

# Finance and Administration Committee Agenda Item 10d

**April 18, 2017** 

Item Name: Semi-Annual Health Plan Financial Report

**Program:** Health Policy Research Division

**Item Type:** Information

### **Executive Summary**

Starting in 2014, California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) members had several new Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) health plan options. They include Anthem Blue Cross and Health Net, each with 2 HMO offerings; Sharp Health Plan, in San Diego County only; and United Healthcare. These plans provided coverage for over 22,000 Total Covered Lives (TCL) in 2014, in 2015 enrollment in these plans increased to 66,000, and in 2016 enrollment has reached 127,000.

In addition, Blue Shield with 2 plans, Kaiser, and the Self-Funded Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) health plans are also available. A new funding arrangement, called flex-funding, for all HMO plans except Kaiser was initiated starting in 2014. This report summarizes, as of December 31, 2016, the financial results for the HMO plans and for the PPO plans.

#### Strategic Plan

This agenda item supports Goal A, Improve long-term health benefit sustainability by ensuring high quality, accessible and affordable health benefits.

#### **Background**

This report is to provide the Committee with an update on the financial status for the six (6) CalPERS PPO plans and the eight (8) flex-funded HMO health plans.

# Analysis PPO Plans

Attachment 1 summarizes the results for the PPO plans. Actual Reserves, or assets, for the PPO plans are currently \$690.4 million, which is an increase of \$93.4 million from the assets at the end of 2015. Required reserves for the PPO plans are \$586.3 million, which is an increase of \$83.0 million over the required reserves at the end of 2015. Actual reserves above the actuarial reserve requirements are \$104.1 million. Overall, the Self-Funded PPO health plans have a ratio of assets to reserves of 118 percent.

For 2016 there was an overall gain of \$10.4 million for all six (6) self-funded PPO health plans. The gain or loss evaluates revenue against claims and expenses. Revenue includes premiums, drug rebates, subsidies from the EGWP program, and investment income. This gain is a welcome result after 2 consecutive years of losses that were driven by high pharmacy claims costs, especially in the Medicare plans.

Medical claims cost trends are looking favorable at the current time for Care basic, at -4.5%, Choice basic at 4.2%, Care Medicare at -0.1%, and Choice Medicare at 3.2%. The remaining plans are less favorable, with Select basic at 6.4% and Select Medicare at 6.7%.

Pharmacy claims cost trends are in the mid-single digits, ranging from 4.7% to 7.6% for all plans except Select Medicare, which is at 0.1%.

Total enrollment in 2016 has increased by three and a half (3.5) percent over 2015 enrollment. Enrollment in Care basic continues to increase, from 26,000 to almost 29,000, while enrollment in Choice basic dropped by 7,700 (about 4%) and Select basic increased by 5,800 (about 16%). These enrollment changes are still primarily due to risk adjustment, which was implemented in 2014. Enrollment in the Medicare plans increased by almost 10,000 (about 9%) in 2016.

#### **HMO Plans**

In the funding arrangement that started in 2014 for the HMO plans, excluding Kaiser, the premium that is received for each plan is retained by CalPERS. An amount equal to the capitation payments is passed along to the plan for payment to their providers. Capitation is a payment arrangement for health care service providers such as physicians or medical groups. A capitation payment is a set amount per person per month that is paid by the health insurance company to their providers to cover the risk for a defined set of health care services, whether those services are provided or not. The remainder of the premium is deposited into the Health Care Fund and is used to pay the third-party administrative fees and fee-for-service claims when the plan submits an invoice.

Attachment 2 summarizes the results for the HMO plans. There have been some changes to the HMO plans. With the implementation of a Consolidated Medicare Advantage Program effective January 1, 2016, the flex-funded Medicare plans discontinued operation. The Medicare plan assets displayed in Attachment 2 are for the purpose of paying claims and expenses that have not yet been received. In addition, the Blue Shield Net Value plan discontinued operation effective December 31, 2016. The asset value for each HMO plan is shown on the first 2 pages. The basic plans are shown on the first page and the Medicare plans are shown on the following page.

As of June 30, 2016, the assets for the HMO plans totaled \$93.4 million, which is an increase of \$23.3 million from the end of 2015. Additional subsidies and rebates received from the Blue Shield EGWP program and an improvement in the assets of Access+ contributed to this improvement.

Medical and pharmacy claims costs are shown on pages 4 and 5 of the attachment. The variation in claims costs reflect the demographics of the population covered and the regions they live in. In addition, the significant enrollment changes that have occurred during the last 3 years make analysis of claims costs difficult to interpret.

Enrollments for each plan are shown on page 6. The new plans tripled their enrollment from 2014 to 2015, and then almost doubled the enrollment from 2015 to 2016.



#### **Budget and Fiscal Impacts**

This item is for information purposes only, and has no impact on the CalPERS budget. Any impact this may have on future health plan premiums will be addressed during the rate development process that generally occurs from April through June in the Pension and Health Benefits Committee.

## **Benefits and Risks**

#### **Benefits**

- The current financial status of the PPO plans is stable, with adequate premiums and reserves to fund benefits
- The flex-funding arrangement provides better insight into medical fee-for-service and pharmacy claims in an HMO population

#### Risks

 The higher than expected costs in medical and/or pharmacy could lead to larger than expected premium increases

#### **Attachments**

Attachment 1 - Key graphical analyses of financial and historical data for the PPO plans. Attachment 2 - Key graphical analyses of financial and historical data for the HMO plans.

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