

Réal Desrochers Managing Investment Director

Sarah Corr, Christine Gogan & Mahboob Hossain Investment Directors

November 14, 2016



Program Performance Review

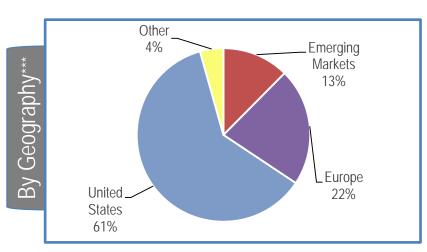
	1-YR	3-YR	5-YR	10-YR	20-YR
As of June 30, 2016*	Net Return				
PRIVATE EQUITY	1.7%	10.0%	9.7%	10.2%	11.4%
PE POLICY BENCHMARK	(0.8)%	10.8%	10.6%	12.7%	10.1%
Excess Return	2.5%	(0.8)%	(0.9)%	(2.6)%	1.4%
Current ALM Return Expectation	9.3%	9.3%	9.3%	9.3%	9.3%
Excess Return	(7.6)%	0.7%	0.4%	0.9%	2.1%
CalPERS GE Policy Benchmark	(4.0)%	6.5%	5.9%	5.0%	6.5%
Excess Return	5.7%	3.5%	3.8%	5.2%	4.9%

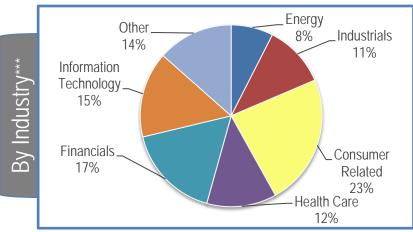
*Source: My State Street Monthly CIO Report & 2013 ALM Workshop



Program Characteristics

Investment Type	Net Asset Value (NAV) As of 6/30/16	% of NAV As of 6/30/16	Net Asset Value (NAV) As of 6/30/12	% of NAV As of 6/30/12
Funds	\$17.7	67%	\$27.2	80%
Fund-of-Funds	\$3.8	15%	\$4.0	12%
Co-Investments/ Direct Investments	\$1.8	7%	\$1.8	5%
Separate Accounts	\$2.9	11%	\$1.1	3%
TOTAL	\$26.4*		\$34.3**	





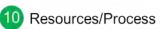
Source: State Street; Private Equity Accounting and Reporting Solution (PEARS)



^{*}Includes currency and distributed securities in the amount of \$193mm

^{**} Includes currency and distributed securities in the amount of \$181mm

^{***}Based on Market Value as of March 31, 2016



2015-16 Accomplishments

- Private Equity Accounting and Reporting Solution (PEARS) went live
- Secondary transaction
- Transparency Institutional Limited Partners Association (ILPA) Template
- Committed to separate accounts with improved economics

2016-17 Objectives

- Allocate up to \$4 Billion
- Review Private Equity's benchmark
- Continue to reduce complexity
- Examine Business Model
- Further PEARS integration



Program Expenses

		FY 2015-16		FY 2014-15				
	AUM (\$billions)	Fees Paid (\$millions)	Fees Paid ^a (BPS)	AUM (\$billions)	Fees Paid (\$millions)	Fees Paid ^a (BPS)		
Internal Management	\$	\$ 9.3	4	\$	\$ 8.2	3		
External Management (net)	\$ 26.4	\$206.5 ^c	78	\$ 29.0	\$ 414.1 ^d	143		
Consultants Expense	N/A	\$ 1.3	0	N/A	\$ 2.0	1		
Technology & Operating Expense	N/A	\$ 11.3	4	N/A	\$ 7.4	3		
Total Program ^b	\$ 26.4	\$228.4	86	\$ 29.0	\$ 431.7	149		

FY 2015-16 Profit Sharing (\$millions)					
Profit Sharing Distributed \$539.0					
FY 2015-16 CalPERS Realized Gain (\$millions)					
CalPERS Realized Gain	\$3,258.8				

^a All BPS fees paid figures are calculated on Total Program AUM

^d In addition to Management Fees, Partnership Expenses were included in this figure (Legal fees, Audit fees, etc.). Partnership Expenses in FY 2015-16 total approximately \$75 million



^b Some totals may not reconcile due to rounding

^c Does not include Management Fees paid by the underlying Funds in the Fund of Fund. These fees totaled approximately \$46 million

Appendix



Review Outline

		Investment Beliefs Map									
Section	Pages	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Executive Summary	2-5										
Program Performance Review	2										
Program Characteristics	3										
Accomplishments & Objectives	4										Î
Program Expenses	5										
Review Outline	7										
I. Program Overiew	8										
Program Role	9										
Program Investment Philosophy	10										↑
Policy Benchmark	11										
Program Characteristics	12										
Investment Process	13										
II. Market Environment	14										
Market Environment	15-17										
III. Portfolio Positioning	18										
Program Performance Review	19-20										
Portfolio Key Risks	21										
IV. Business Review	22										
Functional Organizational Chart	23										
Staffing Overview	24										
Strategic Initiatives & Projects Update	25-26										
Fee & Profit Sharing Transparency	27										
Sustainable Investment Practices	28										
Conclusion	29										

1	Liabilities
2	Long-Term Horizon
3	Stakeholders
4	Three Forms of Capital
5	Accountability
6	Strategic Allocation
7	Risk Reward
8	Costs Matter
9	Multi-faceted Risk
10	Resources/Process

I. Program Overview



Private Equity: Program Role

- Primary Role
 - Private Equity allocations are a means of enhancing equity returns through a value-added approach to investment management of a diverse set of portfolio companies and to capture the illiquidity premium. The major driver for returns is appreciation, with negligible cash yield.
 - ALM Workshop 2013
- Driver of total performance
 - Price appreciation
- Risks
 - Growth risks
 - Illiquid
 - Leverage
 - Unfunded commitments



Program Investment Philosophy

- Long-term investor
- Manager selection and alignment of interest are important to PE's success
- Over-diversification negatively impacts performance
- Costs matter

9 Multi-faceted Risk

Current Policy Benchmark

2/3 FTSE US + 1/3 FTSE ROW*

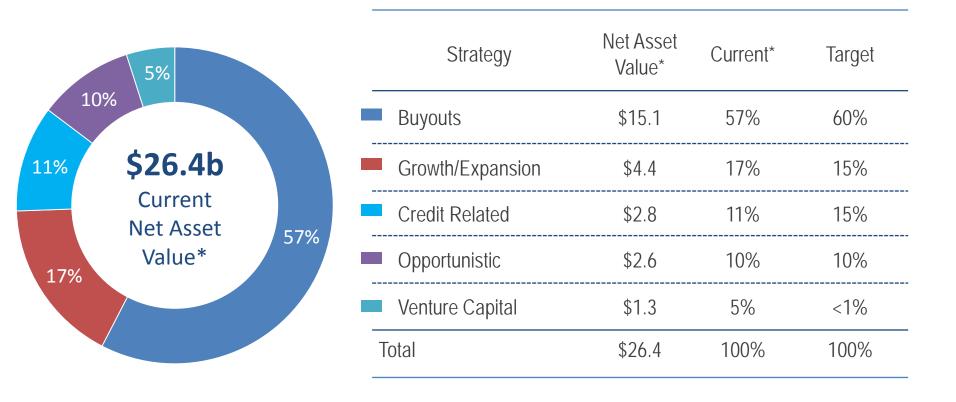


300bps

*(2/3 FTSE U.S. Total Market Index + 1/3 FTSE All World ex-U.S. Total Market Index) + 300 bps lagged by one quarter.

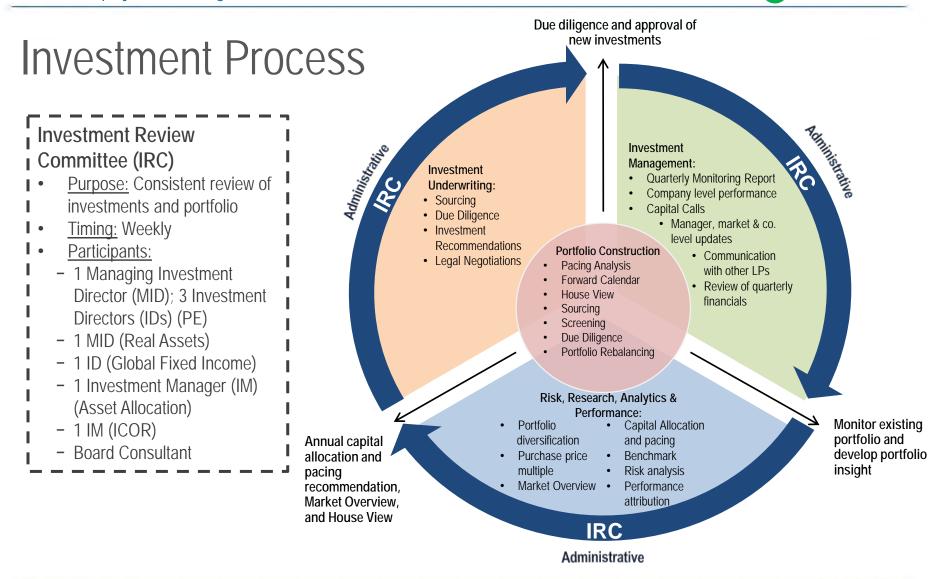


Program Characteristics



*Based on NAV as of June 30, 2016; \$s in billions; Includes currency and distributed securities in the amount of \$193mm Source: State Street

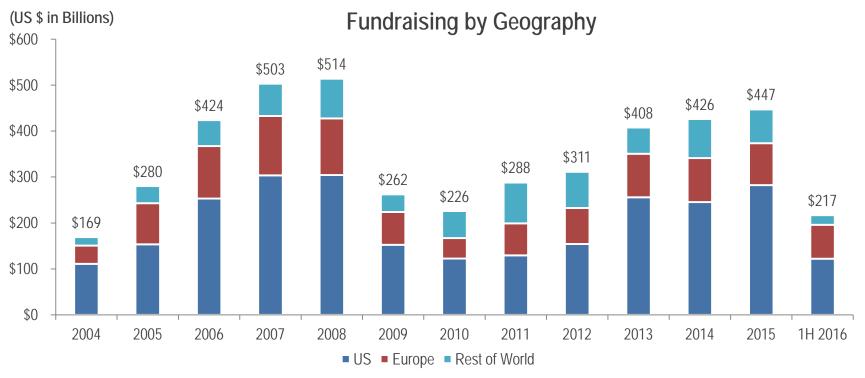




II. Market Environment



Market Environment - Fundraising



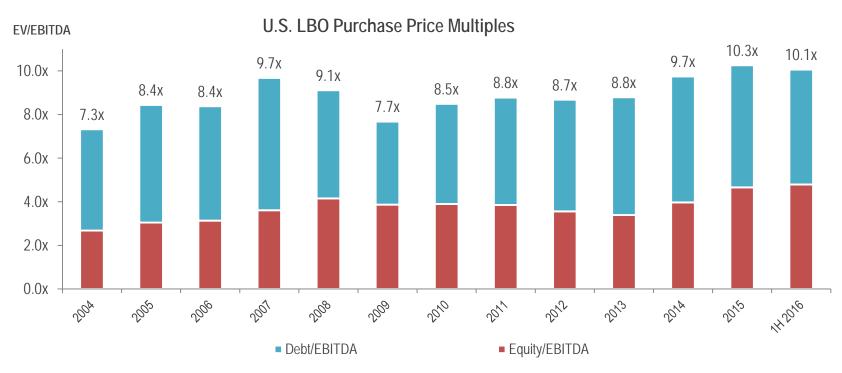
- Strong fundraising market and record levels of dry powder (\$954 billion*) creating competitive environment for purchasing assets
- Fundraising for Buyout strategy accounted for nearly half of overall fundraising in 1H 2016

Source: Preqin

* Includes the following strategies: Buyout, Growth, Distressed/Mezzanine and Venture



Market Environment – Valuations

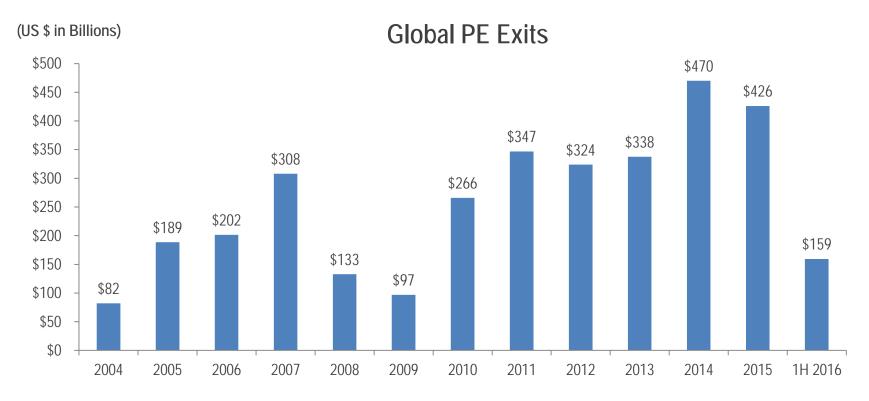


- High market prices continue to make it challenging to find attractively valued assets
- Average debt multiples in the U.S. declined from 5.8x/EBITDA in 2014 to 5.3x/EBITDA in 1H 2016

Source: Pregin



Market Environment – Exits & Liquidity



 Exit markets have been extremely robust over the last few years but slowing down in 1H 2016 amidst decrease in M&A and IPO activity

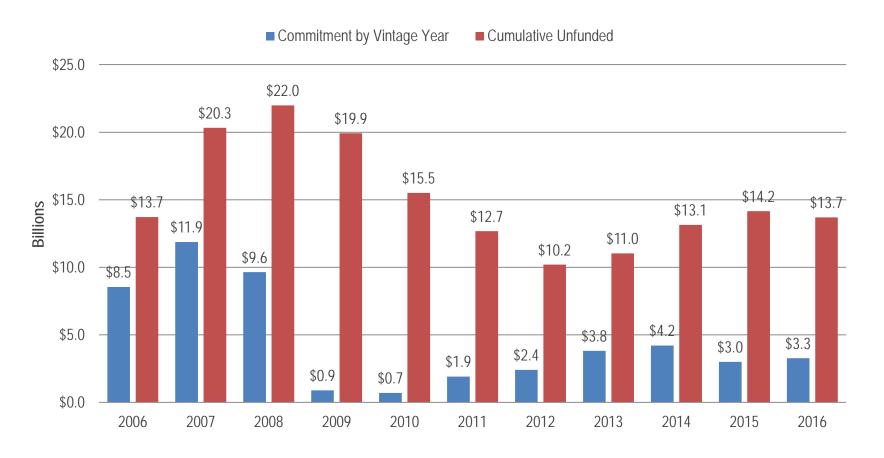
Source: Pregin



III. Portfolio Positioning



Commitments and Unfunded

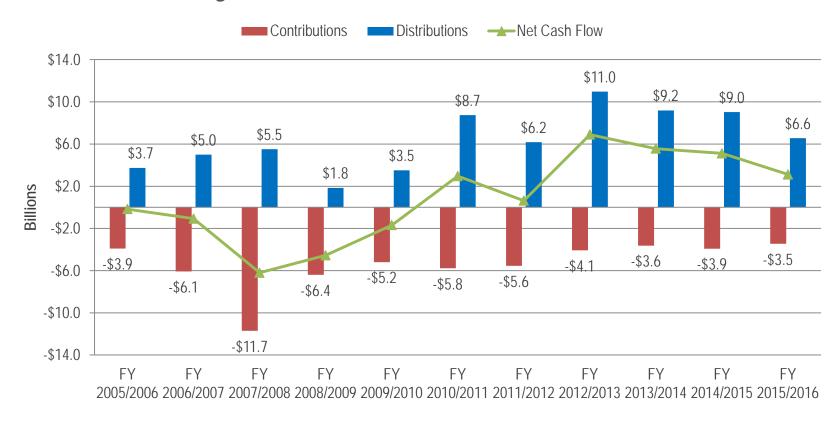


As of June 30, 2016

Source: Private Equity Accounting and Reporting Solution (PEARS)



Cash Flow by Fiscal Year



PE provided net cash flow of \$24.2 billion since FY 2010/2011

As of June 30, 2016 Source: Private Equity Accounting and Reporting Solution (PEARS)



PE Portfolio Key Risks

- Vintage year concentration:
 - 53.3% of the NAV is concentrated in Vintage Years 2006 2008
- Transparency:
 - Slow adoption by other industry participants of the ILPA Fee Reporting Template
- Fund of Funds:
 - In general, are a low returning asset, and are very slow to return cash

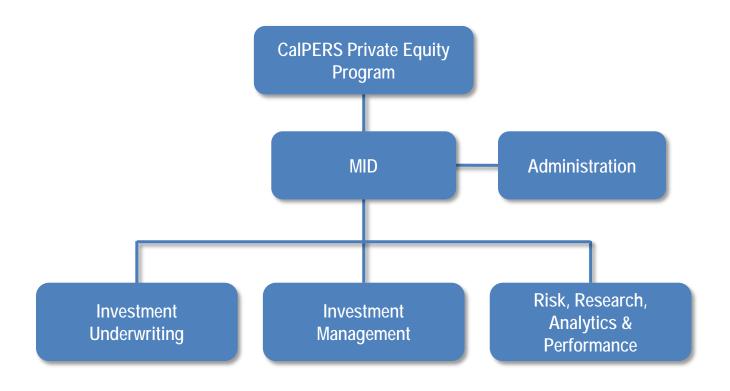
As of June 30, 2016



IV. Business Review



Functional Organizational Chart





Staffing Overview

TOTAL PROGRAM

• 50 total positions within Private Equity

STAFFING UPDATES

- Hired 8 investment and administrative staff
- Promoted 5 Private Equity professionals

CURRENT VACANCIES

- 1 Associate Investment Manager
- 4 Investment Officers

As of June 30, 2016



Private Equity Vision 2020

- ✓ Reduce complexity by concentrating the portfolio
- ✓ Focus on cost effective structures with better alignment
- ✓ Organize the portfolio into two categories:

PE Portfolio

Strategic Portfolio: Funds, Separate Accounts, Compounding Capital, Co-Investments

Since inception Net IRR: 15.9%

Actively Managed Legacy Portfolio

Since inception Net IRR: 8.7%

As of June 30, 2016

Source: Private Equity Accounting and Reporting Solution (PEARS)



PE Projects Update

Project	Objectives	Accomplishments & Upcoming Activities
Transparency	Support industry-wide transparency initiatives through ILPA and other industry participants	Supported ILPA on Fee Transparency Initiative
PEARS	Implement a new service and technology solution to manage and account for private equity portfolio data and activity while increasing PE data transparency	Monitoring and performance report automationOn-going implementation



Costs Matter

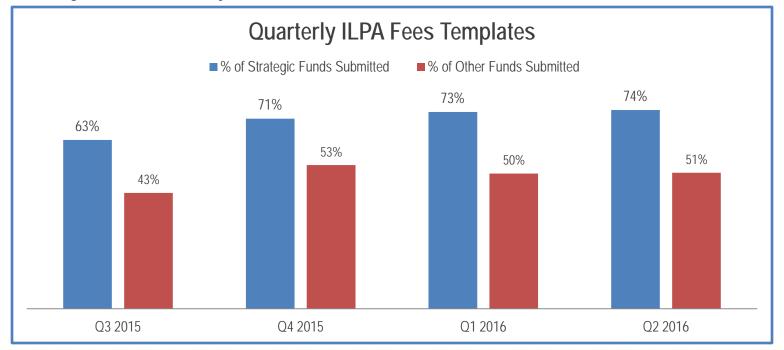
PE Fee & Profit Sharing Transparency

Objective

Industry adoption of the Institutional Limited Partners Association (ILPA) framework for transparency of fees and profit sharing

Key Performance Indicators

 Ensure 100% of CalPERS <u>strategic</u> private equity partnerships complete the ILPA fee reporting template and provide profit sharing information within 5 years





Summary of PE Sustainable Investment Practices

Screening

Manager Assessment Tool (MAT)

Diligence

- Due diligence questions and discussions with General Partner
- ESG Section of Final Diligence Report (circulated to IRC members, PE Staff, CIO, COIO)
- Discuss ESG issues identified at Investment Review Committee, as appropriate

Contracting

- Standard contract language across asset classes which has been incorporated into standard side letter:
 - Managers have, or will commit to have, an investment process which incorporates ESG factors
 - Managers will incorporate relevant ESG factors and Sustainable Investment activities into reporting

Monitoring

- Document ESG-related issues in periodic meeting notes prepared for review at IRC
- For top 10 managers, inquire about ESG at annual LPAC meeting

Conclusion

- Private Equity (PE) has met the return expectation of the Asset Liability Management (ALM) Assumptions over the 3, 5, 10 and 20 year horizon
- PE is progressing with significant restructuring and portfolio rebalancing
- PEARS has been operational for a year and functionality continues to be built out
- Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) considerations integrated in the investment and monitoring process
- Overall, PE is progressing, reducing costs and complexity