The Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC) document will help you choose a health plan. The SBC shows you how you and the plan would share the cost for covered health care services. NOTE: Information about the cost of this plan (called the premium) will be provided separately. This is only a summary. For more information about your coverage, or to get a copy of the complete terms of coverage, visit <a href="https://www.uhc.com/calpers">www.uhc.com/calpers</a> or by calling 1-877-359-3714. For general definitions of common terms, such as <a href="mailto:allowed amount">allowed amount</a>, <a href="mailto:balance billing">balance billing</a>, <a href="mailto:coinsurance">coinsurance</a>, <a href="mailto:copayment">copayment</a>, <a href="mailto:deductible">deductible</a>, <a href="mailto:provider">provider</a>, or other <a href="mailto:underlined">underlined</a> terms see the Glossary. You can view the Glossary at <a href="http://www.healthcare.gov/sbc-glossary">http://www.healthcare.gov/sbc-glossary</a> or call 1-877-359-3714 to request a copy.

Important Questions	Answers	Why This Matters:
What is the overall deductible?	\$0	See the Common Medical Events chart below for your costs for services this <u>plan</u> covers.
Are there services covered before you meet your deductible?	Yes. <u>Preventive care</u> and primary care services are covered before you meet your <u>deductible</u> .	This <u>plan</u> covers some items and services even if you haven't yet met the <u>deductible</u> amount. But a copayment or coinsurance may apply. For example, this plan covers certain preventive services without cost-sharing and before you meet your deductible. See a list of covered <u>preventive services</u> at <a href="https://www.healthcare.gov/coverage/preventive-care-benefits/">https://www.healthcare.gov/coverage/preventive-care-benefits/</a> .
Are there other deductibles for specific services?	No.	You don't have to meet <u>deductibles</u> for specific services.
What is the <u>out-of-</u> <u>pocket limit</u> for this <u>plan</u> ?	For <u>participating providers</u> \$1,500 individual / \$3,000 family. \$5,850 Individual / \$11,700 Family ( <u>Prescription Drugs</u> )	The <u>out-of-pocket limit</u> is the most you could pay in a year for covered services. If you have other family members in this <u>plan</u> , they have to meet their own <u>out-of-pocket limits</u> until the overall family <u>out-of-pocket limit</u> has been met.
What is not included in the <u>out-of-pocket</u> <u>limit?</u>	Copayments for certain services, premiums, balance-billing charges, and health care this plan doesn't cover.	Even though you pay these expenses, they don't count toward the out-of-pocket limit.
Will you pay less if you use a <u>network</u> <u>provider</u> ?	Yes. See www.uhc.com/CalPERS or call 1-877-359-3714 for a list of participating providers.	This <u>plan</u> uses a <u>provider network</u> . You will pay less if you use a <u>provider</u> in the <u>plan's network</u> . You will pay the most if you use a <u>non-participating provider</u> , and you might receive a bill from a <u>provider</u> for the difference between the <u>provider's</u> charge and what your <u>plan</u> pays ( <u>balance billing</u> ). Be aware, your <u>participating provider</u> might use a <u>non-participating provider</u> for some services (such as lab work). Check with your <u>provider</u> before you get services.
Do you need a referral to see a specialist?	Yes. There may be some <u>providers</u> or services for which <u>referrals</u> are not required.	This <u>plan</u> will pay some or all of the costs to see a <u>specialist</u> for covered services but only if you have a <u>referral</u> before you see the <u>specialist</u> .

Common Medical Event	Services You May Need	What You Participating Provider (You will pay the least)	ı Will Pay Non-Participating Provider (You will pay the most)	Limitations, Exceptions, & Other Important Information
	Primary care visit to treat an injury or illness	\$15 <u>copay</u> / office visit and \$15 <u>copay</u> / Virtual visits by a designated virtual <u>participating</u> <u>provider</u>	Not covered	If you receive services in addition to office visit, additional copayments or coinsurance may apply.
If you visit a health care provider's office or clinic	Specialist visit	\$15 <u>copay</u> / visit	Not covered	Member is required to obtain a referral to specialist or other licensed health care practitioner, except for OB/GYN Physician services, reproductive health care services within the Participating Medical Group and Emergency / Urgently needed services. If you receive services in addition to office visit, additional copayments or coinsurance may apply.
	Preventive care/screening/ immunization	No charge	Not covered	You may have to pay for services that aren't preventive. Ask your provider if the services you need are preventive. Then check what your plan will pay for.
If you have a test	<u>Diagnostic test</u> (x-ray, blood work)	No charge	Not covered	None
	Imaging (CT/PET scans, MRIs)	No charge	Not covered	

Common		What You Will Pay		
Medical Event	Services You May Need	Participating Provider (You will pay the least)	Non-Participating Provider (You will pay the most)	Limitations, Exceptions, & Other Important Information
If you need drugs to	Generic – Your Lowest-Cost Option	\$5 <u>copay</u> / prescription retail \$10 <u>copay</u> / prescription mail order	Not covered	Participating Provider means pharmacy for purposes of this section. Retail: Up to a 30 day supply.  Mail-Order: Up to a 90 day supply. You may need to obtain certain
treat your illness or condition  More information about prescription drug coverage is available at www.optumrx.com/calpers	Brand – Your Midrange-Cost Option	\$20 <u>copay</u> / prescription retail \$40 <u>copay</u> / prescription mail order	Not covered	drugs, including certain specialty drugs, from a pharmacy designated by OptumRx. Certain preventive medications (including certain contraceptives) are covered at No charge.
or 1-855-505-8110.	Non-Formulary – Your Highest-Cost Option	\$50 <u>copay</u> / prescription retail \$100 <u>copay</u> / prescription mail order	Not covered	You may be required to use a lower-cost drug(s) prior to benefits under your policy being available for certain prescribed drugs. See the website listed for information on drugs covered by your plan.
If you have outpatient surgery	Facility fee (e.g., ambulatory surgery center)	No charge	Not covered	None
	Physician/surgeon fees	No charge	Not covered	
	Emergency room care	\$50 <u>copay</u> / visit	\$50 <u>copay</u> / visit	Copayment waived if admitted.
If you need immediate medical attention	Emergency medical transportation	No charge	No charge	None
	<u>Urgent care</u>	\$15 <u>copay</u> / visit	\$15 <u>copay</u> / visit	If you receive services in addition to <u>urgent care</u> , additional <u>copayments</u> or <u>coinsurance</u> may apply.
If you have a hospital stay	Facility fee (e.g., hospital room)	No charge	Not covered	None
	Physician/surgeon fees	No charge	Not covered	110110

Common		What You Will Pay		Limitations, Exceptions, & Other
Medical Event	Services You May Need	Participating Provider (You will pay the least)	Non-Participating Provider (You will pay the most)	Important Information
If you need mental health, behavioral health, or substance	Outpatient services	\$15 <u>copay</u> / office visit and No charge for all other outpatient services	Not covered	None
abuse services	Inpatient services	No charge	Not covered	
	Office visits No charge Not covered	Not covered	Cost sharing does not apply to certain preventive services. Routine pre-natal care and first postnatal	
If you are pregnant	Childbirth/delivery professional services	No charge	Not covered	visit is covered at No charge.  Depending on the type of services,
	Childbirth/delivery facility services	No charge	Not covered	additional <u>copayments</u> or <u>coinsurance</u> may apply. Maternity care may include tests and services described elsewhere in the SBC (i.e. ultrasound).
	Home health care	No charge	Not covered	None
If you need help	Rehabilitation services	\$15 <u>copay</u> / visit	Not covered	Coverage is limited to physical, occupational, and speech therapy.
recovering or have other special health needs	<u>Habilitative services</u>	Not covered	Not covered	No coverage for <u>Habilitative</u> <u>services</u> .
needs	Skilled nursing care	No charge	Not covered	Up to 100 days per benefit period.
	Durable medical equipment	No charge	Not covered	None
	Hospice services	No charge	Not covered	None
	Children's eye exam	No charge	Not covered	1 exam per year.
If your child needs dental or eye care	Children's glasses	Not covered	Not covered	None
demai or eye care	Children's dental check-up	Not covered	Not covered	No coverage for Dental check-ups.

#### **Excluded Services & Other Covered Services:**

### Services Your Plan Generally Does NOT Cover (Check your policy or plan document for more information and a list of any other excluded services.)

- Cosmetic surgery
- Dental care (Adult)

Long-term care

- Private-duty nursing
- Routine foot care

• Dental care (Child)

Non-emergency care when traveling outside the U.S.

### Other Covered Services (Limitations may apply to these services. This isn't a complete list. Please see your plan document.)

Habilitative services

- Acupuncture
- Bariatric surgeryChiropractic care

- Hearing aids
- Infertility treatment

- Routine eye care (Adult)
- Weight loss programs

Your Rights to Continue Coverage: There are agencies that can help if you want to continue your coverage after it ends. The contact information for those agencies are: Department of Managed Health Care California Help Center, 980 9th street Suite #500, Sacramento, CA 95814-4275 at 1-888-466-2219 or <a href="http://www.healthhelp.ca.gov">http://www.healthhelp.ca.gov</a>, or Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration at 1-866-444-EBSA (3272) or <a href="http://www.dol.gov/ebsa/healthreform">http://www.dol.gov/ebsa/healthreform</a>. Other coverage options may be available to you too, including buying individual insurance coverage through the <a href="health Insurance Marketplace">Health Insurance Marketplace</a>. For more information about the <a href="Marketplace">Marketplace</a>, visit <a href="https://www.HealthCare.gov">www.HealthCare.gov</a> or call 1-800-318-2596.

Your <u>Grievance</u> and <u>Appeals Rights</u>: There are agencies that can help if you have a complaint against your <u>plan</u> for a denial of a <u>claim</u>. This complaint is called a <u>grievance</u> or <u>appeal</u>. For more information about your rights, look at the explanation of benefits you will receive for that medical <u>claim</u>. Your <u>plan</u> documents also provide complete information to submit a <u>claim</u>, <u>appeal</u>, or a <u>grievance</u> for any reason to your <u>plan</u>. For more information about your rights, this notice, or assistance, contact: your human resource department, and the Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration at 1-866-444-EBSA (3272) or <a href="http://www.dol.gov/ebsa/healthreform">http://www.dol.gov/ebsa/healthreform</a>.

Additionally, a consumer assistance program may help you file your <u>appeal</u>. Contact Department of Managed Health Care California Help Center, 980 9th street Suite #500, Sacramento, CA 95814-4275 at 1-888-466-2219 or <a href="http://www.healthhelp.ca.gov">http://www.healthhelp.ca.gov</a>.

#### Does this plan provide Minimum Essential Coverage? Yes

If you don't have Minimum Essential Coverage for a month, you'll have to make a payment when you file your tax return unless you qualify for an exemption from the requirement that you have health coverage for that month.

#### Does this plan meet the Minimum Value Standards? Yes

If your <u>plan</u> doesn't meet the <u>Minimum Value Standards</u>, you may be eligible for a <u>premium tax credit</u> to help you pay for a <u>plan</u> through the <u>Marketplace</u>.

#### Language Access Services:

Spanish (Español): Para obtener asistencia en Español, llame al 1-800-624-8822.

Tagalog (Tagalog): Kung kailangan ninyo ang tulong sa Tagalog tumawag sa 1-800-624-8822.

Chinese (中文): 如果需要中文的帮助, 请拨打这个号码1-800-624-8822.

Navajo (Dine): Dinek'ehgo shika at'ohwol ninisingo, kwiijigo holne' 1-800-624-8822.

-----To see examples of how this <u>plan</u> might cover costs for a sample medical situation, see the next section.-----

#### **About these Coverage Examples:**



This is not a cost estimator. Treatments shown are just examples of how this plan might cover medical care. Your actual costs will be different depending on the actual care you receive, the prices your providers charge, and many other factors. Focus on the cost sharing amounts (deductibles, copayments and coinsurance) and excluded services under the plan. Use this information to compare the portion of costs you might pay under different health plans. Please note these coverage examples are based on self-only coverage.

### Peg is Having a Baby

(9 months of <u>participating provider</u> pre-natal care and a hospital delivery)

## Managing Joe's type 2 Diabetes

(a year of routine participating provider care of a well-controlled condition)

### Mia's Simple Fracture

(participating provider emergency room visit and follow up care)

The r	olan's	overall	<u>deductible</u>

- Specialist copayment
- Hospital (facility) copayment
- Other coinsurance

The <u>plan's</u> overall	deductible
---------------------------	------------

- Specialist copayment
- Hospital (facility) copayment
- Other coinsurance

\$0

\$15

\$0

0%

- The plan's overall deductible \$0
- Specialist copayment \$15
- Hospital (facility) copayment \$0 0%
- Other coinsurance

\$15

\$0

0%

\$7,400

#### This EXAMPLE event includes services like:

Specialist office visits (prenatal care) Childbirth/Delivery Professional Services Childbirth/Delivery Facility Services Diagnostic tests (ultrasounds and blood work)

Specialist visit (anesthesia)

#### This EXAMPLE event includes services like:

Primary care physician office visits (including disease education)

**Total Example Cost** 

Diagnostic tests (blood work)

Prescription drugs

Durable medical equipment (glucose meter)

#### This EXAMPLE event includes services like:

Emergency room care (including medical supplies)

Diagnostic test (x-ray)

**Total Example Cost** 

Durable medical equipment (crutches)

Rehabilitation services (physical therapy)

#### **Total Example Cost** \$12,800

### In this example, Peg would pay:

Cost Sharing		
Deductibles	\$0	
Copayments	\$20	
Coinsurance	\$0	
What isn't covered		
Limits or exclusions \$60		
The total Peg would pay is \$		

### In this example, Joe would pay:

Cost Sharing		
Deductibles	\$0	
Copayments	\$700	
Coinsurance	\$0	
What isn't covered		
Limits or exclusions	\$30	
The total Joe would pay is	\$730	

In this example, Mia would pay:		
Cost Sharing		
Deductibles	\$0	
Copayments	\$100	
Coinsurance	\$0	
What isn't covered		
Limits or exclusions \$		
The total Mia would pay is \$10		

Note: These numbers assume the patient does not participate in the <u>plan's</u> wellness program. If you participate in the <u>plan's</u> wellness program, you may be able to reduce your costs. For more information about the wellness program, please contact: 1-877-359-3714.

\$1,900

#### The company does not treat members differently because of sex, age, race, color, disability or national origin.

If you think you were treated unfairly because of your sex, age, race, color, disability or national origin, you can send a complaint to the Civil Rights Coordinator.

- o Online: UHC\_Civil\_Rights@uhc.com
- o Mail: Civil Rights Coordinator. UnitedHealthcare Civil Rights Grievance. P.O. Box30608, Salt Lake City, UT 84130

You must send the complaint within 60 days of when you found out about it. A decision will be sent to you within 30 days. If you disagree with the decision, you have 15 days to ask us to look at it again. If you need help with your complaint, please call the member toll-free phone number listed on your ID card.

You can also file a complaint with the U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services Office of Civil Rights.

o Online: https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf

Complaint forms are available at http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html.

- o **Phone**: Toll-free 1-800-368-1019, 1-800-537-7697 (TDD)
- o Mail: U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services. 200 Independence Avenue. SW Room 509F, HHH Building, Washington, D.C. 20201

We provide free services to help you communicate with us. Such as, letters in other languages or large print. Or, you can ask for an interpreter. To ask for help, please call the member toll-free phone number listed on your ID card.

ATENCIÓN: Si habla español (Spanish), hay servicios de asistencia de idiomas, sin cargo, a su disposición. Llame al número de teléfono gratuito que aparece en su tarjeta de identificación.

請注意:如果您說中文 (Chinese), 我們免費您您提供語言協助服務。請撥打會員卡所列的免付費會員電話號碼。

XIN LƯU Ý: Nếu quý vị nói tiếng Việt (Vietnamese), quý vị sẽ được cung cấp dịch vụ trợ giúp về ngôn ngữ miễn phí. Vui lòng gọi số điện thoại miễn phí ở mặt sau thẻ hội viên của quý vị.

알림: 한국어(Korean)를 사용하시는 경우 언어 지원 서비스를 무료로 이용하실 수 있습니다. 귀하의 신분증 카드에 기재된 무료 회원 전화번호로 문의하십시오.

PAALALA: Kung nagsasalita ka ng Tagalog (Tagalog), may makukuha kang mga libreng serbisyo ng tulong sa wika. Pakitawagan ang toll-free na numero ng telepono na nasa iyong identification card.

ВНИМАНИЕ: бесплатные услуги перевода доступны для людей, чей родной язык является русском (Russian). Позвоните по бесплатному номеру телефона, указанному на вашей идентификационной карте.

ATANSYON: Si w pale Kreyòl ayisyen (Haitian Creole), ou kapab benefisye sèvis ki gratis pou ede w nan lang pa w. Tanpri rele nimewo gratis ki sou kat idantifikasyon w.

ATTENTION : Si vous parlez français (French), des services d'aide linguistique vous sont proposés gratuitement. Veuillez appeler le numéro de téléphone gratuit figurant sur votre carte d'identification.

UWAGA: Jeżeli mówisz po polsku (Polish), udostępniliśmy darmowe usługi tłumacza. Prosimy zadzwonić pod bezpłatny numer telefonu podany na karcie identyfikacyjnej.

ATENÇÃO: Se você fala português (Portuguese), contate o serviço de assistência de idiomas gratuito. Ligue gratuitamente para o número encontrado no seu cartão de identificação.

ATTENZIONE: in caso la lingua parlata sia l'italiano (Italian), sono disponibili servizi di assistenza linguistica gratuiti. Per favore chiamate il numero di telefono verde indicato sulla vostra tessera identificativa.

ACHTUNG: Falls Sie Deutsch (German) sprechen, stehen Ihnen kostenlos sprachliche Hilfsdienstleistungen zur Verfügung. Bitte rufen Sie die gebührenfreie Rufnummer auf der Rückseite Ihres Mitgliedsausweises an.

注意事項:日本語 (Japanese) を話される場合、無料の言語支援サービスをご利用いただけます。健康保険証に記載されているフリーダイヤルにお電話ください。

توجه: اگر زبان شما **فارسی (Farsi)** است، خدمات امداد زبانی به طور رایگان در اختیار شما می باشد. لطفا با شماره تلفن رایگانی که روی کارت شناسایی شما قید شده تماس بگیرید.

ध्यान दें: यदि आप हिंदी (Hindi) बोलते है, आपको भाषा सहायता सेबाएं, नि:शुल्क उपलब्ध हैं। कृपया अपने पहचान पत्र पर सूचीबद्ध टोल-फ्री फोन नंबर पर कॉल करें। CEEB TOOM: Yog koj hais Lus Hmoob (Hmong), muaj kev pab txhais lus pub dawb rau koj. Thov hu rau tus xov tooj hu deb dawb uas teev muaj nyob rau ntawm koj daim yuaj cim qhia tus kheej.

ចំណាប់អារម្មណ៍ៈ បើសិនអ្នកនិយាយភាសាខ្មែរ (Khmer) សេ្វាជំនួយភាសាដោយឥតគិតថ្លៃ គឺមានសំរាប់អ្នក។ សូមទូរស័ព្ទទៅលេខឥតគិតថ្លៃ ដែលមាននៅលើអត្តសញ្ញាណប័ណ្ណរបស់ អ្នក។

PAKDAAR: Nu saritaem ti Ilocano (Ilocano), ti serbisyo para ti baddang ti lengguahe nga awanan bayadna, ket sidadaan para kenyam. Maidawat nga awagan iti toll-free a numero ti telepono nga nakalista ayan iti identification card mo.

DÍÍ BAA'ÁKONÍNÍZIN: Diné (Navajo) bizaad bee yániłti'go, saad bee áka'anída'awo'ígíí, t'áá jíík'eh, bee ná'ahóót'i'. T'áá shǫǫdí ninaaltsoos nitl'izí bee nééhozinígíí bine'déé' t'áá jíík'ehgo béésh bee hane'í biká'ígíí bee hodíilnih.

OGOW: Haddii aad ku hadasho Soomaali (Somali), adeegyada taageerada luqadda, oo bilaash ah, ayaad heli kartaa. Fadlan wac lambarka telefonka khadka bilaashka ee ku yaalla kaarkaaga aqoonsiga.

## Glossary of Health Coverage and Medical Terms

- This glossary defines many commonly used terms, but isn't a full list. These glossary terms and definitions are intended to be educational and may be different from the terms and definitions in your plan or health insurance policy. Some of these terms also might not have exactly the same meaning when used in your policy or <u>plan</u>, and in any case, the policy or <u>plan</u> governs. (See your Summary of Benefits and Coverage for information on how to get a copy of your policy or <u>plan</u> document.)
- <u>Underlined</u> text indicates a term defined in this Glossary.
- See page 6 for an example showing how <u>deductibles</u>, <u>coinsurance</u> and <u>out-of-pocket limits</u> work together in a real life situation.

#### Allowed Amount

This is the maximum payment the plan will pay for a covered health care service. May also be called "eligible expense", "payment allowance", or "negotiated rate".

### Appeal

A request that your health insurer or plan review a decision that denies a benefit or payment (either in whole or in part).

### Balance Billing

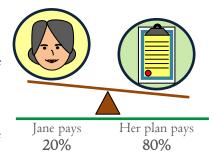
When a <u>provider</u> bills you for the balance remaining on the bill that your plan doesn't cover. This amount is the difference between the actual billed amount and the allowed amount. For example, if the provider's charge is \$200 and the allowed amount is \$110, the provider may bill you for the remaining \$90. This happens most often when you see an out-of-network provider (non-preferred provider). A network provider (preferred provider) may not bill you for covered services.

#### Claim

A request for a benefit (including reimbursement of a health care expense) made by you or your health care provider to your health insurer or plan for items or services you think are covered.

#### Coinsurance

Your share of the costs of a covered health care service, calculated as a percentage (for example, 20%) of the allowed amount for the service. You generally pay coinsurance *plus* 



(See page 6 for a detailed example.) any <u>deductibles</u> you owe. (For example, if the <u>health</u> insurance or plan's allowed amount for an office visit is \$100 and you've met your <u>deductible</u>, your coinsurance payment of 20% would be \$20. The health insurance or <u>plan</u> pays the rest of the allowed amount.)

#### Complications of Pregnancy

Conditions due to pregnancy, labor, and delivery that require medical care to prevent serious harm to the health of the mother or the fetus. Morning sickness and a nonemergency caesarean section generally aren't complications of pregnancy.

#### Copayment

A fixed amount (for example, \$15) you pay for a covered health care service, usually when you receive the service. The amount can vary by the type of covered health care service.

### Cost Sharing

Your share of costs for services that a plan covers that you must pay out of your own pocket (sometimes called "out-of-pocket costs"). Some examples of cost sharing are copayments, deductibles, and coinsurance. Family cost sharing is the share of cost for deductibles and out-<u>of-pocket</u> costs you and your spouse and/or child(ren) must pay out of your own pocket. Other costs, including your premiums, penalties you may have to pay, or the cost of care a plan doesn't cover usually aren't considered cost sharing.

### Cost-sharing Reductions

Discounts that reduce the amount you pay for certain services covered by an individual <u>plan</u> you buy through the Marketplace. You may get a discount if your income is below a certain level, and you choose a Silver level health plan or if you're a member of a federallyrecognized tribe, which includes being a shareholder in an Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act corporation.

#### Deductible

An amount you could owe during a coverage period (usually one year) for covered health care services before your plan begins to pay. An overall deductible applies to all or almost all covered items and services. A plan with an overall deductible may



Jane pays 100%

Her plan pays 0%

(See page 6 for a detailed example.)

also have separate deductibles that apply to specific services or groups of services. A <u>plan</u> may also have only separate deductibles. (For example, if your deductible is \$1000, your plan won't pay anything until you've met your \$1000 deductible for covered health care services subject to the deductible.)

### Diagnostic Test

Tests to figure out what your health problem is. For example, an x-ray can be a diagnostic test to see if you have a broken bone.

### Durable Medical Equipment (DME)

Equipment and supplies ordered by a health care <u>provider</u> for everyday or extended use. DME may include: oxygen equipment, wheelchairs, and crutches.

### Emergency Medical Condition

An illness, injury, symptom (including severe pain), or condition severe enough to risk serious danger to your health if you didn't get medical attention right away. If you didn't get immediate medical attention you could reasonably expect one of the following: I) Your health would be put in serious danger; or 2) You would have serious problems with your bodily functions; or 3) You would have serious damage to any part or organ of your body.

### **Emergency Medical Transportation**

Ambulance services for an <u>emergency medical condition</u>. Types of emergency medical transportation may include transportation by air, land, or sea. Your <u>plan</u> may not cover all types of emergency medical transportation, or may pay less for certain types.

### Emergency Room Care / Emergency Services

Services to check for an <u>emergency medical condition</u> and treat you to keep an <u>emergency medical condition</u> from getting worse. These services may be provided in a licensed hospital's emergency room or other place that provides care for <u>emergency medical conditions</u>.

#### **Excluded Services**

Health care services that your <u>plan</u> doesn't pay for or cover.

### Formulary

A list of drugs your <u>plan</u> covers. A formulary may include how much your share of the cost is for each drug. Your <u>plan</u> may put drugs in different <u>cost sharing</u> levels or tiers. For example, a formulary may include generic drug and brand name drug tiers and different <u>cost sharing</u> amounts will apply to each tier.

#### Grievance

A complaint that you communicate to your health insurer or <u>plan</u>.

#### Habilitation Services

Health care services that help a person keep, learn or improve skills and functioning for daily living. Examples include therapy for a child who isn't walking or talking at the expected age. These services may include physical and occupational therapy, speech-language pathology, and other services for people with disabilities in a variety of inpatient and/or outpatient settings.

#### Health Insurance

A contract that requires a health insurer to pay some or all of your health care costs in exchange for a <u>premium</u>. A health insurance contract may also be called a "policy" or "<u>plan</u>".

#### Home Health Care

Health care services and supplies you get in your home under your doctor's orders. Services may be provided by nurses, therapists, social workers, or other licensed health care <u>providers</u>. Home health care usually doesn't include help with non-medical tasks, such as cooking, cleaning, or driving.

### Hospice Services

Services to provide comfort and support for persons in the last stages of a terminal illness and their families.

### Hospitalization

Care in a hospital that requires admission as an inpatient and usually requires an overnight stay. Some <u>plans</u> may consider an overnight stay for observation as outpatient care instead of inpatient care.

### Hospital Outpatient Care

Care in a hospital that usually doesn't require an overnight stay.

### Individual Responsibility Requirement

Sometimes called the "individual mandate", the duty you may have to be enrolled in health coverage that provides minimum essential coverage. If you don't have minimum essential coverage, you may have to pay a penalty when you file your federal income tax return unless you qualify for a health coverage exemption.

#### In-network Coinsurance

Your share (for example, 20%) of the <u>allowed amount</u> for covered healthcare services. Your share is usually lower for in-<u>network</u> covered services.

#### In-network Copayment

A fixed amount (for example, \$15) you pay for covered health care services to <u>providers</u> who contract with your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. In-network copayments usually are less than <u>out-of-network copayments</u>.

### Marketplace

A marketplace for <u>health insurance</u> where individuals, families and small businesses can learn about their <u>plan</u> options; compare plans based on costs, benefits and other important features; apply for and receive financial help with <u>premiums</u> and <u>cost sharing</u> based on income; and choose a <u>plan</u> and enroll in coverage. Also known as an "Exchange". The Marketplace is run by the state in some states and by the federal government in others. In some states, the Marketplace also helps eligible consumers enroll in other programs, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP). Available online, by phone, and in-person.

### Maximum Out-of-pocket Limit

Yearly amount the federal government sets as the most each individual or family can be required to pay in <u>cost sharing</u> during the <u>plan</u> year for covered, in-<u>network</u> services. Applies to most types of health <u>plans</u> and insurance. This amount may be higher than the <u>out-of-pocket limits</u> stated for your <u>plan</u>.

### Medically Necessary

Health care services or supplies needed to prevent, diagnose, or treat an illness, injury, condition, disease, or its symptoms, including habilitation, and that meet accepted standards of medicine.

### Minimum Essential Coverage

Health coverage that will meet the <u>individual</u> responsibility requirement. Minimum essential coverage generally includes <u>plans</u>, <u>health insurance</u> available through the <u>Marketplace</u> or other individual market policies, Medicare, Medicaid, CHIP, TRICARE, and certain other coverage.

#### Minimum Value Standard

A basic standard to measure the percent of permitted costs the <u>plan</u> covers. If you're offered an employer <u>plan</u> that pays for at least 60% of the total allowed costs of benefits, the <u>plan</u> offers minimum value and you may not qualify for <u>premium tax credits</u> and <u>cost sharing reductions</u> to buy a <u>plan</u> from the <u>Marketplace</u>.

#### Network

The facilities, <u>providers</u> and suppliers your health insurer or <u>plan</u> has contracted with to provide health care services.

### Network Provider (Preferred Provider)

A <u>provider</u> who has a contract with your <u>health insurer</u> or <u>plan</u> who has agreed to provide services to members of a <u>plan</u>. You will pay less if you see a <u>provider</u> in the <u>network</u>. Also called "preferred provider" or "participating provider."

#### Orthotics and Prosthetics

Leg, arm, back and neck braces, artificial legs, arms, and eyes, and external breast prostheses after a mastectomy. These services include: adjustment, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition.

#### Out-of-network Coinsurance

Your share (for example, 40%) of the <u>allowed amount</u> for covered health care services to <u>providers</u> who don't contract with your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. Out-of-network coinsurance usually costs you more than <u>innetwork coinsurance</u>.

### Out-of-network Copayment

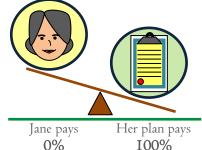
A fixed amount (for example, \$30) you pay for covered health care services from <u>providers</u> who do **not** contract with your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. Out-of-network copayments usually are more than <u>in-network</u> <u>copayments</u>.

# Out-of-network Provider (Non-Preferred Provider)

A <u>provider</u> who doesn't have a contract with your <u>plan</u> to provide services. If your <u>plan</u> covers out-of-network services, you'll usually pay more to see an out-of-network provider than a <u>preferred provider</u>. Your policy will explain what those costs may be. May also be called "non-preferred" or "non-particiapting" instead of "out-of-network provider".

### Out-of-pocket Limit

The most you *could* pay during a coverage period (usually one year) for your share of the costs of covered services. After you meet this limit the <u>plan</u> will usually pay 100% of the



(See page 6 for a detailed example.)

allowed amount. This limit helps you plan for health care costs. This limit never includes your premium, balance-billed charges or health care your plan doesn't cover. Some plans don't count all of your copayments, deductibles, coinsurance payments, out-of-network payments, or other expenses toward this limit.

### Physician Services

Health care services a licensed medical physician, including an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine), provides or coordinates.

#### Plan

Health coverage issued to you directly (individual plan) or through an employer, union or other group sponsor (employer group plan) that provides coverage for certain health care costs. Also called "health insurance plan", "policy", "health insurance policy" or "health insurance".

#### Preauthorization

A decision by your health insurer or <u>plan</u> that a health care service, treatment plan, <u>prescription drug</u> or <u>durable medical equipment (DME)</u> is <u>medically necessary</u>. Sometimes called prior authorization, prior approval or precertification. Your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u> may require preauthorization for certain services before you receive them, except in an emergency. Preauthorization isn't a promise your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u> will cover the cost.

#### Premium

The amount that must be paid for your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. You and/or your employer usually pay it monthly, quarterly, or yearly.

#### Premium Tax Credits

Financial help that lowers your taxes to help you and your family pay for private <u>health insurance</u>. You can get this help if you get <u>health insurance</u> through the <u>Marketplace</u> and your income is below a certain level. Advance payments of the tax credit can be used right away to lower your monthly <u>premium</u> costs.

#### Prescription Drug Coverage

Coverage under a <u>plan</u> that helps pay for <u>prescription</u> <u>drugs</u>. If the plan's <u>formulary</u> uses "tiers" (levels), prescription drugs are grouped together by type or cost. The amount you'll pay in <u>cost sharing</u> will be different for each "tier" of covered <u>prescription drugs</u>.

### Prescription Drugs

Drugs and medications that by law require a prescription.

### Preventive Care (Preventive Service)

Routine health care, including <u>screenings</u>, check-ups, and patient counseling, to prevent or discover illness, disease, or other health problems.

### Primary Care Physician

A physician, including an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine), who provides or coordinates a range of health care services for you.

### Primary Care Provider

A physician, including an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine), nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or physician assistant, as allowed under state law and the terms of the plan, who provides, coordinates, or helps you access a range of health care services.

#### Provider

An individual or facility that provides health care services. Some examples of a provider include a doctor, nurse, chiropractor, physician assistant, hospital, surgical center, skilled nursing facility, and rehabilitation center. The <u>plan</u> may require the provider to be licensed, certified, or accredited as required by state law.

#### Reconstructive Surgery

Surgery and follow-up treatment needed to correct or improve a part of the body because of birth defects, accidents, injuries, or medical conditions.

#### Referral

A written order from your <u>primary care provider</u> for you to see a <u>specialist</u> or get certain health care services. In many health maintenance organizations (HMOs), you need to get a referral before you can get health care services from anyone except your <u>primary care provider</u>. If you don't get a referral first, the <u>plan</u> may not pay for the services.

#### Rehabilitation Services

Health care services that help a person keep, get back, or improve skills and functioning for daily living that have been lost or impaired because a person was sick, hurt, or disabled. These services may include physical and occupational therapy, speech-language pathology, and psychiatric rehabilitation services in a variety of inpatient and/or outpatient settings.

#### Screening

A type of preventive care that includes tests or exams to detect the presence of something, usually performed when you have no symptoms, signs, or prevailing medical history of a disease or condition.

### Skilled Nursing Care

Services performed or supervised by licensed nurses in your home or in a nursing home. Skilled nursing care is **not** the same as "skilled care services", which are services performed by therapists or technicians (rather than licensed nurses) in your home or in a nursing home.

### Specialist

A <u>provider</u> focusing on a specific area of medicine or a group of patients to diagnose, manage, prevent, or treat certain types of symptoms and conditions.

### Specialty Drug

A type of <u>prescription drug</u> that, in general, requires special handling or ongoing monitoring and assessment by a health care professional, or is relatively difficult to dispense. Generally, specialty drugs are the most expensive drugs on a <u>formulary</u>.

#### UCR (Usual, Customary and Reasonable)

The amount paid for a medical service in a geographic area based on what <u>providers</u> in the area usually charge for the same or similar medical service. The UCR amount sometimes is used to determine the <u>allowed amount</u>.

### Urgent Care

Care for an illness, injury, or condition serious enough that a reasonable person would seek care right away, but not so severe as to require <u>emergency room care</u>.

# **How You and Your Insurer Share Costs - Example**

Out-of-Pocket Limit: \$5,000 Jane's Plan Deductible: \$1,500 Coinsurance: 20%

January 1st Beginning of Coverage Period

December 31<sup>st</sup> End of Coverage Period



Jane pays 100%

Her plan pays 0%

### Jane hasn't reached her \$1,500 deductible yet

Her plan doesn't pay any of the costs. Office visit costs: \$125 Jane pays: \$125 Her plan pays: \$0











Jane pays 20%

Her <u>plan</u> pays 80%

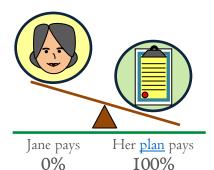


more costs









#### Jane reaches her \$5,000 out-of-pocket limit

Jane has seen the doctor often and paid \$5,000 in total. Her plan pays the full cost of her covered health care services for the rest of the year.

> Office visit costs: \$125 Jane pays: \$0

Her plan pays: \$125

## Jane reaches her \$1,500 deductible, coinsurance begins

Jane has seen a doctor several times and paid \$1,500 in total, reaching her deductible. So her plan pays some of the costs for her next visit.

Office visit costs: \$125

Jane pays: 20% of \$125 = \$25Her plan pays: 80% of \$125 = \$100