	Current LTV	1-Year LTV Difference	Emerging Manager Commitment/NAV (in Million \$)	
Real Assets	75% / 25%	3.3%	4.2%	4,454	32.9%	-0.4%	\$600	\$348
Real Estate	77% / 23%	3.6%	4.1%	3,240	31.4%	-0.9%	\$600	\$348
Infrastructure	70% / 30%	3.3%	6.7%	1,207	46.6%	-0.4%	N/A	N/A
Forestland	45% / 55%	-1.2%	2.2%	7	22.3%	-0.4%	N/A	N/A

- The manager count was reduced from 58 in 2015 to 30 in 2017 (excludes an additional 5 emerging managers).
- Real Assets Loan-To-Value (LTV) % was reduced from 39.6% in 2012 to 32.9% in 2017.
- 85% of Real Estate properties are stabilized. The stabilized life cycle is defined as having occupancy of 85% or greater.

Executive Summary – FY 2016/17 Accomplishments

Initiatives	Accomplishments
Organization & Governance	<u>Strategic Plan Update – Implementation</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Completed the Residential and International Segment Plans • Completed Portfolio Hierarchy – Systems / Database • Completed Investment Policy Procedures Guidelines across all Real Assets • Completed Desktop Procedures Manual across all Real Assets • Established Investment Manager Sub-Committee as a deliberative body to RAIC
Portfolio Repositioning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fully realized Real Estate Secondary Sale • Reduced Real Assets LTV% • Improved Fixed/Floating debt ratio • Reduced External Manager Count • Increased Infrastructure exposures • Real Assets core exposure at 74.9% (Policy limit minimum 75%)
Alignment and Costs	<u>Business Model</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implemented New Alignment Model providing greater alignment with Real Assets role and benchmark
Sustainable Investment – ESG	<u>Energy Optimization Initiative</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hosted energy optimization roundtable which launched the initiative <u>Sustainability Objectives</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Added Real Estate to GRESB Sustainability Benchmark
RE Emerging & Transition Manager Program	<u>RE Emerging Managers</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increased the dollars invested and the number of Emerging Managers

Executive Summary – FY 2017/18 Initiatives

Category	Initiatives
Organization & Governance	<u>Strategic Plan Update – Implementation</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Complete additional Segment planning effort <u>Governance</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Strengthen governance of logistics platform Implement Assembly Bill 2833
Portfolio Repositioning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue to enhance and strengthen portfolio Continue to reduce External Manager count Infrastructure Portfolio Construction Plan Retail Study
Alignment and Costs	<u>Business Model</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> New Alignment Model - Evaluate expanding new alignment model across additional partnerships (ongoing)
Sustainable Investment – ESG	<u>Energy Optimization Initiative</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Research, develop and assess energy optimization strategies <u>Sustainability Objectives</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement sustainability performance assessment and benchmarking tool across the Real Assets portfolio Roll out Real Estate ESG Consideration Matrix for underwriting new assets
RE Emerging & Transition Manager Program	<u>RE Emerging Managers</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Demonstrate commitment through expansion effort Evaluate additional Real Estate emerging managers <u>RE Transition Managers</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluate/Define strategy and sector focus

Appendix

Real Assets Annual Program Review

Review Outline

Section	Pages Real Assets	Pages Real Estate	Pages Infras	Pages Forest	Investment Beliefs Map										
					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Executive Summary	2-6														
Review Outline	8														
Investment Beliefs Key	9														
I. Program Overview					11-18										
Program Roles	11				Yellow	Green									
Program Investment Philosophy	12					Green						Green with ↑	Yellow		
Policy Benchmarks	13				Yellow				Yellow						
Program Performance	14-15				Yellow	Green								Yellow	
Volatility Profile	16										Green			Yellow	
Program Characteristics/Positioning	17-18									Yellow	Green			Yellow	
II. Investment Review					20-26		28-34		36-42						
Past Year Environment Review		20	28	36							Green				
Program Performance		21-22	29-30	37-38		Green								Yellow	
Volatility Profile		23	31	39							Green			Yellow	
Program Characteristics/Positioning		24-26	32-34	40-42						Yellow				Yellow	
III. Business Review					44-53										
Investment Decision Process	44											Green			Green
Functional Organizational Chart	45														Green
Staffing Overview	46														Green
Strategic Plans/Projects Update	47-48								Yellow						Green
Emerging Manager Program	49						Green	Yellow							Green
Program Expenses		50-51	52-53	52-53					Yellow			Green with ↑			
IV. Governance & Sustainability					55										
ESG	55					Green	Green	Yellow							

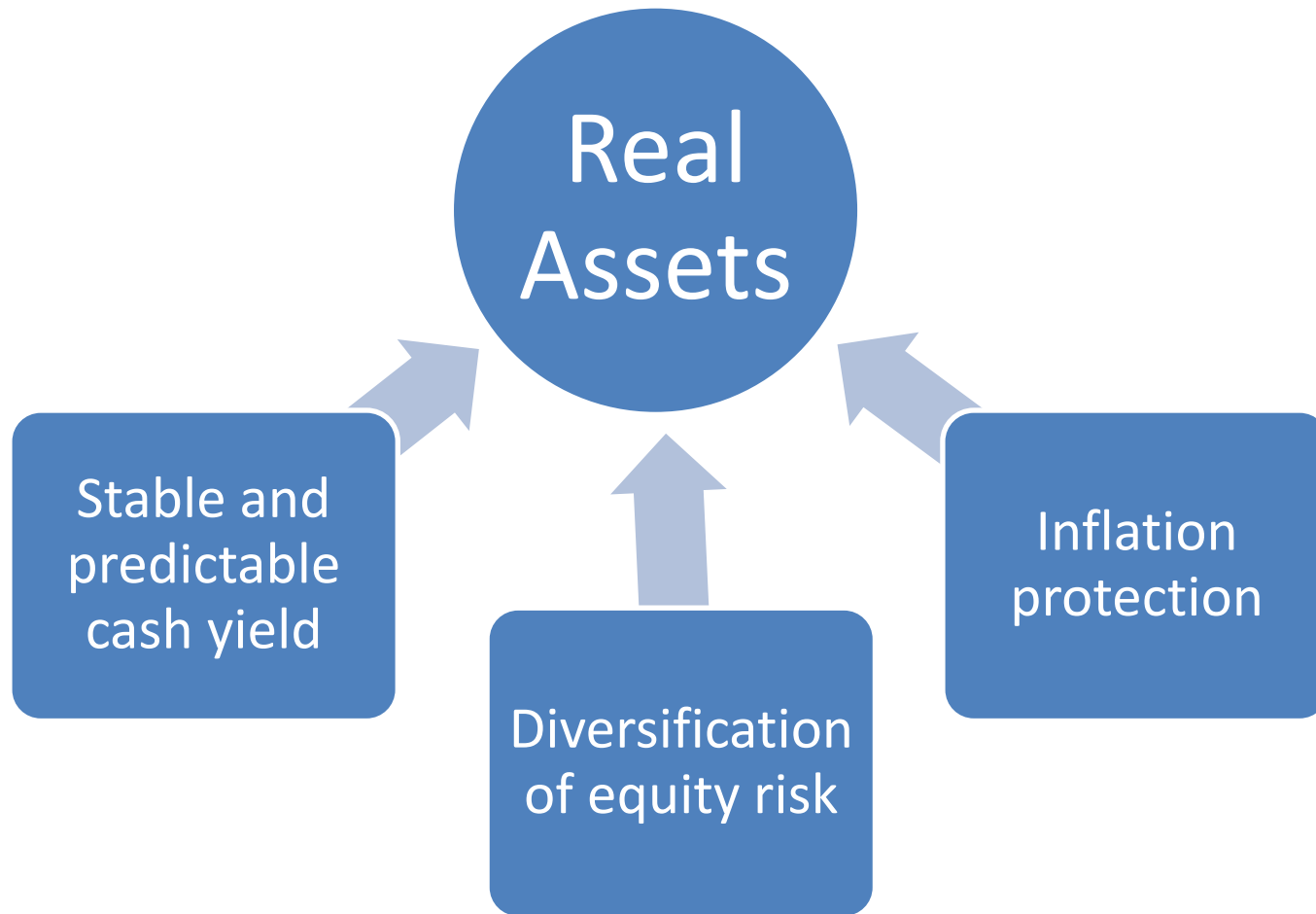
- 1 Liabilities
- 2 Long-Term Horizon
- 3 Stakeholders
- 4 Three Forms of Capital
- 5 Accountability
- 6 Strategic Allocation
- 7 Risk Reward
- 8 Costs Matter
- 9 Multi-faceted Risk
- 10 Resources/Process

Investment Beliefs Key

	Short Name	Investment Belief
1	Liabilities	Liabilities must influence the asset structure.
2	Long-Term Horizon	A long time investment horizon is a responsibility and an advantage.
3	Stakeholders	CalPERS investment decisions may reflect wider stakeholder views.
4	Three Forms of Capital	Long-term value creation requires effective management of three forms of capital: financial, physical, and human.
5	Accountability	CalPERS must articulate its investment goals and performance measure and ensure clear accountability for their execution.
6	Strategic Allocation	Strategic asset allocation is the dominant determinant of portfolio risk and return.
7	Risk Reward	CalPERS will take risk only where we have a strong belief we will be rewarded.
8	Costs Matter	Costs matter and need to be effectively managed.
9	Multi-faceted Risk	Risk of CalPERS is multi-faceted and not fully captured through measures such as volatility or tracking error.
10	Resources / Process	Strong processes and teamwork and deep resources are needed to achieve CalPERS' goals and objectives.

I. Program Overview

Program Roles



Program Investment Philosophy

- Invest in high-quality, well located assets held through business cycles.
- Core assets with stable and predictable cash flows.
- Preference for separate accounts with highly reputable, market-leading managers.
- Strong governance with focus on economic alignment, transparency, and cost efficiency.
- Movement toward fewer and larger external manager relationships.
- Moderate leverage across the portfolio.
- Sustainable investment practices for selection, contracting, monitoring, and management of assets and managers.

Policy Benchmarks

Real Assets Policy Benchmark

- 84.6% Real Estate Benchmark
- 7.7% Infrastructure Benchmark
- 7.7% Forestland Benchmark

Real Estate Policy Benchmark

National Council of Real Estate Investment Fiduciaries Open-End Diversified Core Fund Index (NCREIF ODCE)

Infrastructure Policy Benchmark

Consumer Price Index (CPI) + 4% lagged one quarter

Forestland Policy Benchmark

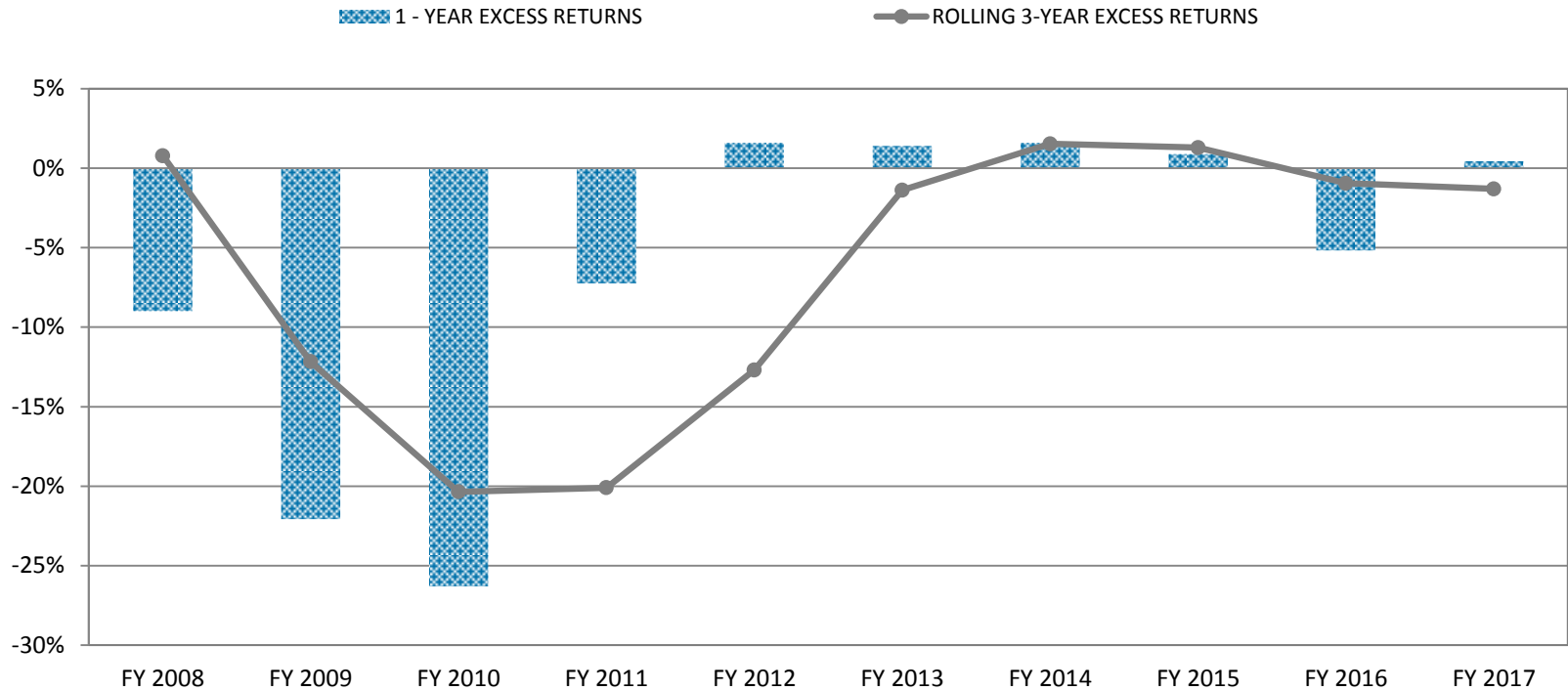
National Council of Real Estate Investment Fiduciaries (NCREIF) Timberland Index

Program Performance Review – Real Assets

As of June 30, 2017	1-Year Net Return	3-Year Net Return	5-Year Net Return	10-Year Net Return	20-Year Net Return
Real Assets	7.4%	8.6%	10.0%	-0.9%	7.0%
Policy Index	7.0%	9.9%	10.2%	6.9%	9.8%
Excess Return	0.4%	-1.3%	-0.2%	-7.8%	-2.9%

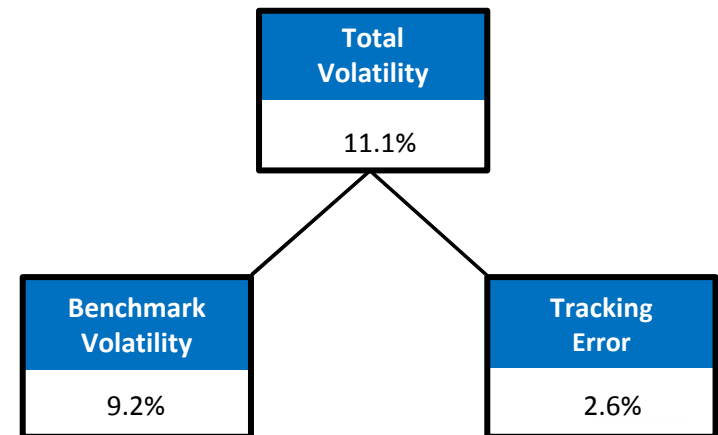
- Real Assets outperformed the 2013 ALM expected return of 7% for the 1-, 3-, and 5-year periods.

Performance: Real Assets 3-Year Rolling Excess Return



Volatility Profile – Real Assets

- Real Assets Forecast Volatility is 11.1%.
- Forecast Tracking Error is 2.6%.
- Forecast Correlation vs. the entire PERF portfolio is 0.77.



Program Characteristics – Real Assets

- **Total Net Asset Value (NAV):** \$36.3 billion.
 - Real Assets accounts for 11.2% of the Total Fund NAV.
 - The NAV increased 14% from \$31.8 billion to \$36.3 billion.
- **Unfunded:** \$8.7 billion (\$8.1 billion revocable or at CalPERS discretion)
- **Structure:**
 - 30 External Managers, one manager is in both Real Estate and Infrastructure.
 - 33 Separate Accounts, 20 Commingled Funds, 3 Direct Investments and 1 Operating Company.
 - NAV Basis: 75% Separate Accounts, 11% Commingled Funds, 3% Direct Investments, 11% Operating Company.
- **Geographic Exposure:**
 - 88% U.S. and 12% International.
 - 26% NAV invested in California.

Portfolio Positioning – Real Assets

Risk Classification	%Policy Range	%NAV	Policy Compliance
Core	75-100%	74.9%	✘
Value Add	0-25%	11.3%	✓
Opportunistic	0-25%	13.8%	✓
Development or Build-to-Core	0-10%	6.8%	✓

Geography	%Policy Range	%NAV	Policy Compliance
United States	70-100%	88.3%	✓
International Developed Markets	0-30%	5.4%	✓
International Emerging Markets	0-15%	6.1%	✓
International Frontier Markets	0-5%	0.3%	✓

Public Securities	%Policy Range	%NAV	Policy Compliance
Real Assets	0-10%	0.1%	✓

Leverage	Policy Limit	Current	Policy Compliance
LTV	55%	32.9%	✓
DSCR Total (minimum)	1.40	2.32	✓

II. Investment Review

- a. Real Estate**
- b. Infrastructure
- c. Forestland

Past Year Environment Review – Real Estate

- Capital Markets
 - Markets are competitive, but showing early signs of pullback of institutional capital in the U.S. markets.
 - Lenders have been conservative and borrowing costs remain low.
 - Cap rates have stabilized, but remain at historic lows despite upward pressure on the 10-yr Treasury.
- Property Fundamentals
 - New supply is ramping up across property sectors except retail; apartments are experiencing over supply in select Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs).
 - Net Operating Income (NOI)* growth continues to moderate; retail is experiencing challenges from e-commerce and consumer behavior.
 - Vacancy rates remain below historical average; apartment and retail vacancy rates are climbing slightly.

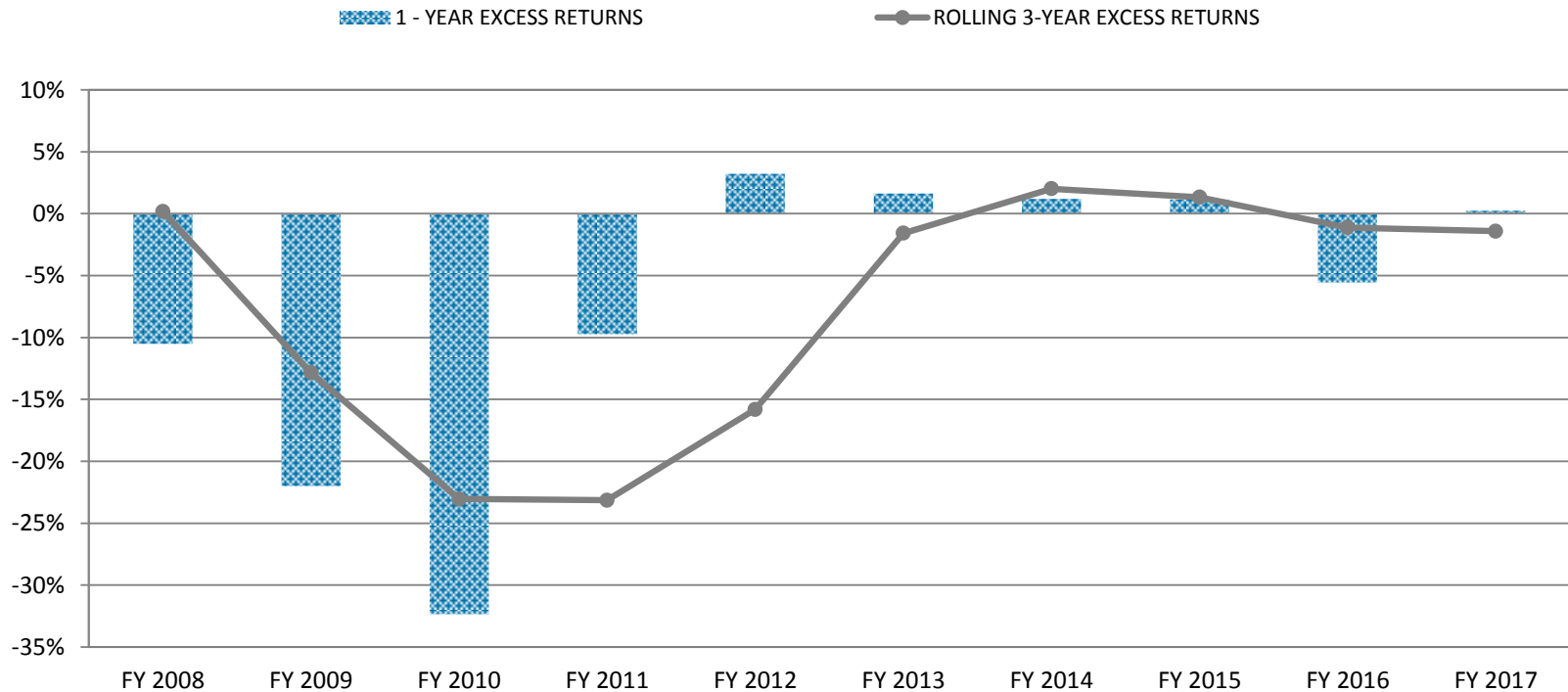
Program Performance Review – Real Estate

As of June 30, 2017	1-Year Net Return	3-Year Net Return	5-Year Net Return	10-Year Net Return	20-Year Net Return
Real Estate	7.6%	9.4%	10.8%	-1.3%	6.8%
Policy Index	7.4%	10.8%	11.1%	7.8%	10.3%
Excess Return	0.2%	-1.4%	-0.3%	-9.1%	-3.5%

- Real Estate outperformed the 2013 ALM expected return of 7% for the 1-, 3-, and 5-year periods.
- Underperformance in 3- and 5-year periods driven primarily by non-core holdings in domestic land, housing, and international investments.
- Core performance in 3- and 5-year periods were 14.2% and 14.9%, respectively. Core outperformed the Real Estate Policy Index by 340 bps and 380 bps.

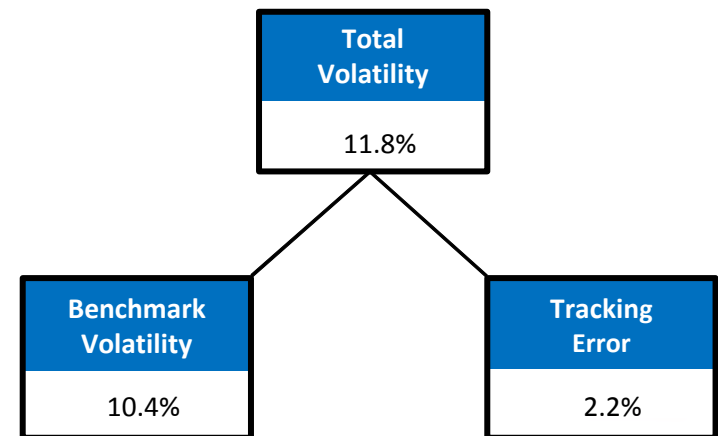
Program Performance Review – Real Estate (Cont'd)

3-Year Rolling Excess Return



Volatility Profile – Real Estate

- Real Estate Forecast Volatility is 11.8%.
- Forecast Tracking Error is 2.2%.
- Correlation vs. the entire PERF portfolio is 0.73.

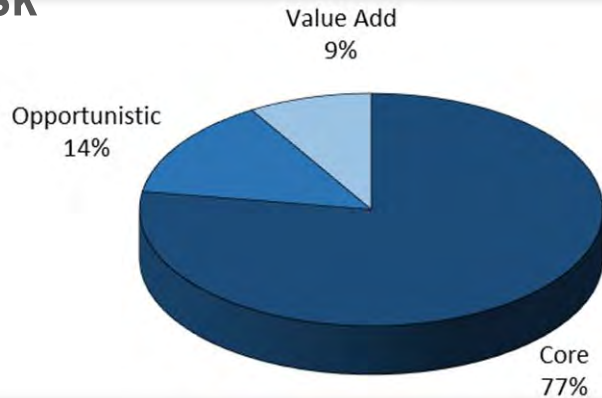


Program Characteristics – Real Estate

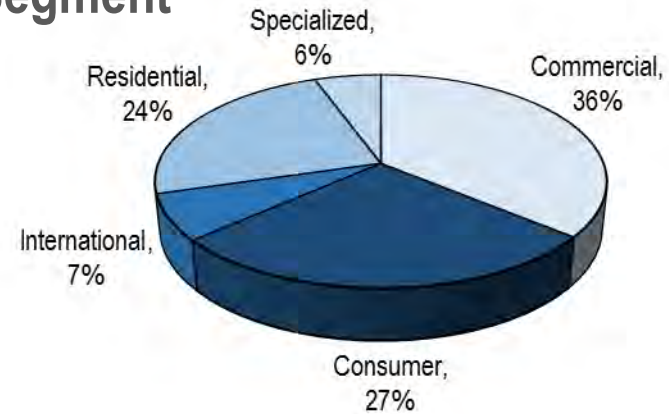
- **Total NAV:** \$30.5 billion.
 - Program NAV is 9.4% of Total Fund, versus 11% target.
 - Program NAV increased 11.9% from \$27.3 billion to \$30.5 billion.
- **Unfunded:** \$7.0 billion (\$6.8 billion revocable by CalPERS)
- **Structure:**
 - 21 External Managers.
 - 28 Separate Accounts, 12 Commingled Funds, 1 Operating Company.
 - NAV Basis: 79% Separate Accounts, 8% in Commingled Funds, 13% Operating Company.
- **Geographic Exposure:**
 - 93% U.S., 6% International Emerging Markets, 1% International Developed Markets.
 - 30% NAV invested in California.

Program Characteristics – Real Estate by NAV*

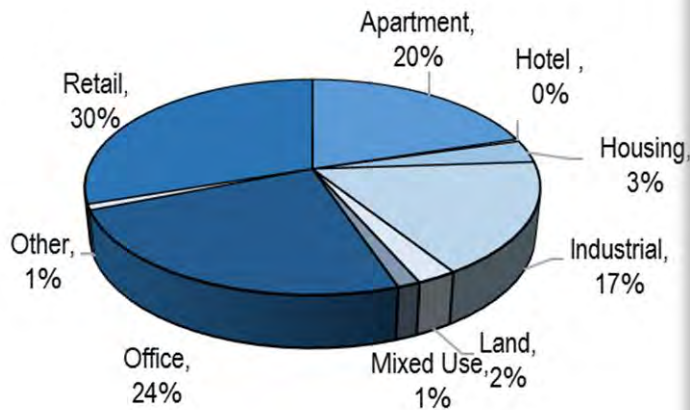
Risk



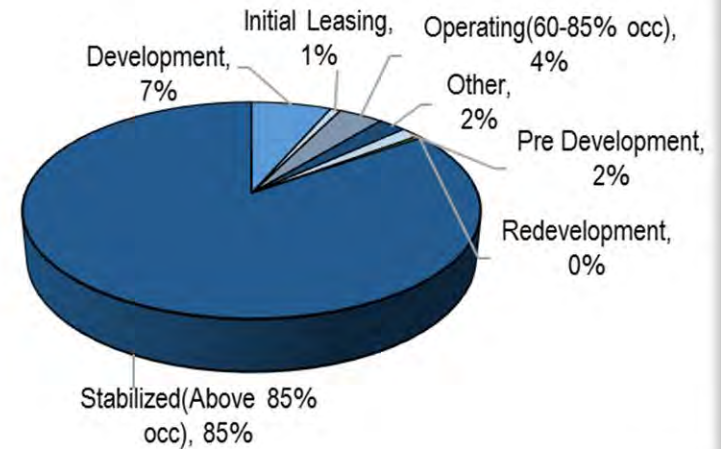
Segment



Property Type



Life Cycle



*Period ending March 31, 2017 with total property level NAV amounting to \$30.5 billion

Portfolio Positioning – Real Estate

Risk Classification	%Policy Range	%NAV	Policy Compliance
Core	75-100%	77.5%	✓
Value Add	0-25%	8.6%	✓
Opportunistic	0-25%	13.9%	✓
Development or Build-to-Core	0-10%	8.1%	✓

Geography	%Policy Range	%NAV	Policy Compliance
United States	75-100%	93.0%	✓
International Developed Markets	0-25%	0.7%	✓
International Emerging Markets	0-15%	6.3%	✓
International Frontier Markets	0-5%	0.0%	✓

Leverage	Policy Limit	Current	Policy Compliance
LTV	50%	31.4%	✓
DSCR Total (minimum)	1.50	2.46	✓
DSCR Core (minimum)	2.00	2.52	✓

II. Investment Review

- a. Real Estate
- b. Infrastructure**
- c. Forestland

Past Year Environment Review – Infrastructure

- Fierce competition for new investments.
- Supportive credit markets.
- U.S. public ‘Infrastructure Gap’ continues.
- Transition to “clean” power generation continues to accelerate.
- U.S. government pledged higher infrastructure spending, but little action has materialized.
- Challenged energy companies continue to divest assets and utilize private capital for expansions / growth strategies.

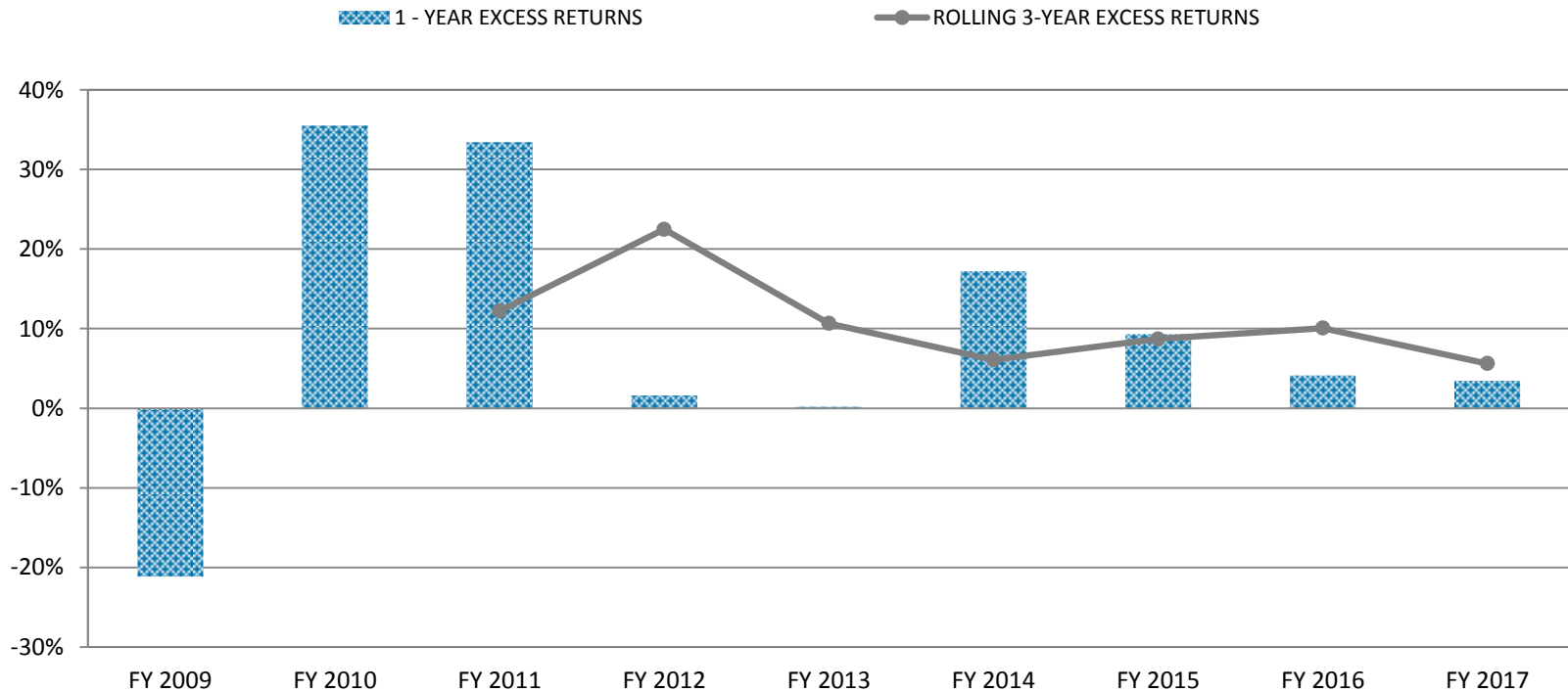
Program Performance Review – Infrastructure

As of June 30, 2017	1-Year Net Return	3-Year Net Return	5-Year Net Return	Since Inception
Infrastructure	9.9%	10.7%	12.0%	12.6%
Policy Index	6.5%	5.1%	5.3%	6.1%
Excess Return	3.4%	5.6%	6.7%	6.5%

- Infrastructure outperformed the 2013 ALM expected return of 7% for the 1-, 3-, and 5-year periods.
- The Infrastructure Program outperformed across all measured periods. Strong performance was primarily driven by core holdings.

Program Performance Review – Infrastructure (Cont'd)

3-Year Rolling Excess Return



Volatility Profile – Infrastructure

- Infrastructure Forecast Volatility is 9.1%.
- Correlation vs. the entire PERF portfolio is 0.85.

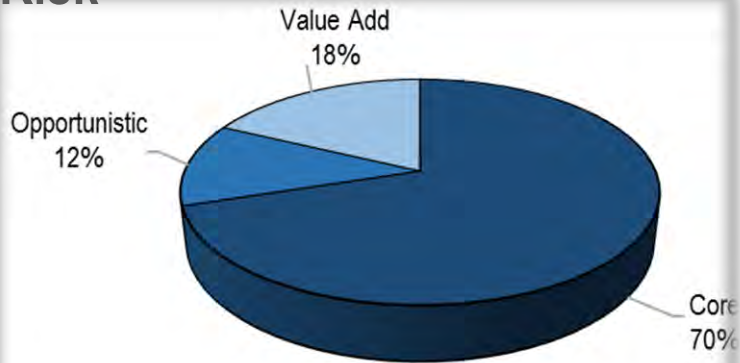
Note: Infrastructure benchmark is CPI+4%, therefore tracking error and benchmark volatility are not shown since they are not meaningful.

Program Characteristics – Infrastructure

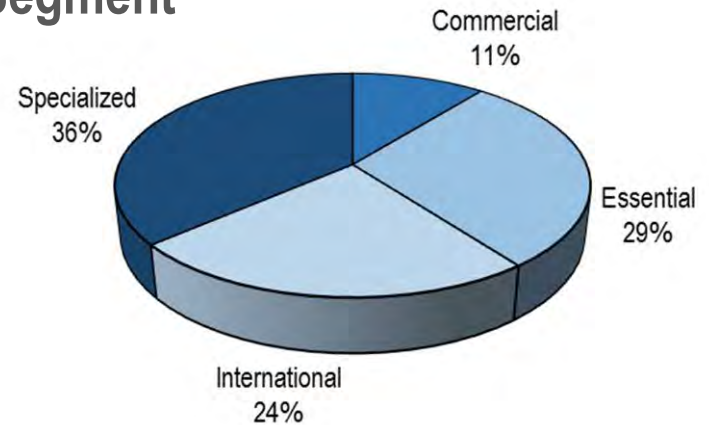
- **Total NAV:** \$3.8 billion.
 - Program NAV is 1.2% of Total Fund, with a 1% interim target.
 - Program NAV increased 47.0% from \$2.6 billion to \$3.8 billion.
- **Unfunded:** \$1.7 billion (\$1.3 billion at CalPERS discretion)
- **Structure:**
 - 8 External Managers.
 - 3 Separate Accounts, 8 Commingled Funds, and 3 Direct Investments.
 - NAV Basis: 33% Separate Accounts, 36% in Commingled Funds, 31% in Direct Investments.
- **Geographic Exposure:**
 - 56% U.S. and 44% International.
 - 10% NAV invested in California.

Program Characteristics – Infrastructure by NAV*

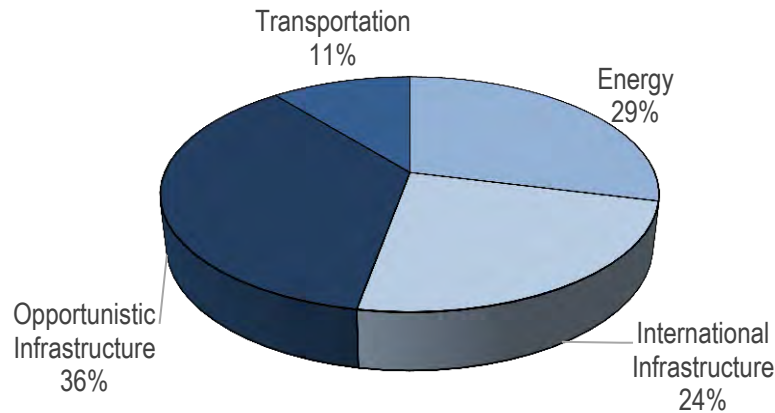
Risk



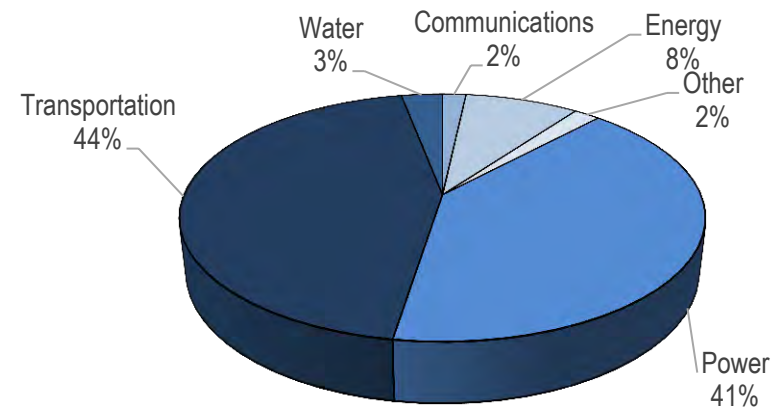
Segment



Sector



Asset Type



*Period ending March 31, 2017 with total NAV amounting to \$3.8 billion.

Portfolio Positioning – Infrastructure

Risk Classification	%Policy Range	%NAV	Policy Compliance
Core	60-100%	70.1%	✓
Value Add	0-25%	17.9%	✓
Opportunistic	0-25%	12.0%	✓
Development or Build-to-Core	0-10%	0.0%	✓

Geography	%Policy Range	%NAV	Policy Compliance
United States	50-100%	56.3%	✓
International Developed Markets	0-50%	42.6%	✓
International Emerging Markets	0-15%	1.1%	✓
International Frontier Markets	0-5%	0.0%	✓

Leverage	Policy Limit	Current	Policy Compliance
LTV	65%	46.6%	✓
DSCR Total (minimum)	1.25	2.25	✓

* The Key Policy Parameters pertaining to risk and geographic segments will apply to the Infrastructure portfolio only when the NAV for that portfolio exceeds \$5.0 billion.

II. Investment Review

- a. Real Estate
- b. Infrastructure
- c. Forestland**

Past Year Environment Review – Forestland

- U.S. housing starts continue to recover, but remain below the long-term average.
- Domestic Forestland investment values reflect continuing recovery in log prices and housing starts.
- Forestland transaction activity was moderate; some large acquisitions were split between multiple buyers.
- Escalating trade tensions between the U.S. and Canada resulted in the U.S. government imposing duties on Canadian softwood lumber imports.

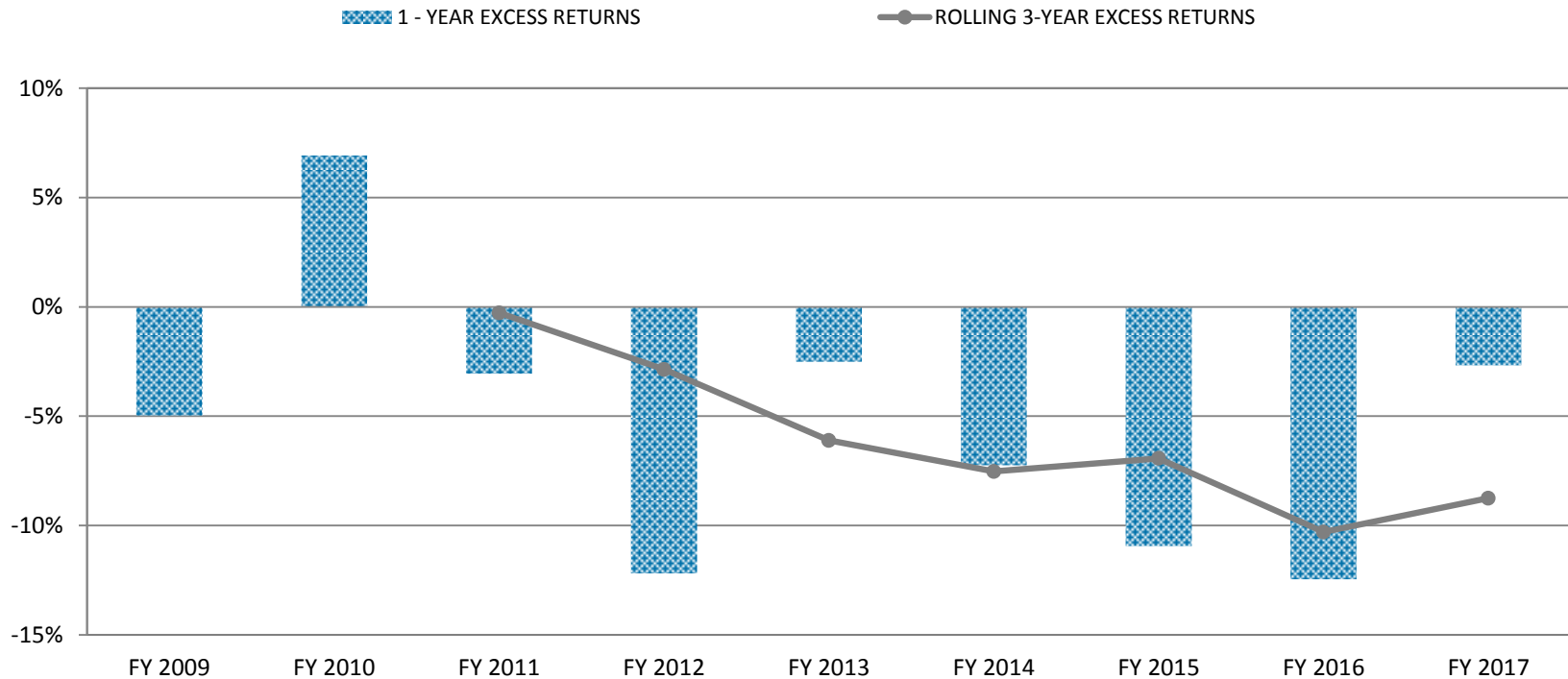
Program Performance Review – Forestland

As of June 30, 2017	1-Year Net Return	3-Year Net Return	5-Year Net Return	Since Inception
Forestland	1.0%	-3.1%	-0.1%	-0.4%
Policy Index	3.6%	5.7%	7.1%	5.3%
Excess Return	-2.7%	-8.8%	-7.3%	-5.7%

- Forestland underperformed the 2013 ALM expected return of 7% for the 1-, 3-, and 5-year periods.

Program Performance Review – Forestland (Cont'd)

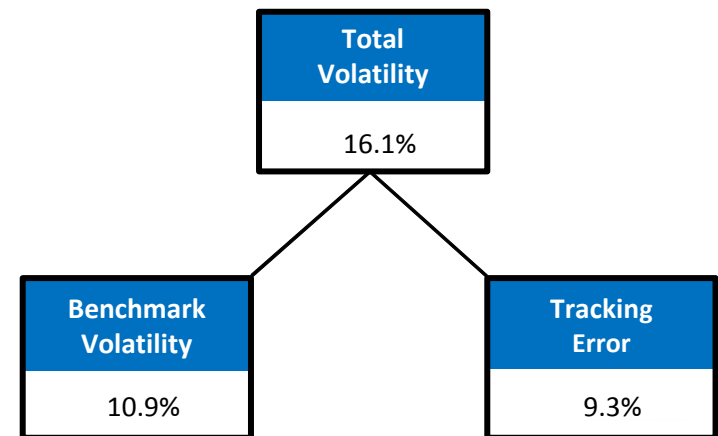
3-Year Rolling Excess Return



Note: Forestland has an inception date of January 2008

Volatility Profile – Forestland

- Forestland Forecast Volatility is 16.1%.
- Forecast Tracking Error is 9.3%.
- Correlation vs. the entire PERF portfolio is 0.60.



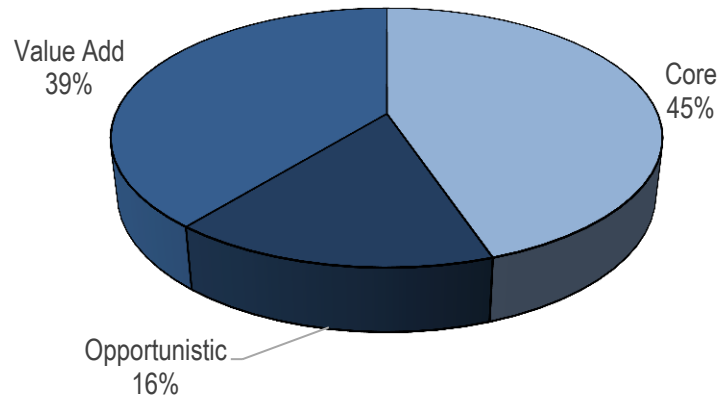
Source: MSCI BarraOne Risk System – Forestland holdings data as of 3/31/17 and BarraOne Model information as of 6/30/17

Program Characteristics – Forestland

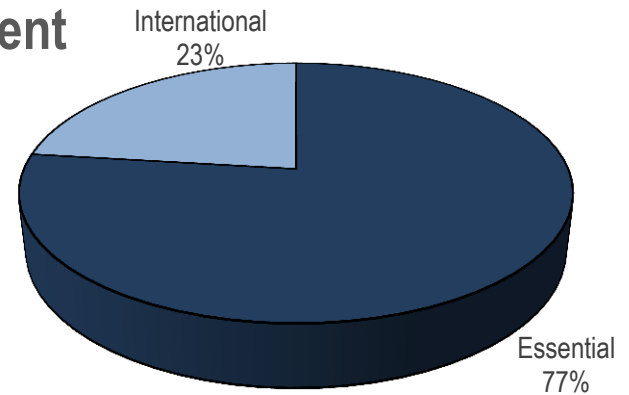
- **Total NAV:** \$1.98 billion.
 - Program NAV is 0.6% versus 1% target allocation of Total Fund.
 - Program NAV increased 0.3% from \$1.97 billion to \$1.98 billion.
- **Unfunded:** \$0.
- **Structure:**
 - 2 External Managers.
 - 2 Separate Accounts.
 - NAV Basis: 100% Separate Accounts.
- **Geographic Exposure:**
 - 77% U.S. and 23% International.

Portfolio Characteristics – Forestland by NAV^(a)

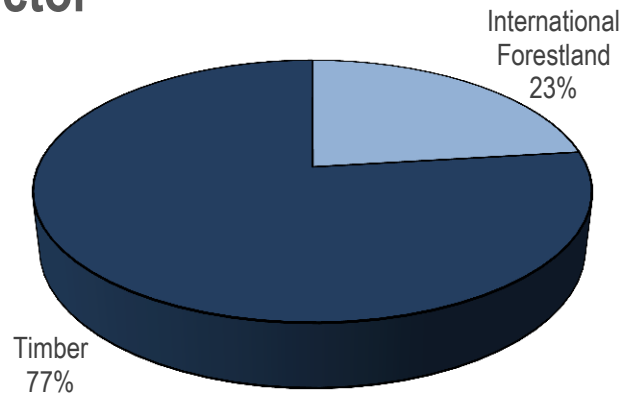
Risk



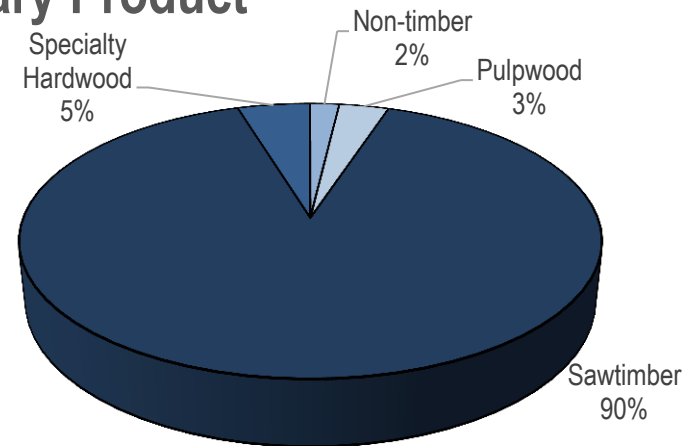
Segment



Sector



Primary Product



(a) Period ending March 31, 2017 with total NAV amounting to \$2.0 billion..

Portfolio Positioning – Forestland

Risk Classification	%Policy Range	%NAV	Policy Compliance
Core	75-100%	44.8%	✘
Value Add	0-25%	39.1%	✘
Opportunistic	0-25%	16.1%	✓
Development or Build-to-Core	0-10%	0.0%	✓

Geography	%Policy Range	%NAV	Policy Compliance
United States	50-100%	76.9%	✓
International Developed Markets	0-50%	7.0%	✓
International Emerging Markets	0-15%	11.4%	✓
International Frontier Markets	0-5%	4.8%	✓

Leverage	Policy Limit	Current	Policy Compliance
LTV	40%	22.3%	✓
DSCR Total (minimum)	1.25	0.71	✘

III. Business Review

Real Assets Investment Decision Process

Real Assets Investment Committee (RAIC):

- Decision making body
- Reviews all investment decisions

Members:

- RAIC Chair (MID)
- 7 voting members (RAU MID/3 RAU IDs/1 RAU IM/2 External INVO MIDs or ID/IMs)

Investment Manager Sub-Committee (IMS):

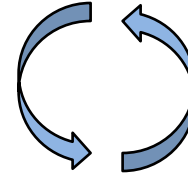
- Deliberative body to RAIC
- Reviews all investment decisions prior to review by RAIC

Members:

- Rotating IMS Chair/Co-Chair (quarterly)
- 10 voting members (8 IMs and 2 AIMs)

Strategic and Segment Planning

- Strategic Plan approved by Investment Committee
- Segment Plans outline sector tactical plans for each product type



Sourcing

- Active searches based on needs determined by planning process
- Emerging Manager proposals referred to mentor program
- Unsolicited proposals

Screening and Due Diligence

- Proposals are tracked in the Investment Portal (ISP), an INVO web-based system
- Staff scores proposals using standardized assessment tools and/or filters
- Approved transactions: Staff refer to partners and/or conducts Due Diligence – and negotiates contractual agreements
- For manager searches, Staff engages ICOR to conduct an Operational Due Diligence review.
- Prudent Person Opinion rendered for transactions above \$50m

Investment Manager Sub-Committee (IMS)

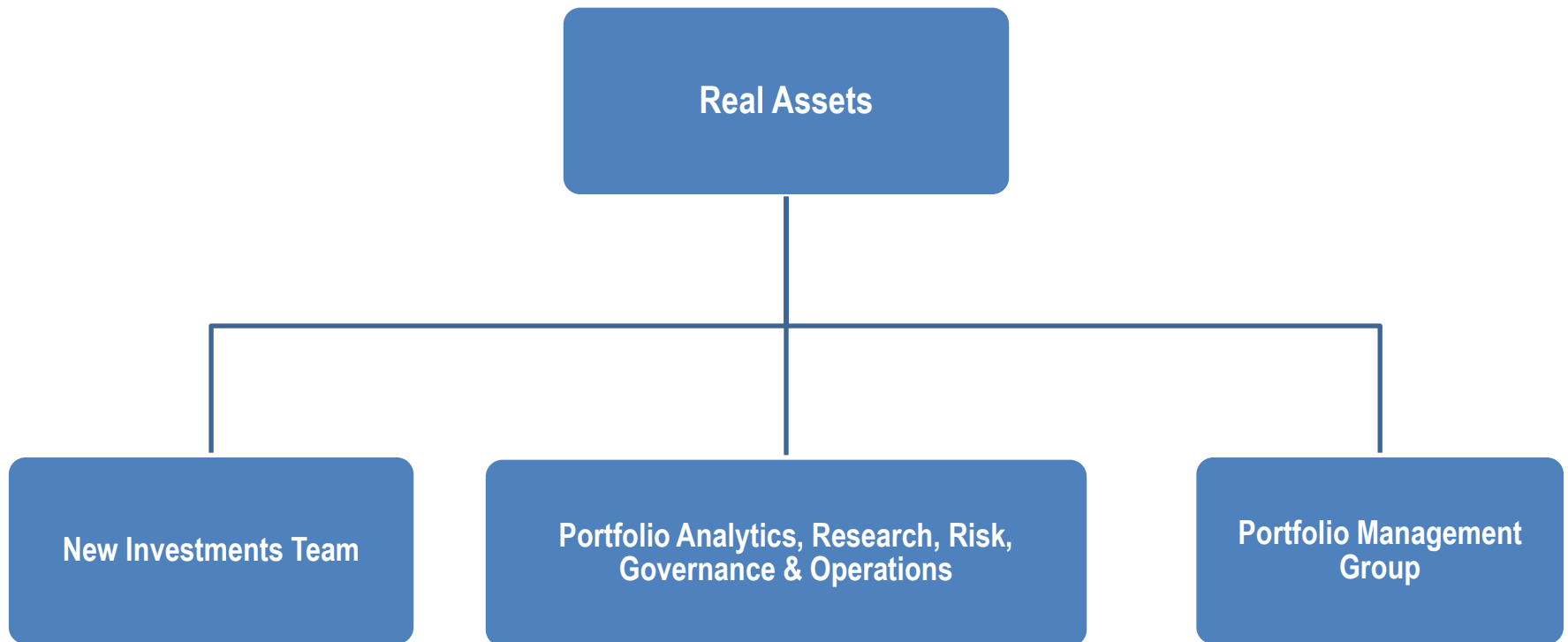
- Committee of 10 staff (IMs and AIMs)
- Rotating Chair and Co-Chair
- RAIC voting members can attend
- Reviews investments and advises RAIC

Real Assets Investment Committee (RAIC)

- Committee of seven staff chaired by Managing Investment Director (MID)
- Board consultant(s) attend all meetings
- Reviews and votes on investments

In fiscal year 2016-2017, RAIC made investment decisions representing \$10.7 billion of investment, disposition, and debt decisions.

Functional Organizational Chart



Staffing Overview

TOTAL PROGRAM ¹

- 55 total positions within Real Assets; one fewer than the number of positions in 2015-2016

STAFFING UPDATES ¹

- Appointed 1 Investment Director
- Appointed 3 Investment Managers
- Appointed 2 Associate Investment Managers
- Appointed 1 Investment Officer III
- Appointed 3 Investment Officer IIs
- Appointed 1 Investment Officer Is
- Appointed 3 Associate Governmental Program Analysts
- Appointed 1 Office Technician (Typing)
- Appointed 2 Seasonal Clerks
- Transferred 1 IM and 2 IO positions to other INVO programs

CURRENT VACANCIES ²

- 1 Seasonal Clerk
- 1 Staff Services Analyst
- 1 Associate Governmental Program Analyst
- 2 Investment Officer IIs
- 1 Investment Officer III
- 1 Investment Manager
- 1 Investment Director

¹ From July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017

² As of September 11, 2017

Strategic Plans

	Policy Requirement	Investment Committee Approval
Real Assets	Strategic Plan updated at a minimum every five years, setting forth CalPERS' long-term objectives for investment and management of the Program.	April 2016

- Role of asset class and benchmark are inputs into strategic planning process provided by Asset Allocation framework.
- Integrated Real Assets Strategic Plan harmonizing underlying programs:
 - Real Estate
 - Infrastructure
 - Forestland
- Established Real Assets parameters; Harmonizing nomenclature; Reducing risk, costs, and complexity; Increasing transparency.
- Consistent with Vision 2020 of reducing complexity.

Strategic Projects Update

Initiatives	Activities
Strategic Plan Update	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue implementation of strategic plan, including segment/sector planning. • Implementing Segment Plan recommendations. • Completed Portfolio Hierarchy – Systems / Database
Real Assets Investment Policy Revision	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Real Assets MID Delegation of Authority approved September 2016. • Investment Policy Procedures Guidelines approved December 2016. • Desktop Procedure Manual approved June 2017.
Portfolio Repositioning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fully realized secondary sale of commingled funds July 2017. • Continued Real Estate and Infrastructure portfolio growth through new investments. • External Manager Reduction.
RE Emerging & Transition Manager Program	<p><u>RE Emerging Managers:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demonstrated commitment through expansion effort. • Evaluate additional Real Estate emerging managers. <p><u>RE Transition Managers:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate/Define strategy and sector focus.

Emerging & Transition Manager Programs in Real Estate

- **FY 2016/17 Significant Events**

- As part of the Annual Investment Plan FY 2016/17, the Emerging Manager Program received an allocation of \$75M. Total commitments of \$600M as of 6/30/17.

- **Current Status/Update**

- Completed fifth year of Innovative Mentoring Manager Model.
- Continued favorable feedback to our programmatic joint venture structure.
- Mentoring managers are evaluating the transition readiness of existing emerging managers and maintain outreach efforts to the broader emerging manager community.
- Through its first 5 years, the programs have been performing above expectations.
- Canyon and CalPERS discussing broadening and expanding Emerging Manager Program.

Program Expenses – Real Estate

	FY 2016-17			FY 2015-16		
	AUM (\$billions)	Fees and Profit Sharing (\$millions)	Fees and Profit Sharing ^a (BPS)	AUM (\$billions)	Fees and Profit Sharing (\$millions)	Fees and Profit Sharing ^a (BPS)
Internal Management	\$0	\$ 9.6	3	\$0	\$8.5	3
External Management ^b	\$ 30,536	\$ 186.5	61	\$ 27,296	\$ 399.9	147
Asset Management Fees Paid	N/A	\$ 159.8	52	N/A	\$ 155.8	57
Profit Sharing Paid	N/A	\$ 75.4	25	N/A	\$ 81.1	30
Profit Sharing Accrued	N/A	(\$ 48.7) ^c	(16)	N/A	\$ 163.0	60
Consultants Expense	N/A	\$ 1.3	0	N/A	\$ 2.1	1
Technology & Operating Expense	N/A	\$ 11.0	4	N/A	\$ 12.2	4
Total Program	\$ 30,536	\$ 208.4	68	\$ 27,296	\$ 422.7	155

FY 2016-17 CalPERS (\$millions)	
Realized and Unrealized Gains	\$1,130.6

Note: Some totals may not reconcile due to rounding. Four quarters of data ending on 3/31/17 and 3/31/16 respectively.

^a All BPS fees and expenses paid figures are calculated on Total Program AUM defined as NAV (Net Asset Value).

^b External Management totals include asset management fees and profit sharing fees (paid and accrued)

^c Negative performance fees are due to the reversal of accruals caused by the fluctuation in market.

Note: Total profit sharing liabilities are \$687 million as of 3/31/2017 and were \$1.26 billion as of 3/31/2016.

Program Expenses – Real Estate

- External Management fees declined by 53% Y-o-Y as a portion of the incentive fees paid this year were accrued and expensed in prior years.
- Implementation of new fee alignment structure with strategic managers facilitates better alignment and drives cost efficiency and predictability.

Program Expenses – Infrastructure & Forestland

	FY 2016-17			FY 2015-16		
	AUM (\$billions)	Fees and Profit Sharing (\$millions)	Fees and Profit Sharing ^a (BPS)	AUM (\$billions)	Fees and Profit Sharing (\$millions)	Fees and Profit Sharing ^a (BPS)
Internal Management	\$0	(\$ 0.4) ^b	(1)	\$0	\$ 1.4	3
External Management^c	\$ 5,755	\$ 57.1	99	\$ 4,541	\$ 58.0	128
Asset Management Fees Paid	N/A	\$ 27.2	47	N/A	\$ 22.8	50
Profit Sharing Paid	N/A	\$ 0	0	N/A	\$ 1.8	4
Profit Sharing Accrued	N/A	\$ 29.9	52	N/A	\$ 33.5	74
Consultants Expense	N/A	\$.1	0	N/A	\$.2	0
Technology & Operating Expense	N/A	\$ 1.0	2	N/A	\$ 1.0	2
Total Program	\$ 5,755	\$ 57.8	100	\$ 4,541	\$ 60.6	134

FY 2016-17 CalPERS (\$millions)

Realized and Unrealized Gains	\$288.1
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Note: Some totals may not reconcile due to rounding. Four quarters of data ending on 3/31/17 and 3/31/16 respectively

^a All BPS fees paid figures are calculated on Total Program AUM defined as NAV (Net Asset Value).

^b -\$400K due to accrual reversals and corrections in accounting.

^c External Management totals include asset management fees and profit sharing fees (paid and accrued).

Note: Total profit sharing liabilities are \$83.9 million as of 3/31/2017 and were \$80.2 million as of 3/31/2016.

Program Expenses – Infrastructure & Forestland

- Separate account strategic partnerships negotiated for the Infrastructure component carry better economic terms and governance than commingled funds.
- Separate accounts are anticipated to be the primary mode of new investment.
- Fees as a percentage of NAV are expected to decrease as the portfolio grows through new separate account vehicles.

IV. Governance & Sustainability Integration

Progress on Strategic Plan Initiatives

Total Fund ESG Strategic Plan Category	RAU Strategic Plan Targets	Progress to Date
Manager Expectations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ESG factor consideration matrix utilized ESG monitoring and benchmarking tools utilized Climate & Resource Scarcity Risk Assessment for Core Portfolio 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Launched Real Estate's ESG consideration matrix July 1, 2017 (joining Infrastructure) for separate accounts GRESB survey utilized with 15 partners. RAU participating in Climate Risk Data Mapping project launched in 2017.
Research	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Year 1: conduct clean power & energy efficiency sectors research, identify opportunities Year 2-5: develop and implement priority initiatives 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Held an Energy Optimization (EO) Initiative Roundtable in September 2016 with industry experts and investment partners. Incorporated the EO Initiative into the AIP process for FY 2017-18. Research, develop and assess energy optimization strategies.
Responsible Contractor Program (RCP)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue Responsible Contractor Program (RCP) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CalPERS Separate Account operating agreements continue to include provisions requiring compliance with the Responsible Contractor Program Policy.